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PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE WAR!

PARIS INVESTED!

All Communication Cut!

TOURS, GOVERNMENT SEAT,

Seriously Threatened!

EXPECTED INTERNAL TROUBLE!

The Efforts for Peace!

THIERS GONE TO RUSSIA!

Fighting Before Paris!

A SEVERE ENGAGEMENT!

Great Demonstration

FOR THE REPUBLIC IN LONDON!

Great Distress in France!

EARNEST APPEAL FOR AID!

Interesting from Italy!

ETERNAL CITY BESIEGED!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FROM LONDON.

EXTRAORDINARY REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE.

LONDON, September 20.—The Democratic demonstration of the people of London last night in Trafalgar Square was one of the greatest popular assemblages ever seen in the British Capital. For nearly two hours the streets leading to Clerkenwell, Bethnal Green and Holborn, were alive to successive processions of Workingmen's Societies and Democratic Associations of the metropolis. Each body of men as it advanced along the crowded thoroughfares, preceded by bands of music and illuminated by torches and transparencies, was followed by repeated cheers from the people who thronged the sidewalks. Many houses and shops on the line of procession were illuminated, and from the windows of many others were displayed in gaslights the flags of France, England and America. No less than thirty American flags were conspicuously displayed along the Strand between [illegible] and Trafalgar Square. [illegible]

[illegible]

FEELING IN BADEN.

The feeling in Baden is extremely revolutionary. [illegible]

PRUSSIAN MARINE ARTILLERY.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. Pietri, the former Prefect of the Paris police, under the ministry of Ollivier, has written a letter to the London Standard, in which he denies that the Emperor Napoleon misappropriated any of the public funds during his reign, and declares that he has not a centime invested in the funds of a foreign State. The data embraced in M. Pietrie's communication has evidently been inspired by authority.

M. HENRY ROCHEFORT.

Henri Rochefort, who has been assigned to the command of the barricades of Paris, is busily at work organizing a complete system of the defenses throughout the exposed quarters, thus forming a second or interior enciente entirely around the city.

The French Institute has protested against the eventual bombardment as imperilling libraries, monuments and museums.

Almost all the troops who have gone out of Paris are harrassing the enemy dreadfully.

The National Guards man the ramparts.

Trifling engagements have taken place near Fort D'Ivry.

The Crown Prince is advancing towards Fontainbleau.

RUSSIA PREPARING.

A Berlin correspondent of the Manchester *Examiner* states that Russia is preparing for war, doubtless upon Prussia. She protests against the annexation of Lorraine to Germany.

ENERGETIC FOR DEFENCE.

Berlin dispatches state that the Parisians are energetic in their preparations for defence. The bomb-proof forts at St. Denis have been strengthened and the works protected by the inundation of the Seine from assault by the enemy. Strong earthworks have been cast up at St. Denis, Blaine and Clamart. New forts have been built at Montratoul and new works at St. Cloud and Susennes, which communicate by railway, protected by the guns of D'Ivry.

AN IMPERIAL ORGAN.

A new Imperial organ appears here this forenoon, and contains an able editorial contending that the Provisional Government is unauthorized, as a plebiscite is necessary to destroy the Empire, and urges the convening of an Imperial Corps Legislatif in some part of France.

MOVEMENTS OF THE GERMANS.

A telegram from Tours announces that a Prussian corps, number unknown, appeared in the plains between Champlain and Wissons. They were repulsed and forced to fall back on Montchase and Arpajon.

LATEST FROM STRASBURG.

Advices have been received from Strasburg up to Monday. The cannon of the garrison was nearly quiet. Gen. Ulrich, the commander, has been badly wounded. His office and headquarters have been removed to the cellar of the Prefecture of Police.

A vote taken by the people of the city on the subject of surrendering, was decided by a large majority to continue the defense to the last.

WILLING TO TREAT.

LONDON, September 20.—The *Times* Berlin correspondent confirms the Prussian readiness to treat with any French government which is capable of making and guaranteeing a peace.

BARRICADES IN PARIS.

Barricades are rapidly forming at Paris inside the fortifications.

LYONS IN A STATE OF DEFENSE.

Lyons is in a state of defense. Many troops are posted there.

HORRIBLE SUFFERING AT THE SEAT OF WAR.

Colonel G. Seymour and Carleton, of the British army, who are with the armies now operating in France, attest the horrible suffering at the seat of war. Soldiers and peasantry are perishing from starvation; women are violated, dead outraged, and prisoners famished.

NOT CREDITED.

No faith is placed in the statement that Russia objects to the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine to Germany.

POLICE IN ALSACE AND LORRAINE.

LONDON, September 20.—The Prussians have distributed a large armed police force throughout Alsace and Lorraine.

OUTBREAKS QUELLED.

Advices from Nice and Menton represent the outbreaks there entirely quelled.

WHY STEINMETZ WAS RELIEVED.

Gen Von Steinmetz was relieved of command so as to leave Prince Frederick Charles the sole credit of reducing Metz. The General has been appointed Governor of Posen and Silesia.

LOCAL UPRISINGS IN FRANCE.

LONDON, September 20—*Evening*.—Rumors circulate here of a local uprising in France against the Prussians. London morning and evening journals of to-day have no news from Paris.

[Cable Special to the Herald.]

THE FIGHT AT VISSOUX—PEACE HOPES.

LONDON, September 20.—A telegraphic dispatch from Orleans, Sept. 20th, says: An engagement took place at Vissoux. Twenty-five thousand French massed near the northerly part of the town, were attacked by fifteen thousand Prussians. The French were covered by French artillery, but after considerable loss they recrossed the river in good order and fell back on another army corps.

Favorable result is expected from the mission of Jules Favre and it is believed conditions of peace will be [illegible] the cessation of hostilities.

[Cable Special to N. Y. Times.]

THE PEACE QUESTION.

LONDON, September 20.—Colonel Frank Moore, of the American Legation at Paris, arrived in London this morning with important dispatches to the American Legation here. He returns this evening. The dispatches are said to have connection with the peace question.

[Cable Special to N. Y. Times.]

THE REPORTS CONCERNING RUSSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from Berlin to the Manchester *Examiner* says the report of Russia's arming is regarded here as simply sensational.

The Eastern Budget, Count Beust's London organ, [illegible] which says the reports that Russia has protested against any diminution of the French territory is untrue.

I can distinctly state there are no signs of extraordinary activity in the military department here. The troops are all stationed in their usual garrisons, and even the force in Poland has not been increased. No one believes Russia will take an active part in the present war. The feeling towards France, however, is very favorable.

GEN. CLUSERT CAUSING TROUBLE.

Gen. Cluseret is placarding the walls of Paris with inflammatory addresses against the government.

LYONS WILL DEFEND TO THE LAST.

Resolutions have been passed by the Government of Lyons that in case of surrender by Paris, here the right to capitulate shall not be recognized by that city as to Lyons, and that the people will defend the country to the last man.

INCOME OF NAPOLEON.

Paris papers compute the personal income of Napoleon at [illegible] francs.

THE ROMAN PLEBISCITUM.

Dispatches from Florence say the Chambers will shortly convene in that city to receive the plebiscitum of the Romans.

CABLE CUT BY THE FRENCH.

The submarine cable between Prussia and Sweden has been cut by the French.

THIERS' CONFIDENCE IN HIS MISSION.

The Tribune correspondent telegraphs from Tours, 20th: Thiers declares himself satisfied of the London mission, and expects equal success in Russia. He affirms the opinion in England was much more favorable to France on his departure than on his arrival. Lyons occupies a chateau two miles from Tours.

DISTRESS IN FRANCE—APPEAL FOR AID.

A Tribune special dispatch from Briey, 11th, says: The distress is so great in the Department of the Moselle, Meurthe and Ardennes, that the authorities have prepared an appeal for aid to all neutral nations, especially America and England, saying: [illegible]

The appeal is signed by the mayors and other civil and ecclesiastical authorities of the numerous villages and towns between Metz, Nancy and Sedan.

[Cable Special to the Tribune.]

PRUSSIA WILL NOT DICTATE A GOVERNMENT FOR FRANCE.

LONDON, September 20.—A dispatch from Count Bismarck, dated the 16th, [illegible]

POSITION OF RUSSIA.

I have authority to say the reported Russian protest against the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine is wholly unfounded. [illegible] he was quite aware of this, but he could wait.

FROM PRUSSIA.

KING WILLIAM PETITIONED.

BERLIN, September 20.—The Chambers of Commerce of Dantzig have petitioned the King to issue a decree declaring the blockade invalid.

A large force has been sent to Alsace and Lorraine, where the German government has been established.

[Special to N. Y. Telegram.]

THE CZAR CONGRATULATES QUEEN AUGUSTA—CARE OF THE WOUNDED—[illegible]—NAPOLEON REVOKES THE REGENCY.

BERLIN, September 20.—Queen Augusta yesterday received a letter written by the Emperor of Russia warmly congratulating Her Majesty [illegible]

The Crown Princess, with the Queen, devote all their time [illegible] the palace to women employed in the preparation of bandages, making lint and other articles for use in the hospital.

There is no foundation whatever for the statement of English newspaper correspondents that the King of Prussia will treat for terms of peace only with Napoleon. It is, however, the determined policy that German troops will hold possession of points already gained until such time as terms of peace, if settled upon, shall be ratified by Chambers regularly elected.

Letters from Cassel state that ex-Emperor Napoleon has formally revoked the decree by which the Empress assumed the regency in Paris.

BISMARCK WILL SEE FAVRE.

BERLIN, September 20.—The *North German Gazette* says Bismarck consents to see Favre, promising, however, that Germany is not disposed to intermeddle in the internal affairs of France. The German States are ready to recognize the Republic, when they are sure the French people prefer that form of government, but to protect military operations it is necessary to recognize in the territory occupied the authorities left by the Empire. Moreover, it is still unknown whether Bazaine recognizes the republic and government at Paris. Indeed, it is reported he expressly disavows both.

NAVIGATION STILL DANGEROUS.

BERLIN, September 20.—The German Government has officially notified the Great Powers that though the blockade has been raised, the navigation of the Baltic and North Seas and approaches to German ports are dangerous, on account of the removal of the usual lights and buoys.

PROTESTING AGAINST BLOCKADE.

The merchants of Dantzig have protested against the French blockade of that port, no men-of-war being near there to enforce it.

A LETTER FROM BISMARCK—HE CORRECTS THE "ROMANCES" OF BOHEMIANS.

BERLIN, September 20.—A letter from Count Bismarck of the 11th says:

"The next phase of this wonderful war will be the investment and in time, it is hoped, the occupation of Paris, and all hope of successful resistance being then over, after that must be peace. The Government of France, or those in power, whoever they may be, cannot desire further slaughter, when all that will be required of them will be to give certain absolute guarantees that the peace of Europe will not again be disturbed by ambitious aspirants or the desires of their people, and that the miseries which they themselves have brought upon the two nations may never again be repeated. I see I am paraded in the columns of several journals as having stated what these guarantees must be and must not be. Of course these statements are mainly romances. When approached by gentlemen of the press I generally give them civil answers. Their imagination does the rest. You know what guarantees are necessary to secure a lasting peace. It is rather a military than political question. No overtures of peace can be well received until the army is before Paris. But the safety of Germany and the peace of the world secured, Germany will not oppose the termination of the war, from which she will never retire until the legitimate aspirations of her children are secured and Germany safe from future cruel and unnecessary slaughter."

[Cable Special to N. Y. Tribune.]

ALL THE RESERVES WITH THEIR REGIMENTS—THE CORPS AT TOUL—STRASBURG AND METZ—THE SEDAN CAPITULATION—THE RINDERPEST SPREADING—THE BONAPARTE DYNASTY—GENS. SHERIDAN AND FORSYTHE—REORGANIZATION OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—All the reserves have reached their regiments. The corps gone to storm Toul is under the Duke of Mecklenburg.

Uhrich, at Strasburg, being a Bonapartist, has greatly relaxed his zeal since the Republic was proclaimed.

There are no signs of the capitulation of Metz.

The final official figures of the capitulation of Sedan are thirty-nine Generals, two hundred and thirty staff officers, two thousand and ninety-five line officers, besides five hundred officers of various grades discharged on parole. 83,433 privates surrendered and were transported into Germany. 28,000 were made prisoners during the battle. 3000 escaped into Belgium. 20,000 were killed and wounded. Total 130,000.

Mitchel, of the *Constitutionnel*, and Paul de Cassagnac are at Brest.

The cattle plague is still spreading with alarming rapidity. Cases are reported at Rheims and Nancy.

Communication is uninterrupted by rail from Homburg in Palatinate to Nancy. The branch road building around Metz, connecting Saarbruck, Pont-a-Mousson and Nancy, is nearly finished.

Heavy siege guns, needed at Paris, cannot be carried forward until Toul is reduced.

There is strong opposition among the German liberals to restoring the Napoleon dynasty. The tone at headquarters is indicated by a letter from Gen. Forsyth, received yesterday, saying: "It is hard to tell what Crown Prussia can treat with after reaching Paris. Not with the Republic, for that is a private Parisian arrangement." Gens. Forsyth and Sheridan continue to receive assiduous attention from Bismarck.

Minister Del Bruck has left the King's headquarters for Munich, where the future organization of Germany will be further discussed. The question is whether the South German States shall simply proclaim adhesion to the North German Confederation, under the existing constitution, or whether a constituent assembly shall be called, and a new constitution adopted for both North and South. Bismarck prefers the former.

FROM FRANCE.

TOWNS EVACUATED.

TOURS, September 20.—The following news has just been made public by the Ministry: The Sub-Prefect telegraphs that the Germans have evacuated Belfort, going to Barthebein and Einsheim.

RECONNOISSANCE BY THE GERMANS.

Advices from Paris to Sunday evening are to the effect that the Prussians made a reconnoisance near Joinville, when an engagement occurred with the French sharpshooters, who were posted on the opposite side of the bank of the Marne, in which the Prussians were defeated and driven off.

At midnight sharp firing was heard near Courgel for two hours.

Versailles has been occupied by German Uhlans.

It is understood that the Germans will make their headquarters at Versailles permanently.

The government has decided on the immediate construction of a complete system of barricades in Paris.

The *Pays* says: The army at Lyons is incorporating the African recruits. The organization is progressing rapidly. This army is designed to operate in the departments of the East. Detachments have already gone forward to Besancton, in the Vosges.

The Prussians have threatened with death all who attempt to repair the railways they destroy.

THE LATE NAPOLEONIC MOVEMENTS.

The *Constitutionnel* gives the following history of the diplomatic movement: England took the initiative, charging the Prussian Minister at London with certain propositions. The Minister transmitted these to the headquarters of King William. Some days passed without an answer. Lord Lyons, English Minister to France, then interposed, during which time the answer of King William reached London, which was to the effect that whereas the great powers did not succeed in preventing France from declaring war against Prussia, the latter now demands her right to treat directly with France; but as France has no regular government, Prussia can have no certainty that the conditions of any treaty can be fulfilled to settle this point. Jules Favre himself has gone to King William's headquarters.

HEADQUARTERS OF KING WILLIAM.

ROUEN, September 20.—The headquarters of King William will be fixed in the palace of Versailles during the operations before Paris.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF PARIS.

TOURS, September 20.—The election for members of the Municipal Council of Paris takes place on the 28th inst.

FAVRE'S INTERVIEW WITH KING WILLIAM.

TOURS, September 20.—It is reported as the result of the interview between Jules Favre and King William that hopes of a speedy peace are not abandoned. Prussia is not disposed to consent to an armistice. If there is to be peace at all, it must be settled immediately.

THIERS' MISSION.

Thiers left here this morning after an interview with Cremieux. It is assured that England favorably received Thiers explanations and is prepared to act jointly with Russia and Austria, if they also accept the proposition of Thiers.

AN ALL DAY BATTLE—PRUSSIANS RETIRE.

Advices from Orleans attribute great importance to the engagement at Vissons yesterday. The Prussians suffered much from French artillery hidden in the woods. The battle lasted nearly all day. The Prussians were at length forced to retire.

AN ATTEMPT TO STORM.

It is reported the Prussians were badly defeated yesterday in an attempt to storm Fort Monte Valerian, on the west side of Paris.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

A dreadful railway casualty occurred near here early this morning. Two trains collided and eleven persons were killed, including Duval, one of the editors of the *Journal Des Debats*. Twenty-five were seriously injured.

REMOVAL OF ARMY STORES.

As it is possible for the Prussians to send a force here, an order is issued to remove further south the enormous quantity of stores and army munitions collected here.

NICE AND MENTON QUIET.

NICE, September 19.—Contrary to reports spread abroad by the Prussians in their dispatches to the newspapers, Nice and Menton are perfectly tranquil, as are all the department of the Alpes Maritimes. Strangers are commencing to arrive at the various watering places in the department, and the season bids fair to be as pleasant and quiet as usual.

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN TOURS AND PARIS CUT—THIERS LEAVES ON HIS MISSION TO RUSSIA.

TOURS, September 20.—All telegraphic communication with Paris ceased yesterday.

The journals here express apprehensions that Tours may be attacked, in which case they say the government will remove to Bordeaux.

Thiers started to-day on a special train for Vienna, whence he will proceed to St. Petersburg. While here he received a dispatch from Prince Gortschakoff, inviting him in the name of the Czar to come to St. Petersburg and urging him to hasten his visit.

The wife of Marshal Bazaine is in Tours. She received a letter from her husband a few days ago. It was sent out of Metz by a balloon which fortunately fell outside the Prussian lines. The contents are not made public.

The administration of the Trans-Atlantic Steamship Company has been transferred to Fort Nazaire, but New York steamers will continue to sail from Havre.

—Rev. Dr. Niles, Episcopal Bishop elect of New Hampshire, will be consecrated to-day.

Other Cable Dispatches.

ITALY.

THE ROMAN QUESTION—OFFICIAL.

FLORENCE, September 20.—The *Official Journal* publishes the following details of the Roman question:

Arnin, North German Ambassador to the Pontifical States, has written a letter to Lieutenant General Cadorna, commanding the Italian troops, informing him of the complete failure of his attempts to prevent resistance to the Italian occupation of Rome. The Foreign Legion defy the Pope's wishes in that regard. The Italians must now take by force what is impossible to diplomacy. The Italians are in force on all sides of the city except the eastward. In the city preparations to receive the assault are being made. The preparations provide as far as possible for the security of property, venerable monuments and the lives of non-combatants.

CITY OF ROME BESIEGED.

FLORENCE, September 20, 8 A. M.—The siege of Rome has commenced. Five divisions under Gen. Cadorna invest the city. Resistance is a matter of form and surrender is expected to-day.

The N. Y. *Tribune* special correspondent telegraphs from Florence, 19th: At Mentana a demonstration will be made to-morrow. Refugees from Rome report the people there await the national troops with eagerness, but avoid idle and compromising demonstrations. The Papalini still mean to fight. Gen. Kouster publishes a bombastic proclamation. Official news of army movements is withheld.

Garibaldi remains at Caprera to avoid the anti-French movements at Nice.

DENMARK.

A ROYAL WEDDING.

COPENHAGEN, September 20.—The Duke Alexis of Russia has arrived at this port aboard a Russian frigate. He has been enthusiastically received. He came to marry Thega, the daughter of the King of Denmark.

OPENING OF THE CHAMBERS.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 20.—King William opened the sessions of the Chambers to-day with a speech. He assured the Deputies of the maintenance of peace and announced the financial situation of the Kingdom in every way satisfactory.

CHINA.

FEELING INTENSE AGAINST FOREIGNERS.

HONG KONG, Sept. 1, via LONDON, Sept. 20.—The feeling in China against foreigners is intense, and fresh outbursts of violence on the part of natives is feared. Mr. Wade, Secretary of the British Legation, still remained at Pekin. The French Ambassador threatened to retire unless the Mandarins implicated in Tien-Tzin massacre were executed before the 31st of August.

CUBA.

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

HAVANA, September 20.—There were one hundred and twenty-three deaths by cholera yesterday. There is little yellow fever in the city.

SWEDEN.

NO FIRE ARMS SOLD TO FRANCE.

STOCKHOLM, Sept 20.—The *Gazette* denies that the French purchased American rifles in Sweden.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The steamer City of London and steamer City of Cork, from New York, arrived at Queenstown to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 20.—Consols for money 92⅛. American securities quiet and steady. Coupons: '62s, 90½; '65s, 9½; '67s, 8⅞; 10-40s, 85. Stocks steady: Erie, 18; Illinois, 113; Great Western, 23¼.

LIVERPOOL, September 20.—Cotton quiet and unchanged, with receipts of 8,000 bales. Wheat: receipts past three days 50,000 bush; American 17,000 bush and California 10,000; sales red western at 9s 5d; winter 9s 7d. Flour 23s 6d. Oats 2s 6d. Pork 115s. Beef 116s. Lard 73s. Cheese 61s. Bacon: Cumberland middles 58s and short rib middles 67s. Naval stores quiet.

LONDON, September 20.—Sperm Oil 85s. Linseed Oil firm at 30s 15d. Petroleum: refined 19½s. Rosin buoyant.

ANTWERP, September 20.—Petroleum firm.

FRANKFORT, September 20.—Bonds closed steady at 94@94⅛.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20, 1870.

PREPARING FOR THE PRESIDENT'S RETURN.

The Executive Mansion is being rapidly placed in proper condition to receive the President and family, who will return about the 1st of October.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

Statistics of the Freedmen's Bureau show that the business in the South is closed, except such portions of the Educational interest as are supported by Educational Associations. All agents and aids of the Bureau are discharged, except those whose duties relate to the payment of bounties. Among the subscriptions received for the benefit of Educational purposes are contributions from parties who figured prominently during the late war on side of the South.

National Union League of America.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 20.—The National Executive Committee of the Union League of America met yesterday. Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, occupied the chair. Reports of a satisfactory nature were made from several States in regard to the coming elections. Certain details of a secret nature were perfected, designed to give effect to the legislation in behalf of fair elections recently enacted by Congress. The contest in Pennsylvania was reported progressing satisfactorily. New Jersey, Maryland and Delaware, with other States further south, were reported in a satisfactory condition. The action of the officers at New York in relation to Kansas was unanimously reversed. A new State Council was authorized for West Virginia. Texas matters were fully discussed and action taken. The Committee adjourned to meet a month hence in Philadelphia.

Missouri Politics—What Gen. Grant Thinks.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, September 20.—The Liberal Republicans of the First District, in convention to-day, nominated Chas. N. Johnson for Congress by acclamation.

A letter received to-day by Chas. W. Ford, U. S. Internal Revenue Collector of this District, from President Grant, contains the following: "I regard the movement headed by Carl Schurz, Brown, &c., as similar to the Tennessee and Virginia movement, intended to carry a portion of the Republican party over to the Democratic, and thus give them control. I hope you will all see your way clear to give the regular ticket your support."

The Cincinnati Industrial Exposition.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 20.—This has been a busy day at the Exposition buildings. Large quantities of machinery and other manufactures have arrived, and the owners have been actively employed in putting them in place. Many applications for space have been made to-day by new men. The formal opening exercises take place to-morrow night. The principal address will be delivered by Hon. Jno. Sherman. Hon. A. T. Goshorn, President of the City Councils, and others will also speak.

North German Steamship Line.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, September 20.—The agent of the North German line of steamships has received a cable telegram directing him to dispatch the steamer Berlin to Bremen next week. The Leipzig will soon follow. The Ohio will leave Bremen for Baltimore October 12th. The North German vessels laid up here since the commencement of the war will, it is presumed, at once commence loading. Several already have charters to carry tobacco to Holland.

I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge Officers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, September 20.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows to-day elected the following officers: Frederick D. Stuart, of Washington, D. C., Grand Sire; A. C. Logan, of Kansas, Deputy Grand Sire; James Ridgely, of Maryland, Grand Corresponding and Recording Secretary; Joshua Vansant, of Maryland, Grand Treasurer.

—Maynard's machine shop, formerly McKay & Alden's locomotive works, at East Boston, Mass., was burned yesterday morning. McKay's wharf and two barks lying along side were nearly destroyed, together with the machine shop of George M. Bird and rigging loft of A. B. Lowe. An explosion of naptha during the fire tended to spread the flames. The vessels burned were the St. Cloud and Nova Scotia. The Atlantic Company lose largely in machinery. Total loss $150,000; insured for about half. The principal losers were Maynard $50,000; insured $20,000; Atlantic Works Company $35,000, fully insured; Boston Car Wheel Company $3,000; Mr. Bird $2,500. The vessels were worth about $8,000.

—From reports published it appears that the whole number of volunteers for the French armies who have already left New York for France, or who propose to leave, will reach one thousand. An American firm has sent over one hundred thousand dollars worth of ship biscuit to France, on an order from the French Government. The receipts of money for the benefit of the French wounded are increasing, and letters containing checks are received from New England, Ohio, Iowa, &c. A concert took place last evening at the Academy of Music in aid of the fund for the wounded.

—One hundred and twenty volunteers for the French army were arrested yesterday afternoon on board the steamer Lafayette, at New York, by the United States authorities, on warrants issued on complaint of the North German Consul, Gen. Rossing. The steamer was on the point of sailing when the arrests were made, and will be detained to allow an examination of the prisoners, which will take place to-day. The men arrested have been recruited for the French army in New York and Brooklyn.

—In the list of probable candidates for the United States Senate from Illinois, to be elected by the coming Legislature, General Logan, Governor Palmer and ex-Governor Oglesby have occupied prominent positions. It is now understood that Governor Palmer withdraws from the contest, and the name of ex-Governor Koerner has been added to the list.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Oregon Legislature has elected J. K. Kelly U. S. Senator.

—The race between Renforth and Coulter is fixed at Pittsburgh the 15th of October.

—Five Japanese Princes passed East yesterday from Utah. They intend entering college.

—West, the anti-gambling fraud man, at New York, has been sentenced to three years in the State prison.

—The American Dental Association is in session in New York. J. H. Amber, of New York, was chosen President.

—Governor Baker addressed a very large audience in the Republican wigwam in Terre Haute, Ind., last evening.

—It appears that the five hundred and sixty deaths in Havana last week, reported as by yellow fever, were from Cholera.

—At New Orleans there were eight deaths from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending at six P. M. on Monday.

—Rev. Dr. Newman, Chaplain of United States Senate, who has been in Utah for some time past, arrived at Omaha yesterday.

—The corrected census returns of New Hampshire show the population of the State to be 317,976. Net loss in ten years 8,079.

—Nilsson lost a diamond butterfly valued at two thousand dollars on her way from Steinway Hall to her hotel, in New York, Monday night.

—At Providence, R. I., during a small fire yesterday morning, the boiler of a steam fire engine exploded, injuring five persons and one perhaps fatally.

—Austin Brooks, for many years editor of the Quincy (Ills.) *Herald*, and a leading Democratic politician, died yesterday afternoon of cancer in the stomach.

—Preparations for a fair in aid of the wounded within the German lines and the widows and orphans of the killed, are progressing successfully at New York.

—At Hallowell, Md., Tuesday night, a painter named Edward S. Haswell killed John Laflin with a common jack-knife, and seriously cut his own wife. Jealousy was the cause.

—Ex-policeman Jno. M. Dunn is under arrest at Boston, charged with being concerned with another party in altering three forged checks on New York banks and obtaining $2,000 on the same from the Second National Bank of Boston.

—The steamer Lafayette sailed from New York at five o'clock last evening with five or six hundred men on board. The men who were arrested were discharged early in the evening, but not in time to join their comrades in the Lafayette.

—The Universalists commenced yesterday the celebration of their centennial anniversary of Gloucester, Mass. President, Governor elect Perham, of Maine; Vice President, Rev. Dr. Weston, of Illinois; Secretary, Hon. N. M. Hemiup, of Minnesota.

—James Richardson, Jr., of Beverly, Adams county, Illinois, living with his father, on Saturday morning, complained of feeling unwell, went into the garden and shot himself through the head. He was a young gentleman of the highest respectability, and his parents are quite wealthy.

—An altercation took place at the Grand Opera House, New York, yesterday, between the proprietor, James Fisk, Jr., and Max Maretzek, who was conducting the rehearsal of the Opera Bouffe Company, during which the party came to blows. The quarrel resulted in the dissolution of business connection between Fisk and Maretzek.

—James McNairy, an unmarried man formerly residing in Harrisburg, Pa., but for some time past employed on the construction train of the Indianapolis and St Louis Railroad, was run over and cut to pieces by a train on that road, in Terre Haute, Monday night. The remains were found Tuesday morning, and the indications were that he had been lying on the track in a state of intoxication.

—At Chicago, about seven o'clock yesterday morning, a Hollander named John Hoffman shot and instantly killed a boy named Albert Miller, only eight years old. Hoffman had been at a Bohemian ball on the previous night, and at the time of committing the act was what is called "crazy drunk." While in that condition, with a revolver in hand, he rushed into the street, and the boy being the first person he saw he shot him dead.

—At Moline, Illinois, on Monday afternoon, while the Western Union passenger train was passing through the town, a young lady aged twenty-three years, name not given, after waiting until the train had passed, with the exception of the last car, threw her shawl over her head and sprang head foremost under the wheels. She was instantly killed. The non-fulfillment of an engagement to marry, by a man residing in some other part of the State, was the cause of the suicide.

Minister Washburne in a State of Siege—The Woes of a Diplomat.

What can you expect when we are in the shadow of a siege? The American Minister is likewise having a hard time of it. Mr. Washburne has not been troubled, it is true, to any great extent with the care of plate and valuables for his fellow countrymen, for the Americans in Paris seem to have made up their minds to take things as they come, and with philosophic coolness. I have not yet heard of any American who has been arrested as a "Prussian spy"—a fate which, in the city or the provinces, has befallen about ten out of every dozen Englishmen I have met here. Moreover, our American cousins, when traveling in Europe, do not habitually encumber themselves with heavy services of plate; and as for their diamonds—with which they are, as a rule, plentifully supplied—the gentlemen put them into their waistcoat pocket and the ladies pop them into their chignons when times look ugly, and so everything is very nice and comfortable. The trouble with the American Legation is that the Prussians domiciled in Paris are under United States protection; and whenever an unhappy German gets mobbed by a gang of drunken rowdies, or collared by a zealous Sergent de Ville, or denounced by a patriotic milk-woman or public-spirited cookmaid, for such high and mighty crimes as wearing spectacles, with tortoise-shell rims, carrying a pocket-handkerchief in the crown of his hat, or asking his way to the Rue Neuve des Petits Champs, the supposed "Prussian spy" naturally asks to be conducted to the American Legation, there to prove by the exhibition of his papers that he is a perfectly inoffensive and law-abiding Teuton. On Saturday morning, no fewer than eighteen persons who had been arrested by the police, or by excited amateurs, were brought at one time to the United States Minister's, and in almost every case it was proved that a mistake had been made, and that the prisoner was the victim of popular passion, prejudice, and frenzied terror—rank weeds which can always be warranted to flourish in the shadow of a siege.—*London Telegraph.*

Good Out of Evil.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette.]

From the proceedings in Paris at the present time we can form some idea of the sacrifices we should be called upon to make in the event of London being threatened with a siege. It seems that among the other horrors of war would be involved the loss of all our bad characters. Two thousand bad characters have, it is stated, been arrested by the Paris police and ordered to quit the city. These unfortunate exiles are now on their way to our hospitable shores, where they may depend upon meeting with the ready sympathy of an influential portion of our population. An "address" from the back slums of St. Gile's and the freedom of Whitechapel is the least we can present to them should they honor us with their presence. Here they may find a home where they will not be disturbed, and a nice Thames Embankment on which they may keep their Sabbaths. Nor in our pity for our guest must we forget those whom a stern necessity has compelled thus to part for a time with her erring children. We can only realize what Paris must be with only good characters left in it by fancying London in a similar melancholy position. No roughs with their playful gambols in park or street. No men chanting blasphemous litanies in college caps and gowns. Respectable women able to walk through the streets without being insulted. No elderly gentlemen doubled up for the sake of their purses, or hurried into eternity for the sake of their time-pieces. No bad language—no violence—no tradesmen selling adulterated articles with short weights and measures. How little can we in this favored metropolis who enjoy the blessings of peace imagine it deprived of roughs and rascality!

MR. LILLBURN TRIGG fatally shot himself in Knoxville, on Wednesday night, about eight o'clock, it is believed accidentally. He and his sister were sitting together on the front porch of the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. R. M. McClung, on Broad street, in pleasant conversation, whilst he was toying with a beautiful Smith & Wesson repeater, which he had purchased but a few days since. It was quite dark, as the moon had not risen, so his movements were not particularly observed, but suddenly his sister heard the report of the weapon, and it was found the shot had entered his right temple and lodged in the head. The wound was fatal.

THE Republicans of the Sixth District of this State, composing Montgomery and Lehigh counties, have nominated Mr. John H. Oliver, of Lehigh county, for Congress.

BY MAIL FROM ABROAD.

Their convent had been attacked the week before by a riotous mob.

THE salary of the Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of the Anglican church, is about $75,000.

SOME Austrian Government papers are commenting, full of alarm, on the growing German feeling in the Austrian Empire.

FRENCH papers are filled with long accounts of the cruelties practised by the Germans whenever the peasants refuse to furnish them provisions.

THE number of the killed and wounded Germans at Woerth foots up to twenty per cent of the entire losses of Prussia during the entire war of 1866. The total Prussian loss during that war was 4,450 men killed, and 16,177 wounded.

INSTEAD of one treasure chest of the French army being captured, the Germans captured a good many, but unfortunately for them they did not contain much. The largest pile they got hold of at one time was two hundred thousand francs.

THE "Soir," of Paris, says Gen. Trochu expelled the Germans from Paris for their own welfare, for he had reliable information that the leaders of the insane mob of Paris were organizing a plot to murder all those inoffensive citizens—in fact, get up another edition of the Sicilian Vesper.

THE 18th day of the month seems to be unlucky for France. On the 18th of October, 1813, the great battle of Leipsic was concluded; the 18th of June, 1815, is the date of the battle of Waterloo; and a new date, the 18th of August, 1870, the battle of Rezonville has joined the other two disastrous dates.

THE Commander-in-chief of the Baden troops is not the Grand Duke of Baden, but General Boyer. He was a distinguished Prussian officer until 1866, but after the great events of that year he entered the service of the Grand Duke, whose Minister of War he became. He reorganized the Baden army up to its present excellence.

THE Eighth Regiment of Prussian Cuirassiers fought at Gravelotte against two regiments of French carabiniers, dispersed them, and took a battery of six guns and two eagles. It was eight hundred men strong when the battle commenced and only one hundred and forty-three were alive when it was over. All the officers were killed in the battle.

ALL the ladies of the Royal Prussian Court, are actively engaged in preparing lint and bandages, and nursing the wounded in the Berlin hospitals. The Crown Princess seems to be everywhere, and has built a large hospital at her own expense. She hires for nurses only the wives of soldiers in the field, and everything for the comfort of the patients is provided in in the most liberal manner.

UP to the 31st of August the Central Committee of the German societies for the relief of wounded soldiers had been received from Lisbon 4,500 thlrs; from Huelva in Spain $125; from Madrid 8,387 reals; from Naples 8,598 florins; from Leghorn 1,745 thlrs, besides 15,000 dollars announced by telegram from St. Francisco. The Committee have established depots in Nancy, Pont-a-Mousson and Remilly.

THE Dominican Friars of Lyons, in France, have addressed the following letter to the Courier de Lyon:

"Those of our brotherhood who are not priests have already departed for the army.

"We have, moreover, offered our convent as a hospital, and will take tender care of the wounded confided to our charge, and even though they belonged to the rioters of last week, we would show them that a Friar can love his country and its defenders, and in case of need also sacrifice himself to its welfare."

Two Prussian regiments having committed excesses in the little French towns of Falkenburg and Remilly, such as pillaging houses and destroying property, Count Bismarck has ordered the names of these two regiments, and those of their officers, to be published in all German papers. The Germans have reimbursed the French inhabitants as far as was in their power. A rigorous examination has been instituted by Bismarck, and the regiments sent to the rear, being stripped of their banners and all emblems of honor. The guilty regiments were the Second Hessen Darmstadt Infantry and the Twelfth Prussian Line.

Three Men Killed by a Grizzly.

On the 18th inst., says the San Jose *Independent*, three men, whose names are unknown, but who had been keeping a dairy on the San Benito ranche, came to their death in a most horrible manner. On Thursday one of their cows strayed away and was lost. On the next morning before breakfast, two of them started out to take a look for the missing animal. After traveling up the ravine for some distance they discovered the cow lying among the brush. Thinking she was asleep they went up to start her home; but it appears the cow had been killed by a grizzly, who was at this time lying at her side. As the men approached the bear leaped upon the foremost one, and throwing him to the ground, tore out his entrails, and then seizing the second, caught his head in his mouth and bit it entirely off, mangling it fearfully. The bear then resumed its position by the body of the dead cow. The man who was first attacked did not die immediately, but had strength enough left to drag himself a short distance from the spot.

In the meantime the man left at the camp, having prepared breakfast, went out to call his companions. Finding their trail he followed it until he saw the cow lying in the bushes; and thinking he would drive her home he approached the spot, when the bear springing upon him instantly killed him, mangling him in the most horrible manner. The surviving victim, who was lying in the brush a short distance from the scene, witnessed his approach and death, but was so terribly wounded that he was unable to give any warning. The bodies were found a short time afteward and conveyed to the camp, where the survivor died during the ensuing night, after relating the affair as we have stated above. The bear is the same one which has been in that vicinity for the last ten years, it being known from its peculiar track, having lost three of its toes from one of its feet.—*Sacramento Reporter.*

THERE is said to be a man in Cincinnati who some time since predicted in a book which he there published and which is still to be had, the startling events of the present summer, including the action of the Council of the Vatican, the capture of Napoleon, the evacuation of Rome, and it is said also the flight of the Pope. In addition to these he also foretold that Christ will again visit the world in person in 1888. Most of these fanatical prophets have been less fortunate, inasmuch as they generally fixed on the now dethroned Emperor as the Great Beast who was to lead the array of the wicked in the battle of Armageddon, and Sedan can hardly be considered to be Armageddon. The following is an extract from the predictions of this prophet, made in February, 1869: "Of the OTHER TWO, it is written, 'The *sword* of THE ONE shall *devour the other*.' And oh, thou subtle Potentate, who saidest whilst in exile, 'I will yet wear the Purple Robe,' the HIGHEST doth say to thee, Thy kingdom shall SPEEDILY *wear the weeds of mourning!* Therefore, 'that thou doest, *do quickly*;' thou art 'THE HEAD *that remained*,' 'and falling headlong' shall 'all' thy 'bowels gush out,' for 'the street of the great City' 'where' 'our Lord was crucified;' and therefore it is written, 'at the last shall *he fall* through the *sword* himself.' THY SWORD PIERCED AT SOLFERINO! and thou knowest well, it was *thy* sword that 'DEVOURED' ON THE PLAINS OF SADOWA! And, therefore, THOU art 'the HEAD *that remaineth*;' and in thy pride thou boasteth that thou wilt be the HEAD not only at the Ecumenical Council, but for many years thereafter. But thy *head* shall be *cut off*: and though thou shalt then be an ecclesiastical 'little wing' of the 'body,' yet it shall *then* be broken. * * * * * * * And as thy Second Empire was established by a grand *Coup d' Etat*, so now it shall in *like manner* SUDDENLY *disappear*. For thou shalt be *smitten*, FIRST with the SWORD *from without!* and then from *within*."

Prussian Spies.

I suppose that, all things considered, one ought not to be too hard upon the French for their panic about Prussian spies. Charles Harth, who was shot the other day in a court yard of a military school, confessed himself a spy when taken, and never really denied it afterward; and there are facts enough to prove that King William has studied well in old Frederick's book, who said that the French had one spy and twenty cooks, while he had one cook and twenty spies. For it is plain that the Prussian system of espionage has been long reduced to great perfection. For several years Prussians have been residing under one pretext or another, in all the border towns and villages, making themselves thoroughly acquainted with the topography, studying military positions, filling their maps and memories with the roads, lanes and foot-paths, and also making themselves familiar with the means and resources of the inhabitants. Clerks in counting-houses, servants in inns, men in breweries, students who passed the summer in wandering over the hills sketching the scenery, companies of scientific men with hammers and baskets, bent on geological pic-nics, all these are recognized to-day in the persons of Prussian officers entering the French border towns and villages at the head of scouting parties or with victorious troops. It is said, and I see no reason to doubt it, that one Prussian General has visited, during the last year, all the towns and villages likely to be attacked in case of war, in the disguise of an old beggar match-seller. Another story is of a Prussian officer, who, disguised as a French admiral, visited one of the forts near Paris, was received with all the honors, shown over all the works, and in parting made a speech full of patriotic sentiments to the soldiers, which was received with great applause. The cheat was not discovered until some days afterward, when one of the officers happened to mention the matter to the Minister of Marine! In another case the Prussian spy was not as successful. Dressed as a French officer, he visited a tent at some General's headquarters, and dined with his brother (?) officers. Something excited suspicion—he was arrested, tried and shot. The Prussians do not, however, rely entirely on spies for information—they get it in every way. Every German soldier now has an album containing pictures of the French officers and soldiers, with their uniforms carefully delineated and colored, in order that he may know with whom he is dealing, by what troop he is attacked, whom he takes a prisoner, and whom he has killed. The Prussians have the best maps of France that can be procured, plans of the fortifications of Paris have been largely distributed in the German army, and no pains spared to get minute information on all subjects that may be useful. I may remark in parenthesis, that the ignorance of the French subaltern officers is not confined to geography. One General is said, by Capt. Jeannerod of the *Temps*, to have asked if Metz is far from Paris. And out of a number of inferior officers who were taken prisoners by the Prussians, only one or two were able to write their names in receipt for small sums of money advanced them, and were consequently obliged to make their mark.

Von Moltke on the French Troops.

An interesting letter appears in the *Salut Public*, of Lyons, relative to the instruction which Prussian and French officers are respectively obliged to possess. The writer says: "McMahon is supposed to have adopted tactics which are not new, namely: to act above all with his artillery, said to be formidable, and to spare his men as much as possible. Napoleon I., of whom Gen. De Moltke is only the pupil, never proceeded otherwise. He it was who first imagined the great concentration of troops by rapid marches. M. De Moltke, his fervent admirer, has always manifested the greatest contempt for our strategy. I remember having heard quoted some of his very words addressed to a French officer on a mission to Berlin: "Do not talk to me of your military education in Africa. If you have never been there, so much the better; when you become General you will be glad of it. The war you have been carrying on for forty years against the Arabs is a guerillerie of an inferior order. Never any skillful marches, no feints, no countermarches, rarely any surprises. With that school you will do nothing more than form other schools like it. The first great war will demonstrate your inefficiency, and were I not in the presence of a man of your merit, sir, I should not hesitate to laugh at your ignorance of the trade to which you devote yourselves. Among you—do not deny it—a pioneer is almost a ridiculous person, and in general the working man is one of mean intelligence. Here, on the contrary, the most conscientious studies are in the order of the day, and the lowest Captain knows as much as your staff officers who are so brilliant in the ball-room. Have you even a superficial smattering of the elements of the military art on leaving your special schools? 'Come now,' continued General de Moltke, taking the other by the hand, 'I wager that you do not know what is the most valuable piece of furniture for the chamber of an officer in garrison. Come with me.' So saying, the old Prussian led his interlocutor into a small bed-chamber quited to a sub-lieutenant; a small bed without curtains, three straw chairs, shelves of books from the floor to the roof, and in the middle of the room a black wooden board on an easel, the ground strewed with morsels of chalk. 'It is with this that we beat our adversaries every morning,' murmured the old tactician, who was destined to give afterward so severe a lesson to Gen. Froissard, the professor of the Prince Imperial. 'And for drawings, here is all we want,' and M. de Moltke exhibited some geographical maps. What a singular conversation, when one thinks that it took place in March, 1870, for I copy it literally from a letter dated the 21st of that month. What may we not have to say about the lessons to be derived from it? We shall profit by them at a later period."

Tobacco for the Wounded.

If there be one fact that has been more frequently stated than another, it is that the soldiers engaged in this war, well or wounded, seek the solace of tobacco. The inhabitants of every nation manifest similar instincts, and one of the strongest is the desire to seek out some substance, the use of which may stimulate or sooth the nervous system. There is no privation which the habitual although not excessive smoker feels so much as the loss of tobacco; and soldiers of all nations, especially of the French and German nations, smoke it. It was a standing injunction of the First Napoleon that his troops should have tobacco, and they found it of the greatest advantage in the retreat from Moscow. We have been accustomed to look upon the German as fond of hard intellectual toil for its own sake; and men of abstraction and imagination, if we may judge from the prevalence of the practice of smoking among them, unquestionably appear to find an aid in tobacco. But the manhood of Germany has risen like a giant refreshed to undergo any physical exertion and hardship that may be required; and this war has taxed the physical energies of the strongest. The soldier, wearied with long marches and uncertain rest, obtaining his food how and when he can, with his nervous system always in a state of tension from the dangers and excitement he encounters, finds that his cigar or pipe enable him to sustain hunger or fatigue with comparative equanimity. Explain it as we may, this is physiologically true; and medical officers who would not be sorry to see the issue of a "spirit ration" discontinued, are compelled to allow that the moderate use of tobacco by soldiers in the field has several advantages. For the wounded it is probable that tobacco has slight anodyne and narcotic properties that enable the sufferer to sustain pain better during the day and to obtain sleep during the night.—*London Lancet.*

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS is spoken of for the English Mission. It would be very difficult to find a more suitable successor to Mr. Motley, whose peer he is as a genial, thoroughbred gentleman and fascinating author. What his capabilities as a diplomatist are, it remains to be seen.

The Equipment of the Prussian Army.

In everything the equipment of the Teutonic army now in the field, especially of the Prussian portion, is superior to that of the French. The moment I saw prisoners from Saarbruck I was struck with the poverty-stricken look of the French "liners," as compared with the German regulars. The components of the Prussian soldier's uniform are very simple, but full of taste and convenience. He can make a drinking cup out of his helmet, and can carve meat with its spike. He wears a bluish tunic, with red collar, cuffs and lappels, a stout pair of dark colored trowsers; carries a thick, excellent blanket, a canteen, a cooking can and a well planned knapsack in undressed calfskin. His fatigue cap is flat, bordered with red. He has an undress uniform of coarse flax cloth, and a pair of white pants. The pockets and folds of his clothing are so managed that he can carry in them numberless little things for camp use. When he bivouacs he plants his gun against his bayonets, puts his side arms hanging on them, and caps them with his helmet. I have seen ten thousand of these helmets poised thus in a long plain, making one sheeny mass, with which the bright grass and the waving grain beyond mixed their colors, recklessly as does Millais. Field discipline is perfect too; a brigade lying in an open lot under the hot sun, is as gentlemanly as its individual members would be in town. It is remarkably quiet, too; there is no swagger or bluster among the most brawny of the troops. A squadron of the hussars, with its beautiful horses, richly trapped, is a magnificent sight. Each man sits as erect as a statue, with one hand laid upon his saddle-pommel, and one might fancy a review of Centaurs taking place. The officers, from force of habit, contracted in the ancient army when it was composed entirely of mercenaries, still bawl their orders to their men, instead of giving them in decent and dignified language. There is a greater variety of fancy uniforms in the Prussian than in any other army in Europe. The cavalry have the greatest wealth of dress, and a cavalry officer is a sight for gods and men. The "cuirassiers," rather a useless body, I fancy, are clad in a queer middle-age dress, quite full of splendor. The soldiers wear a metal helmet and breastplate, and gray tunic and trowsers, tastefully embroidered. All the cavalry is well mounted, and the artillery has abundance of good, active, and plenty of spare horses. The provision and baggage trains are so organized that they are always close to the marching column. The sutlers, or "market tenders," as they call themselves, are all numbered by companies, and come up in a compact procession near the rear. There is always a number of women with each regiment as vivandieres, nurses, &c. Some of the young Prussian girls of noble family have not hesitated to put on the coarse dress of the hospital nurse.—*Edward King.*

A LETTER in the New York *Post*, from Germany, gives a harrowing account of the horrors of war. The weeping widows and wailing children surround every railway train in hopes of intelligence concerning husbands and fathers, and the wild cry of grief strikes the ear as sorrow stricken forms telling of death and desolation pass by. The graves in Prussia will be countless; the mourning universal. Factories and workshops are closed, and no smoke ascends from the tall chimneys. Few laborers besides women are seen in the fields; and the crops and vineyards are apparently neglected. The summer cloud of tourists has fled, and the numerous hotels are almost entirely deserted. On the Rhine, instead of boats loaded with passengers or heavy with merchandise, a few steamers only are to be noticed, and these with the exception of the Dutch neutral boats, invariably fly the white flag with its red cross of St. John, thus indicating that their sole occupation has become the transportation of the wounded. The business of instruction in the schools is also mainly suspended, and the whole time and energy of the scholars devoted to the preparation of bandages or the scraping of lint.

Card.

Wm. Semple, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny, thankful to his numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage, would again inform them that he has returned from the eastern markets. No effort has been spared to secure the best value in goods for them. Every department is complete, and filled with the best bargains he ever had the pleasure of offering to them at 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

GIVE your customer his money's worth, and recommend your goods for just what they are, and you will grow rich in any business. This course is the cause of the great success of Piee, Dannals & Co.'s Cream Ale. Nearly every restaurant buys it.

RADICAL CURE Rupture Truss at Dr Keysers 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞A. Y. M.—A MEETING OF ST. JOHNS LODGE, No. 219, A. Y. M., will be held at the Hall, at 2 o'clock P. M., THIS DAY, for the purpose of attending the funeral of Brother JOHN B. EARLE. The fraternity is respectfully invited to attend. By order of the W. M.
se21

☞GRAND

MASS MEETING!

The First Grand Mass Meeting of the Republican Campaign will be held in Allegheny City, on

CITY HALL SQUARE,

To-morrow (Thursday) Evening, 22d inst.,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

The following gentlemen will address the meeting:

Hon. R. McJUNKIN,
(Republican nominee for Congress in the XXIIId. District,)
Hon. THOS. M. MARSHALL.
JOSIAH COHEN, Esq.,
Col. T. M. BAYNE.

Turn out, Republicans, and let our enemies see that Allegheny County is still loyal to her Republican principles.

By order of Committee on Speakers,
se21:d65 W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

DAY BOOKS,
Journals, Ledgers,
CASH BOOKS,
Order Books,
Receipt Books,
Check Books,
Dray Books,
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.
75 Wood Street.
se71

IN THE MATTER OF THE DESCRIPTION of Private Marks and Brands of DARLINGTON & CO., Proprietors of "Darlington's Brewery."

In the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny County, No. 200, December Term, 1870.

And now, September 20th, 1870, in accordance with the Act of Assembly, passed April 4th, 1865, DARLINGTON & CO., Brewers and Manufacturers of Malt Liquors in the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, file the following description of the Brands or Stamps and Private Marks, by which their barrels, half barrels, and other vessels, may be known, and which are as follows:

Brands or Stamps—"Darlington's Brewery," "Pollock, Kalkenbach & Co."

Private Marks—One-half of heads of barrels, &c. painted White; some barrels painted Green between first and second hoops, forming a zone or ring around said vessels, and a Five Pointed Star branded on top stave.

DARLINGTON & CO.,
se21-w Proprietors of Darlington's Brewery.

NOTICE.—The Committees on VIGILANCE and ORGANIZATION having been united in one, forming the VIGILANCE COMMITTEE of the Union Republican party, will meet at Headquarters, on

WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., (this day,)

at 2 P. M. Full and prompt attendance requested.

H. M. LONG,
se21:d18 Chairman Vigilance Committee.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres and 20 perches, more or less, situate on the Butler Plank Road, about 15 miles from the city. 20 acres of good oak and hickory timber. The land lies well for cultivation. Dwelling house, orchard, etc. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
se20 56 Smithfield street.

☞NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTS.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, in large or small sums. Apply to Lock Box 30, Pittsburgh P. O.
se2 c74

WANTED.—Several Men for Farm Work, Gardening and Driving. Also, for Brickyard Work. Several girls Girls Wanted for Cooking, Chamberwork, Dining-room work and light work of all description. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
One of $400 for 2 years;
Three of $500 each from 2 to 5 years;
Two of $1,000 each from 2 to 5 years;
One of $3,000 for 4 years;
Two of $5,000 each from 3 to 4 years.
THOMAS K. PETTY.
No. 179 Smithfield Street.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
Thirty Thousand Dollars to Loan
In large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest.
CHARLES JEREMY,
Real Estate Agent,
68 Grant street.

TO-LET.

TO-LET.—A Large, Front Room for lady and gentlemen, or two single gentlemen, at No. 41 TUNNEL ST., Pittsburgh. 9-16

TO LET.—NEW HOUSE SITUATED on Center Avenue, one and a half miles from the Court House, on line of Central Passenger Railway. Hydrant Water Bath Room, Gas and other modern conveniences, together with large Yard, Fruit, &c. To a desirable tenant rent low with immediate possession. Apply on the premises to WILLIS BOOTHE.

TO-LET.—ROOMS in the Dispatch Building; low to a good tenant. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON,
au8 56 Smithfield street.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Several gentlemen can be furnished with Boarding, with or without rooms, at No. 128 ROBINSON STREET, second door below Federal. It would be impossible to find a location more convenient to both cities than the above. 6-6

BOARDING.—Rooms to let, furnished or unfurnished, with boarding. Day boarders accommodated, at No. 163 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Two two story brick DWELLING HOUSES, Second ward, Allegheny, one on the corner of Beech street and Grant avenue; Lot 16 by 137 feet; the other fronts 19 feet on Beech street, 137 feet back to an alley; each of them have 6 good rooms and attic room, bath houses, good cellar, cold and hot water, gas, marble mantles in each of the parlors. The houses are near new, in a beautiful situation, and in a very desirable neighborhood. Terms easy. Enquire at No. 91 Beaver street, or at 230 Western avenue, near the property. JOHN HAMMOND,
se1:d66 Real Estate Agent.

FOR SALE.—A Good Paying Route on a Morning Paper. Apply soon at GAZETTE Counting Room. 9-15

FOR SALE CHEAP.—$2,500 will buy a house with five rooms and hall, with four lots 24 feet front by 100 feet in depth, with stabling, fronting on a forty feet street, one-half square back of Pennsylvania avenue, Twentieth ward, near East Liberty. Apply at 176 Grant street, near Seventh avenue. 1610-WFM

FOR SALE.—A Handsome Two Story FRAME HOUSE, of 9 Rooms, in Hazlewood 23d ward, Pittsburgh, within three minutes' walk of a regular station on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. Lot 90 by 400 feet. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of W. T. HAINES, GAZETTE office. se15

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, New and Second Hand, of all kinds, constantly on hand.
Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE.—STOCK FARM.—CONTAINS 360 ACRES, one hundred and sixty acres under cultivation, balance woods. Improvements—2 dwellings, very large barn and stable, and sheep houses, orchard and well watered by a small creek passing through the place. Situated in Jennings county, Indiana, 3½ miles from Vernon and Louisville Railroad, in thriving neighborhood near to villages and churches. The farm can be purchased at $30 per acre. Apply to
S. McLAIN & CO., No. 164 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE.—One two story Brick Dwelling House, with eight rooms, finished attic and cellar, on Western avenue, near the Park, gas, hot and cold water, bath, two large stairs, nearly new and all in good order. The lot is 30 feet front, running north one hundred and ten feet to an alley; brick stable in the rear of the lot, wood and coal house, &c. The lot is well set, with grape vines, other small fruits and flowers. For further particulars, inquire of John Ramsey, No. 21 Beaver street, or No. 230 Western avenue, near the premises.

FOR SALE CHEAP, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing 20 acres with 8 rooms thereon, one, a fine, comfortable and convenient house, good water, and also one of the best water powers in Western Pennsylvania for a mill; 12 miles from the city, on the waters of Turtle Creek Road, 2 ½ mile from Murraysville Station, Connellsville Railroad. Also, several good Farms in good locations and houses for sale. Enquire of WILLIAM WARD,
my11 No. 110 Grant St., opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.—On Snowden alley, near 23d street, 7 new brick dwelling houses, containing five rooms, and cellar, with gas and water, lot 16 by 36 to each. These houses are for sale or rent. Either way, the foremost occupants will experience true comfort in every one of these dwellings.
T. B. HILL & SON,
Cor. Penn and 33d street.
On Penn avenue, 3 very fine lots, 24 by 100 each.
On 46th street, 2 eligible lots, 24 by 11 each.
On 43th street, 2 nice lots, 24 by 100 each.
On 44th street, 1 very handsome 2 story brick dwelling, containing 9 rooms and garret, gas and water, lot 20 by 137. This is decidedly the neatest property in the 17th ward. Call and see.
T. B. HILL & SON,
se30 Cor. Penn and 33d street.

OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., Sept. 1, 1870.

FOR SALE.—$16,000 CITY PARK BONDS.—These Bonds bear 7 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, and have from three to six years to run from date of issue, free from State and local taxes, and are secured by the faith credit and corporate property of the city. Provision is already made for their redemption at maturity, which makes them strictly a first-class security.
For further information apply at this office,
W. M. FOSTER,
se8:d8 City Controller.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.
The two story double house, the residence of Robert S. Kennedy, Esq., adjoining the residence of Messrs. Wm. and Hay Walker and Wm. Cooper, in McClure township, on the New Brighton Road, about 3 miles from the city. The house contains 14 rooms; also, ice house and cooling room, summer kitchen and laundry and out house, convenient to the main building; the house is supplied with water and gas. The grounds, comprising about 10¾ acres, are tastefully laid out and are stocked with an abundance of fruits and ornamental trees, small fruits, &c. On the premises are a large stable, cold grapery, out houses and gardener's house of 5 rooms. Verner Station, on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. is within a few minutes' walk of the house. For terms, enquire at the PEARL MILL, Allegheny. 1x17:d6

ATTENTION, READER!
Good News for Sufferers of Sore Throat.
WINTER'S
Infallible Cure for Quinsy and Similar Throat Diseases.
At the request of many of my friends who have been cured by my remedy, and being desirous of helping others, I offer it to the public. I have in my possession over [illegible] an infallible cure for QUINSY and other similar throat diseases. [illegible] $500 for a case of which I fail to cure [illegible] to all. [illegible] residence [illegible] medicine. Call at my house.
T. WINTER,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FALL OPENING.
On Thursday, Sept. 22d, at the new and elegant Storeroom of
KITCHEN & BEGGS,
No. 122 Federal St., Allegheny City,
Will be opened a large and handsome assortment of FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS, PATTERN BONNETS and HATS; also LADIES and CHILDREN'S DRESSES and SUITS in great variety, and all the novelties in the Fancy Goods and Trimming Line.

OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, Sept. 20th, 1870.
NOTICE.—In the matter of Opening SEDGWICK STREET, from Franklin to the line of the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., the Viewers have filed in this office their Report, which has been approved finally and the assessments now due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer within sixty days from the date of this notice. If not paid within that time, it will be filed as a lien against the property.
se21:d68 W. M. FOSTER, City Controller.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1870.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CONGRESS, XXIId DISTRICT,
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS, XXIIId DISTRICT,
EBENEZER McJUNKIN.
STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
D. N. WHITE, Sewickley.
JOHN H. KERR, Pittsburgh.
HENRY WARNER, Allegheny.
JOHN S. ROBB, Pittsburgh.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, South Pittsburgh.
JAMES TAYLOR, Pittsburgh.
PROTHONOTARY,
JOSEPH ROSS, Pittsburgh.
COMMISSIONER,
JOHN A. SCOTT, Allegheny.
CORONER,
J. G. WEST, Pittsburgh.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Robinson Township.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin township.

BONDS at Frankfort 94@94½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, firm.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 113⅛@113¼.

A REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING will be held to-morrow evening at the Allegheny Diamond—the first of the campaign. Hon. Ebenezer McJunkin, of Butler, candidate for Congress in the XXIIId District, Hon. Thomas M. Marshall, Col. T. M. Bayne, Josiah Cohen, Esq., and other able and distinguished speakers will be present to address the meeting. Let there be large attendance. The anti Republicans held forth last week at the same place and uttered their false doctrines of secession and miscalled reform, which will be met and combatted by our speakers from the true Republican standpoint to-morrow night. Let the sound of the first gun of the campaign resound from one end of the county to the other, awakening all true Republicans to the importance of once more rallying to save the old flag.

LET NO ONE fail to read the able address of Joseph Dilworth, Esq., Chairman of the Republican County Executive Committee, in to-day's paper. It is short, dignified and to the point.

ANDY JOHNSON, after having held every office from Alderman of his native village up to President of the United States, has now failed to secure the Presidency, the Governorship, the Senatorship, and has now just failed again to receive the nomination to Congress from his own district. Having done this much in two years how long will it take him to carry his failures down to where he started?

A FRIEND inquired of us, yesterday, why do you attack Mr. Walton constantly? Because, we answered, Mr. Walton is the whole Reform ticket boiled down into one. He is the only man really running on that ticket. The whole organization is kept up for his sole benefit. The managers of the movement have, time and again, offered to withdraw the whole ticket if they can save Walton. We therefore treat Mr. Walton as the embodiment of the Reform ticket—as, in fact, all there is left of it.

COAL MINERS, Miles Humphreys, a poor mechanic, has been selected as the man the millionaire Joe Walton should defeat. Walton expects you to do his bidding, and vote for him. He thinks your bread and butter depends on his success. His trainers count on you as his obedient serfs only too anxious to kneel before the moneyed power and deposit your votes for the King of black diamonds. We know where you stand. Coal dealers may grind down your wages but they can never rob you of your independence and political equality.

THE *Post* is exercising its influence to find something with which to damage the gallant Negley? Why does not the *Post* give us some of Mr. Hopkins' speeches during the war, when he asserted the war was a *failure*, the South was *right* in seceding, and a *Southern man* was as good as three union men. We know that the *Post* never was fond of our soldiers, and can readily understand its hostility to Negley, but why not give the record of its friends. Mr. Hopkins may have plenty of money, and for all we know may be expecting to secure some votes in that way, but he will fail. The citizens of Allegheny county will remember his hostility to our brave boys, who stood a barrier of steel between Pittsburgh and Hopkins' friends.

THE CAMPAIGN in which the several political parties of this county are now engaged, has been styled by the reformers a PERSONAL one. Who made it so? They themselves. They have sought out candidates whose aggregate worth, in dollars and cents amounts to more than six millions of dollars, and have set up a rich man's party to brow-beat and drive into submission the masses of the people, the mechanics, toiling laborers and middle men. And to what purpose? Simply to endeavor to show the people that capital can rule when it so desires over all opposition. The regular Republican candidates are the average representatives of all classes of the community. Not a man of them was sought out because of his pecuniary wealth. Can so much be said of the so-called reform ticket? No. Money, riches, and standing in society begotten therefrom, were the only qualifications asked for and required by the framers of that ticket. Will Republicans whose past record has been so bright and glorious, bend the knee and adore the golden calf set up by such money-worshippers as Carnahan, Kirk and Caruthers, who, were they to-day in France, would cry out for the destruction of the Republic and the immediate restoration of the aristocratic empire.

WE HAVE succeeded, at last, in driving the *Commercial* into a corner. After hinting and suggesting, and insinuating charges it dared not frame into direct allegations, it was yesterday driven into making *one* direct charge, out of the many it has insinuated against General Negley and Mr. Errett, and this is to the effect that Mr. Mackey gave Felix C. Negley a check for $2,000, and leaves it to be inferred that this was the price with which Mr. Errett obtained his appointment.

Let us see, now, before attending to this, out of how many holes this *Commercial* has been driven, before it could be cornered, here.

First, under the head of "What did it cost" the inference was conveyed to the public that Mr. Errett had directly paid to Gen. Negley a price for his appointment. This vile charge is now abandoned.

Second, when asked to be more specific, it is alleged that, pending the appointment, Mr. Errett was sent for in haste to Washington; that Don Cameron, Sam Barr, and others accompanied him; that he was met at the Washington depot and begged not to see General Negley, in person, for fear of an outbreak; that Don Cameron, Barr, Mackey and others then waited on the General; that during the conversation that ensued, they were informed that Felix C. Negley had spent from two to three thousand dollars in the campaign, and this "being fixed up," Mr. Errett was appointed. *This* tissue of falsehoods having been met with a flat contradiction from Messrs. Negley and Errett, was at once abandoned, like the first.

The story was then varied, and a new one set forth that probably the matter was arranged afterwards by a check passing from Don Cameron or Sam Barr, or some one else, to Felix C. Negley. *This* falsehood, too, having been exploded by a card from Mr. F. C. Negley, the *Commercial* now fabricates a new story, and introduces Mr. Mackey as the one who gave the check.

We have thus *three* distinct false stories put forth by that veracious sheet, each of which has been *shown* to be false; and here we have now Mr. Mackey's card, emphatically denying this last fabrication of all. Thus *four* manufactured slanders have been scattered to the winds, and the public will thus see the true character of the men we are contending with.

The old legal maxim has it, "*falsum in uno, falsum in omnibus;*" that is, a witness false in one thing, will be false in all things. But here is a man who is falsum in *quarto*, and falsum in *omnibus*. A witness thus caught on the stand would be set aside at once as unworthy of credence, and we are sure the public will not be more indulgent to one who has offended so flagrantly.

NOW AND THEN.

We request Republicans to search the *Commercial*, since the nomination of Hopkins, and see if they can find one word in opposition to the nominee of the Democracy. The *Commercial* and *Post* have, it would seem, an agreement to belie Negley and praise up Frew and Hopkins, and thereby throw the election into the hands of the Democracy. We challenge a Third Party man to show us where their organ has said one word against the election of Hopkins, or a Democrat to show us where their organ has said one word against Frew.

Mr. Frew's conduct in this campaign is inexplicable. He knows he cannot be elected. His daily intercourse with our citizens should have taught him this lesson long ago. We have been personally informed, within the last week, by those who have traveled all over this county, that, to use their expression, there is not the "ghost" of a chance for any man on their ticket but Walton. We have been told, over and over again, give us Walton, and the balance of the ticket, including Major Frew, may go.

We think that Mr. Frew should feel deep shame in allowing a faction to use his name for the sole purpose of defeating a good soldier, and electing a man who was a Southern sympathizer in heart during the war, and who never failed where he had the opportunity, to throw a stone in the way of the administration of Abraham Lincoln. We remember when Mr. Frew never allowed an opportunity to pass where a meeting was held in behalf of the brave men who had gone forward to the front, to rise with *tears in his eyes* and tell the audience of the hardships our brave soldiers had to endure while they at home were enjoying the luxuries of life as well as a home.

Mr. Frew will remember when he and others proclaimed from every stand in the county that those who were fighting the battles of our country, should, on the return of peace, occupy the positions of honor as well as offices of profit within the gift of the people. We have frequently heard him assert that those brave boys who were ready to lay down their lives for their country should and would have his support in preference to all others.

Is he doing it? We say no. Not only has he allowed himself to stand in the way of a good soldier being honored, but he is giving his support by staying in the field to a man who would to-day if he had gotten his way, had our nation divided, and war and strife carried on for years to come. We want Republicans to look at this from an unprejudiced stand-point. Who would have thought during the dark days of '61-2-3 that William Frew would to-day have allowed himself to be placed between a brave soldier and a Southern sympathizer for the purpose of electing the latter to have a voice in making our laws, whereby his rebel friends can gain what brave soldiers like Negley prevented them from doing.

WALTON ON THE BERGNER RECORD.

You know last winter we cut off old George Bergner, and Bergner said the Legislature was most monstrous and corrupt—old George Bergner, the sleek old fellow, a man who turned a soldier's widow out of the Postoffice in Harrisburg and obtained her place. You look through that report and you will find old George Bergner receiving for that *Legislative Record*—the little book they send out occasionally—you will find he got $68,000 for printing that. You know we had a big fight over it, and there were many speeches made before it was killed.

All this is well enough, and we admire the spirit of the Reformer in his ardent and earnest protestations. But unfortunately for Mr. Walton there is a screw loose in this virtuous indignation. We submit these facts to Mr. Walton. He can deny them if he thinks it worth his while to venture on a sea of troubles.

Mr. Walton advocated, *in Harrisburg*, Bergner's Record up to the hour the vote was taken. At the time that vote was taken Mr. Walton had an engagement with his Excellency, and did not vote at all. When his visit to the Governor was over, and he was back among his acquaintances, they charged him with having gone to see the Governor simply to "dodge" his vote. He denied this indignantly, and asserted he called on the Governor on business, adding that had he been present he would have voted *for* the Record. These are facts plainly stated, and which Mr. Walton can deny if they are untrue. At the same time he will tell us in that hard fight "we" had, and in which many speeches were made, if *he* made a speech.

PERSONAL FAVORS—PARTY DELINQUENCY.

Our Democratic friends when they have no chance of electing their candidates, usually nominate their best men, men who might ask in vain for party favors if the party had favors to dispose of. Some of these nominees are now busy soliciting Republican votes on personal accounts. How can a Republican yield to such persuasion? Is the personal obligation of a Democrat to oblige his Republican friend by voting the Republican ticket, or come out and join the Republican party not as strong in its *personal* aspects as any merely personal claims that can be addressed to a Republican to induce him to vote for a Democrat? No genuine Republican, of decided Republican principles, can dance to the music of that great and patriotic party if the fiddle has a Democratic string in it. He will not, merely to oblige a Democratic personal friend, do such violence to his own political confession of faith. Democrats themselves are not addicted to this kind of personal civilities or sacrifices.

JAMES H. HOPKINS.

There are three candidates for Congress from the XXIId District. One of these, Major William Frew, has not the most remote chance of being elected. His name has no other power than to further the election of the Democratic nominee. The contest is between Negley and Hopkins. Nor would there have been a fight worthy of being called a contest had not Frew been nominated by the Third Party. As it is, however, the choice of our citizens must be confined to Negley and Hopkins.

One of the first things that will strike every reader of the daily Democratic press is the silence studiously maintained over the past record of Mr. Hopkins. While the Democratic Party deals largely in what it will do in the future, it totally ignores what it has done in the past. This, however, is not absolutely necessary in the case of Mr. Hopkins. His record is well known to our citizens, and, although it may be kept out of the Democratic press for the sake of policy, it has not been, nor will it be, forgotten by the people.

James H. Hopkins was and is a Democrat of that school that placed every obstacle it could in the road of our Government to a successful termination of the war. He believes in the doctrine of "State Rights." He believes the fifteenth amendment unconstitutional. He declared in 1864 that the war was a failure. He supported the Democratic party in all their outrages on our soldiers. He would have deprived them of citizenship and rejected their votes. In a word, he was considered and was a strict party man and advocated every measure of that faction that worked eagerly to ruin the Government.

If during the war the Republicans of Allegheny county would have set James H. Hopkins aside, as a man who was dangerous in his political views, and who mingled fraternally with those who were disloyal to the Government, there is no reason why they should not set him aside to-day. What claims has he on the support of any loyal man? We say *loyal* because we acknowledge the existence of the crime of disloyalty as carried out by the Democratic party through the war, and asserted in their resolutions by many of their conventions to-day. There are, amid the Democratic ranks, some men who were true to our Government in the time of its trials, but James H. Hopkins is not one of these, nor can he show one act to endear him to the people.

We regard it as an insult to this grand old county, that a man, whose speeches are overflowing with venom against this government, should be deliberately set up in this community as a desirable candidate for Congress. We look upon it as a taunt to the soldiers of the war, that their denouncer should head the Democratic ticket. A man who was conspicuous in this county for Democratic spleen and Democratic virility. For traducing not only the loyal men who had gone forth to fight for our country, but by his every act blotting the memory of those who had gone to their graves from the bullets of traitors. He is responsible to-day, for the words he uttered throughout the war, and the Democratic party is responsible to-day for honoring this man who opposed the government.

Should this county endorse James H. Hopkins, they will endorse his Democratic speeches. Should the people elect him to office, they are simply asserting that the doctrine of "State rights" is the true doctrine; that the 15th amendment is unconstitutional; that Booth is a hero and Abraham Lincoln a dead traitor. It is, in a word, honoring the man who, through the war, the nation despised.

Has James H. Hopkins altered his opinions? Does he have convictions now, that he had not during the war? The resolutions of the convention that nominated him do not show one effort to redeem the past. There are no private retractions of Mr. Hopkins. He stands before this county a Democrat of the old school of '61 and later, and he has not one claim other than that he fought against the government and sided with the rebels. He is now, just what he was then, and the citizens of this county will receive him as such unless we have at least some retraction.

Is he the man that Allegheny county desires should be its Congressional representative? We know he is not, and that his past record alone will be sufficient to turn out the strength of the Republican party against him. But we want no half-way victory. We do not desire to have this county shadowed with the imputation, that Republicans did not arise *en masse* against this leader of the Democracy of the war. We are satisfied that the Republicans will vote solidly against him, independent of his additional record of free trade, and teach him the lesson there are no dead issues, where there is neither retraction nor repentance. We only regret, that there are a few men in our midst who are allowing themselves to be made tools of by scheming and designing men, so that the Republican majority may be reduced. We would have it overwhelming, as a convincing argument, that it will not do for the Democratic party to whine and cry over what they will do in the future, making violent promises for the performance of good works, and then deliberately prove those promises totally unworthy of all credence, by exhuming a Democratic war fossil and placing him with all his past records, at the head of their ticket. The man and the promises conflict.

DAMAGING RECORD.

We continue to publish from the *Evening Mail*, an independent journal in politics, its opinion of certain gentlemen, who are to-day denouncing all who don't agree with them as corrupt and belonging to "Rings." We are reliably informed that the history of this whole "Buckwheat Conspiracy" is being prepared, to be circulated through the county, and, if we mistake not, certain men who have hitherto rode on the upper crust will sink deeper in the estimation of the honest working people of this county than did any man who has heretofore lived in it. The *Mail* says:

There must be something terribly wrong with a man's early training, or subsequent business education, when he can recklessly engage in enterprises for his own selfish gain, with a full knowledge that his acts must of necessity bring want, trouble and ruin upon many of his neighbors. And this immaculate representative of the Reform party has been known to be engaged in all manner of RINGS, ever since he emerged from the parental roof and stood behind a counting room desk. We say there must be something wrong with the heart. A depth of moral depravity must surely have been reached, to permit one to engage in pernicious trickery of one kind or another, when the party of the first part knows in his heart that robbery is intended.

During the excitement caused by the great June frost of a dozen years ago, with the fears of a general famine as the result, when the whole land was in the deepest distress, and starvation caused the boldest heart to quake, what depth of moral turpitude must one have attained who could deliberately plan and organize a ring to elevate the price of the poor man's loaf, under the specious pretext of a short crop, taking advantage of the widow's tear, and the orphan's cry of distress to attain his object. Yet we are solemnly informed that such work was done, and whether our gallant Major was a party to the scheme, and blackened his conscience with this infernal conspiracy against the poor and lonely of the land, we leave the public to judge, only adding that his immense share of buckwheat looked suspicious, to say the least.

During this excitement whilst everybody seemed crazed with the phantom of a famine, some strange machinations were accomplished. We are told that so great was the demand for buckwheat, that agents were sent far and wide for its collection, and whilst these reformers of to-day, were piling it up, mountains high almost, the public were taxed each day with an addition to the price, and notified that the article, on account of its great scarcity, could not be had.

Next we hear from reliable men that in the depths of their troubles the poor, mindful only of their babes and little ones at home, and their own poverty, were induced through lying agents, to buy what was called buckwheat flour, but which proved on investigation to have been, what do you think, dear reader—dust ground from BROOM CORN.

Are these things true, say you? Can it be possible that any man could be guilty of such inhumanity in time of trouble? Can it be that the inordinate greed of gain, could lead any one to such diabolical acts? We must say yes, for we have it from such authority that we cannot question, much as we should wish to.

Then what manner of man is he who can smother all of the human instincts which are supposed to separate us from the brute creation, who can forget the cry of the WIDOW'S ORPHAN, and drown the dying wail of the poor victim, in order that his own purse can be made fat, and his gorgeous household may be maintained. Is he the man that should represent a constituency of hard fisted, honest working-men?

A DISTINGUISHED PENNSYLVANIAN.

We clip the following notice from the New Orleans *Republican*. The General McCleery, whom it so justly eulogises, is a native of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa. When he was yet quite young his father, Mr. J. W. McCleery, removed to Warren, Ohio, from which State the General volunteered in the recent war. When the rebellion was suppressed he settled at Shreveport, Louisiana, where he now resides and is held in such esteem that he has been nominated for, and will be triumphantly elected to Congress by a Republican constituency:

GENERAL JAMES M'CLEERY.

The Fourth District has honored itself in nominating General James McCleery for Congress. He is one of the ablest men in northwestern Louisiana, and will be a tower of strength in the coming campaign. He is one of the first scholars of the country. He graduated with high honors in '57, and entered upon the profession of the law. During the late war he served with distinction in the Federal army, losing an arm at Shiloh, and receiving a dangerous wound through the leg at Stone river. He is a sound Republican, and will be elected by a large majority.

REPUBLICANS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY:

We are again on the eve of another important election, and it is time that we should be awake to our responsibilities. The Democratic party is hard at work—with their principles the same to-day as in the days of the rebellion. Let us therefore see to it that our party principles,—the same which carried us, by God's help, through a gigantic rebellion of Democracy assisted by Northern Democrats—be enforced and sustained.

But another—a weaker faction—among which are to be found some good and honest men, have risen up, and called themselves the Reform Republican party, who ask your support, merely, as they say, for the sake of Reform.

Our Committee—made up mostly of business men, not politicians in the general acceptation of the word, and not office seekers, desiring the good of the party and its principles, as well as reform where reform is needed—created by the regular Republican County Convention, which was composed of some of the best men in the county, ask you as good Republicans and citizens not only to vote for but to work for the success of our ticket and the triumph of the principles of our party for the following reasons:

First—The only safety to our principles is in the party—a party divided against itself cannot stand.

Second—The platform of resolutions adopted by our Convention, accepted by our candidates, and thereto pledged, is stronger in principles of reform, than that of the Reformers.

Third—The next Legislature will be called upon to re-district the State into Senatorial and Representative districts—and hence the importance of having a majority of Republicans in both branches of the Legislature.

Fourth—Every vote cast for the Reform ticket is a vote thrown away, for they labor to no advantage, and hence, indirectly help the Democratic party.

Fifth—The strongest men on the Reform ticket, viz: Messrs. Nimick and Gray, were suggested for a similar position in our Convention on our ticket, but declined, as they said, for no other reason than they did not want the office.

Therefore, fellow-citizens, in behalf of the Committee I represent, as well as in my own individual right as a Reformer, I call upon you, nay, I insist that every one of you shall go to work and thoroughly organize yourselves in your several districts, and battle for the right. See that every Republican is working in the right direction, and on the day of election see that every Republican vote is out, and all will be well.

Remember our motto is "Work with Reform in an Undivided Party."

JOSEPH DILWORTH,
Chairman of the Republican County Committee.

THAT McKEESPORT FERRY.

SOUTH VERSAILLES TP.,
September 20th, 1870.

EDITORS PITTSBURGH GAZETTE: Having read the "maiden effort" on the stump of that "Pure Statesman" and "Orator" of the so-called Reform party, "Joe Walton," delivered in Birmingham on Saturday evening last, and hearing that the citizens of McKeesport will be treated to a similar burst of eloquence on Saturday evening next, I have thought proper to publish a few remarks by way of correcting him in some of his assertions before he repeats them in a neighborhood where the circumstances are too familiar with the people to allow him to misrepresent them. After his ridiculous effort to villify the old GAZETTE, the next object of his wrath was "some individual" in McKeesport borough, who, he says, acted in the capacity of Delegate and Secretary in the "last Convention" held in the "Court House," and intimates that said delegate and Secretary did not discriminate between his name and that of Mr. Warner's. Now, the last convention that met there *was Democratic*. The place was very suitable for "Joseph," but it may be that some people are not aware that his name was actually offered there as a candidate. Mr. Warner had no need of having his suggested in that body. If Joseph made a mistake and meant the regular Republican Convention, he is still wrong, for there was no delegate from McKeesport borough in that Convention acting as Secretary, and if there had been, the manner of voting would have prevented any desire of "the individual" to take advantage of "Joseph's ghost of a chance." So this imputation is about as worthless and silly as the balance of his speech—if speech it could be called.

He further states that this same "delegate and Secretary" belongs to "the ring," and was down at Harrisburg from McKeesport to get a ferry charter passed for the purpose of interfering with a ferry already in existence at the same place. "Joseph" is not only *mistaken* in this, but he also falsifies, considerably too. There was no person from McKeesport borough down at Harrisburg last winter trying to obtain a ferry charter, and we know of no person there that belongs to a "ring," except it be three or four persons who belong to Kirk, Carnahan & Co.'s "fraud."

Now, in order to enlighten the public more fully upon this "Ferry bill" which "Joseph" has seen fit to refer to so frequently in his remarks, I beg leave to offer the following particulars relating to it:

The citizens of McKeesport and the people on the banks of the two rivers adjacent, have for the last ten years suffered considerable inconvenience from the want of sufficient ferry facilities, and from the exorbitant rates charged by the present Ferry Company. The citizens have frequently agitated the matter of an additional ferry, to run from the foot of 5th street (a point one quarter of a mile from the present ferry,) to the village of Dravosburg, a point about one-half mile above on the opposite side of the river.

The matter only assumed definite shape last winter. After application had been made at Harrisburg through our representatives there, the parties interested in the old ferry, by false representations to the property holders near their landings, succeeded in getting some names to a remonstrance. One of the owners of the present ferry, armed with "this remonstrance," a fat pocket book, and accompanied by near relative who is a prominent Democratic leader in this county, proceeded to Harrisburg, to defeat the bill. The "Relative" did his part well. Every Democrat, with one single exception, voted against the bill. "Joe Walton" and several of the Railroad Ring, into which 'tis said "Joseph" was duly initiated, and received the usual fee, made up the majority of two which deprived McKeesport of the desired improvement.

There was a citizen of South Versailles township who went down to Harrisburg in the interest of the borough and while there showed Mr. Walton a petition signed by over three-fourths of the business men of the place, requesting the passage of the bill. The only reply it elicited was that *he* (Walton) *was under promise to certain individuals to oppose it*, and he fully redeemed that promise, although he was the only one of the Allegheny county delegation that did oppose the bill. I leave the public to draw their own inference. I do not know how much Walton's services depleted the pocket-book above referred to, but one thing I do know, a certain "pincher" (said to be in Walton's service) received *fifty dollars* for his share in the transaction.

I will just add that the above mentioned citizen of South Versailles had the honor to represent that district in the late Regular Republican County Convention, and had the additional honor of being one of the regularly elected secretaries of that body, and feels that he did his duty to the party and public at large by opposing the nomination of Joseph Walton, which was done without compromising himself with his duty as secretary or his obligation to the party that sent him there.

Respectfully,
"SOUTH VERSAILLES."

CARD FROM MR. MACKEY.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21, 1870.

EDS. GAZETTE: The following paragraph appears in the *Commercial* of Tuesday:

General Negley, Russell Errett and Felix C. Negley have appeared before the public with sundry statements relative to the appointment of Assessor, wherein they deny many things not charged and avoid altogether the material point that Gen. Negley's indorsement, whereon the appointment was obtained, was transferred from Felix to Errett as the result of a negotiation. They deny that certain persons paid any money or gave a check. Now we charge that Robert Mackey gave a $2,000 check, which was paid at the Allegheny National Bank, and that Felix C. Negley got the money.

I desire through you to deny this so far as it relates to me.

Respectfully yours,
R. W. MACKEY.

ST. LOUIS MAGNETIC SPRING WATER.

This most wonderful Magnetic Spring is attracting from its novelty and peculiarities the attention of the World. During the summer of 1869, while the Company were boring for Salt, a vein of water was struck flowing with such force as to throw the stream several feet above the surface. It was found to carry a powerful current of Electricity or Magnetism, which marks it as one of the most wonderful of Nature's Curiosities. The Water has been proven to possess most remarkable curative properties, being particularly effective in cases of Rheumatism, Paralysis, Gravel, Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia and all nervous diseases. Sold at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. of Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Sts.

TRUST WHAT TIME HAS SANCTIONED.

The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may, in some cases, be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses, extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worthy of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world innumerable preparations intended to compete with it, have gone up like rockets and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagle's flight. Its introduction produced a revolution in therapeutics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To-day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a larger sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, bilious disorders, nervous affections, general debility, and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it take precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers who endeavor to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
☞Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRATES! GRATES! GRATES!
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector Grate.
WHICH STANDS WITHOUT A RIVAL.

We claim for it the following advantages over any other in use:

1st. As a radiator of heat it has double the intensity.

2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—very little soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an actual saving of at least 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 3d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at this FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
At $2.50,
All-Wool Square Shawls
Worth $4.00.
At $5,00,
Double Blanket Shawls,
Worth $8.00.
At 18¾c., all the best makes new style Delaines.
At 18¾c., Barred Shirting Flannels, a great bargain.
At 6¼c., good Dark Calicos.
At 8½c., Fast Col'd Dark Calicos.
At 15c., extra wide Linen Toweling.
BLACK ALPACA LUSTRES.
French Merinoes
AND
ALL-WOOL DELAINES.
FANCY DRESS GOODS
IN ALL NEW FABRICS AND COLORS.
Cassimeres, Waterproofs,
FLANNELS,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
Hats and Bonnets,
RIBBONS AND FLOWERS.
OSTRICH TIPS,
And Other Novelties in Feathers.
BLACK & COL'D VELVETEENS,
Silk Velvets and Satins.
At $1.50, Gored Cloth Skirts, Embos'd Borders.
At 6¼c., Children's Balmoral Hose.
At 37½c., Men's Undershirts and Drawers.
At 75c., Mens' White Dress Shirts.
At 18¾c., Damask Towels, Turkey Red Border.
LACE COLLARS.
Chignons and Hair Pleits.
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
Jet Jewelry and Bracelets.
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

POPULAR GOODS. LOW PRICES.
BELL & MOORHOUSE,
NO. 21 FIFTH AVENUE,
New Goods!! *New Goods!!*
33 PER CENT.
UNDER LAST YEAR'S PRICES!!
Shawls, Plaids, Silks, Dresses,
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CHINTZFS, LINENS.
se19

GRAFF,
HUGUS
& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL STATIONERY.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL SLATES.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL CASKET.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL INKSTANDS.
SCHOOL INKS.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL CRAYONS
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL PENCILS AND PENS.
SCHOOL COPY BOOKS.
SCHOOL EXERCISE BOOKS.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL RULERS.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCHOOL REWARDS.
SCHOOL CAP.
A large stock and at genuine WHOLESALE PRICES.
J. L. READ & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
102 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
au5

"HILL & ADAM'S
SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Discount to the Trade.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my17:e8

SWEET POTATOES.—A small lot of choice Jersey Sweets. Just received and for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW, Cor. Liberty and Ninth streets.

NEW GOODS
HATS, CAPS,
AND
FURS.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street,
Have on hand the Largest and Most Complete Stock of HATS, CAPS and LADIES' FURS ever brought to this city, embracing every Style and Quality. MERCHANTS are requested to call and examine our stock. Our Goods are BOUGHT DIRECT from the Manufacturers FOR CASH, which enables us to sell as low as any House in the country.
Orders Promptly Filled.
M'CORD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Hats, Caps and Furs.
se13:d10

JOS. HORNE & CO.
Would Invite the Attention of
Milliners and Dealers
To Their Lines of
TRIMMING, BONNET,
AND
SASH RIBBONS,
Which have been Imported direct from Manufacturers. Also to their Assortment of
Bonnets, Velvets,
Black and Colored Satins.
Bow Ribbons,
Sashes and Sash Ribbons.
We are just receiving everything in
Millinery Goods,
Hats,
Flowers,
Feathers,
Plumes,
Crapes, Laces, &c.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
se1

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.

L. B. FULTON .... O. J. M'GANN.
FULTON & M'GANN,
Practical Plumbers,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL TRADE.
SUGAR,
TEA,
COFFEE.
DILWORTH,
HARPER & CO.,
243 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE HEAD OF WOOD ST.,
Are ready to offer for the Fall trade a full assortment of
GROCERIES,
Including Smoking and Chewing
TOBACCOS,
ALL QUALITIES OF
Syrups, Molasses,
AND
SUGARS.
ALL GRADES OF
COFFEES AND TEAS.
A FULL STOCK OF
Pure Spices.
A variety of Soaps, Oils, Candles, Brushes, Wooden Ware, Twine, Cords, Brooms, &c. Also, Baking Powders, Sodas, Starches, and all the merchandise usually kept by
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
se8

FINE WATCHES
BAILEY & Co
12TH & CHESTNUT ST,
PHILADELPHIA.
Perfection Timers.
The reputation and experience of 40 years, warrant us in saying that our stock of Fine Timekeepers of the best European and American Makers is now the largest in the country: and we guarantee that each Watch we sell, is finished with great mechanical precision, has all the late improvements, and will run regularly, well, and give satisfaction.
Inquiries promptly replied to.
Watches forwarded by Express for approval.

C. D. ARNSTHAL .... L. G. ARNSTHAL.
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
79 SMITHFIELD STREET Pittsburgh.
my17:e5

HAND BILLS,
POSTERS,
And all PRINTING, executed with promptness by
Allan C. Bakewell & Co,
75 WOOD STREET.
se13

REMOVAL.
Laing & McKallip
Have removed to 347 Liberty st., lately occupied by Culp & Shepard, where they will be pleased to meet their friends and the public generally. They have constantly on hand a choice assortment of Family Flour, Grain, Feed, Land and Calcined Plaster, White Lime, Foundry Flour, Baled Hay, &c. They are also general agents for the celebrated Johnstown Hydraulic and Louisville Cement and Anthracite Coal.

T. T. T.
Trego's Teaberry Toothwash.
Is the most pleasant, cheapest and best Dentifrice extant.
Warranted free from injurious ingredients.
It preserves and whitens the Teeth!
Invigorates and soothes the Gums!
Purifies and perfumes the breath!
Prevents accumulation of Tartar!
Cleans and Purifies Artificial Teeth!
Is a superior article for Children!
Sold by all Druggists and Dentists.
Proprietor, A. M. WILSON, Philadelphia.
For sale by all Druggists.
ja5:TTES

DREKA,
Importer and Retail Dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING,
PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING.
MONOGRAMS, ARMS,
ILLUMINATING, &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.
se11:d9-TTES

STONE
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
HOT AIR & CHIMNEY FLUES, &c.
A large and full assortment constantly on hand.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
au11:e31 132 SECOND AVENUE

JAMES RENO,
SEWER CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
The laying of Stone Pipe House Drains promptly executed.
OFFICE, 65 and 67 SANDUSKY STREET
Residence, 102 Fremont St., Allegheny. ja25:y5

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
ED. BARKER, Proprietor,
Cor. Penn St. and 11th, formerly old Canal

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE.
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
P. C. DUFFY'S,
ja15:e5 146 Grant street.

BALTIMORE HERRING, SHAD, &c.—New Potomac Shad in barrels and halves; now do Shad in barrels and halves; No. 1 Mackerel, all sizes of packages; No. 2 do, all sizes of packages; No. 3 do, all sizes of packages; Lake Herring, half and quarter barrels; Lake White Fish, half barrels; Labrador Herring, barrels and halves; Salmon in tins; Holland Herring. 100 large choice. For sale low to the trade.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
my10 172 and 174 Wood street.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON MORTGAGES.
GEO. S. HILL,
au16:e5 Cor. Wood street and Third avenue.

LONDON BISCUITS.—An assortment of the celebrated Park, Frean & Co's Biscuits, comprising the Pearl, Nic-Nacs, Gem Ring, A. B. C. and C. Just received at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, cor. Liberty and Ninth streets.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
ALL QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
We call the attention of the Trade to our NEW STOCK, the largest we have offered at this season of the year. Our assortment of
Tapestry and Body Brussels,
AND
Druggets and Drugget Squares,
Cannot be excelled by any in the market.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
se18:d&F

Carpets at Fair Prices.
Visitors to the GREAT FAIR are requested to look at the
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS
M'Farland & Collins
ARE NOW OFFERING IN
Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrain
CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths and Window Shades,
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
se12 SECOND FLOOR.

CARPETS.
New Rooms! New Goods!
NEW PRICES!
We have inaugurated the opening of our New Rooms with the
FINEST DISPLAY OF
CARPETS
Ever Offered in this Market.
LOWEST PRICES SINCE 1861.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO,
23 Fifth Avenue.
sp

CHEAP CARPETS.
Superior Ingrains,
$1.00 PER YARD.
COMMON CARPETS,
50 TO 25 CENTS PER YARD.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Avenue
je26 (Above Wood Street.)

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.

100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
QUEENSWARE,
FINE FRENCH.
China and Glass.
SILVER PLATED GOODS, DINNER
AND TEA SETS, TEA TRAYS
AND CUTLERY.
The best imported WHITE STONE WARE and COMMON GOODS at low prices.
R. E. BREED & CO.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

REYNOLDS STEEN & CO,
124 Wood Street
Importers and Dealers in
FRENCH, CHINA, FINE CUT GLASS AND
Queensware.
☞The largest assortment at New York prices.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. H. CUST
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.
The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods.
ja7:e16

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

Schmidt & Friday,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES.
Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
Cor. of ELEVENTH ST., formerly Canal.

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest Corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.,
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Sink Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Fire Stone and Tile Brick, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au24:e11

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, Sept. 20, 1870.

The offerings at Bank have decreased considerably, and the prospects for an easy fall market are much more reassuring. Contrary to the general expectation, deposits have thus far not been largely drawn upon, and the demand for loans is less this week than last. Some pretty large amounts of foreign paper, from Cleveland and elsewhere, have been thrown upon this market, and where the names were acceptable, readily taken up at fair rates of interest.

It would be reasonable to suppose that in a manufacturing population like our own, requiring so much capital, that our Banks and money lenders would find abundant use for their cash means in home paper. It has often been said, and we have no doubt of the truth of the remark, that for the amount of trade done, Pittsburgh employs more unborrowed capital than any city in the country, and to this fact may we, in part, ascribe our ability to aid western cities in the way of discounts.

The business in Stocks has been light thus far this week, but few Bank stocks offering. Allegheny Valley 7-30 Bonds maintain a steady quotation, 89 bid, 89½ asked. There are some enquiries for West Pennsylvania 7s, but we could learn of no transactions. Allegheny Valley 7's (new extension) are offered now and then, but have no established market value. The number yet issued is small. No transactions in Oil stocks, and but little enquiry this week for them. Insurance Stocks quiet. The only sale of late is a small lot of Citizens at 59.

The *Financial Chronicle* in its last issue, speaks of the New York Money Market in this wise. "We have an abundance of capital from domestic sources, and foreign lenders are filling up the channels of our circulating capital from the large idle surplus which is vainly seeking other employment in the English money market. Secondly, we are exempt from the fear of most of those causes of stringency which, through the Treasury and from other quarters, have sometimes given us a spasmodic or tight market in the fall, still a large number of good borrowers who are in the highest credit, are providing themselves with long time loans, and there is abundant reason for caution on the part of such of our manufacturers, merchants and industrial firms, as may find that they have failed to circumscribe their enterprises and operations within the bounds of their assured means. It is a healthy symptom, that this class of borrowers as we are assured, is smaller in this city than it has heretofore been."

Gold has been quiet and steady at 113⅜ to 114. Government Bonds dull but steady in tone, at but slight change either way from the current rates of yesterday.

Railways were quite weak at closing last evening, owing mainly to some "bear" canards in reference to New York Central, which have been pronounced false to-day.

The general market closes active, and rather excited with an advance in prices.

We have had occasion several times publicly and in private to call attention to the value of Railroad investments. Granting honest management and reasonable business ability upon the part of the parties in control, we do not know any safer or more profitable use of money than in many of our leading Railway Bonds and Shares. The shameless rascality and incompetence, which has characterized the management of some of the roads, has weakened confidence in all of them. The great outside have known but little of what was going on inside the Directors' room, and while ignorant of the tricks and swindlings, they have not been informed of the immense profits that many of the roads have made, and are to-day making in a legitimate way. We could tell some facts about the earnings of roads not a hundred miles from Pittsburgh, which would astonish the conservative old fogies, who "would not touch a railway share with a forty foot pole." To go away from home,—take the New York Central—upon its doubled and trebled, and doubled again capital, they have during the past six months paid four per cent in the way of dividends, paid off two millions of bonded indebtedness, and carried one million to surplus fund. A road nearer home is reported to have paid off its bonded debt within a few years past, and is now giving its share holders nearly thirty three per cent. upon the par value of their shares.

Closing quotations as received by James T Brady & Co:

Gold	113⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	[illegible]
U. S. 6s, 1881	[illegible]	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 1862	[illegible]	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 1864	[illegible]	U. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 1865	[illegible]	C. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 10-40	[illegible]	Cv. Pacifics	[illegible]

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 20, 1870.

The only feature of interest on Wall street this afternoon was the sudden collapse of the bear movement inaugurated yesterday on the Stock Exchange. The Railway share market at the lowest point of to-day showed an average profit of one per cent. on the bar sales of yesterday. This was too strong a temptation for some of the bears to resist and many accepted the profits, which turned the market upwards, and the day closed with an advance of one per cent. on the lowest figure of the day.

Money market easy at [illegible]. Exchange dull at [illegible]. Gold dull at [illegible]. Borrowing rates 1-64 to flat. Clearances [illegible].

Governments quiet and firm: Coupons, '81, [illegible]; '62, [illegible]; '64, [illegible]; '65, [illegible]; '65, new, [illegible]; '67, [illegible]; '68, [illegible]; 10-40s, [illegible]. Currency 6s, [illegible].

State securities dull and steady; Missouris, [illegible]; old Tennessees, [illegible]; new do, [illegible]; new Virginias, [illegible]; old North Carolinas, [illegible]; new do, [illegible].

Stocks are strong and higher; the chief dealings were in Lake Shore and Rock Island, one lot of [illegible] of the latter sold at [illegible].

Canton, [illegible]; Cumberland Coal, [illegible]; Western Union Telegraph, [illegible]; Quicksilver, [illegible]; Mariposa preferred, [illegible]; Adams Express, [illegible]; Wells & Fargo, [illegible]; American and Merchants Union Express, [illegible]; United States Express, [illegible]; Pacific Mail, [illegible]; New York Central, [illegible]; Scrip, [illegible]; Erie, [illegible]; do. preferred, [illegible]; Harlem, [illegible]; do. preferred, [illegible]; Reading, [illegible]; Michigan Central [illegible]; Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, [illegible]; Northwestern [illegible]; do. preferred [illegible]; Rock Island [illegible]; New Jersey Central [illegible]; St. Paul [illegible]; do preferred [illegible]; Wabash [illegible]; do preferred [illegible]; Fort Wayne [illegible]; Terre Haute [illegible]; do preferred [illegible]; Chicago and Alton [illegible]; do preferred [illegible]; Ohio and Mississippi [illegible]; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati [illegible]; Indiana Central [illegible]; Illinois Central [illegible]; Lake Shore [illegible].

Sub-Treasury Balance—Gold [illegible]; Currency [illegible].

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, September 20, 1870.

The oil market was exceedingly quiet today, the only new feature we have to notice being the reported failure of a prominent operator. We are without particulars, further than it is said he had a good many high priced contracts maturing, and being unable to meet them, was forced to go under. The party referred to has been considered a very conservative operator, has always stood well with the trade, and is entitled to sympathy now as he has got into trouble. Many good men have become involved in the same way, not through any fault of their own, being overtaken by misfortune, and we are in hopes that the party in this case may yet be able to get out with a whole skin. The oil market, as is well known, very frequently takes some very queer freaks, very often takes the very opposite course from that which was generally expected, and is remarkably sensitive.

CRUDE.

But a single sale reported: 1,000 seller October at [illegible]; seller September quoted at [illegible]; October, [illegible]; seller all year, [illegible]; buyer all year, [illegible].

REFINED.

Sale of 1,000 bbls spot at [illegible], a decline of a full cent as compared with yesterday, which is a very important decline in so short a time. November nominal at [illegible]; December [illegible]; buyer all year [illegible].

RECEIPTS CRUDE.

Union Refinery [illegible], account Fisher Bro; Fairview Oil Works [illegible], account Parker & T.; J W C Tweddle [illegible], account Thos. Cheek; Penn. Oil Works [illegible], account Fisher Bro; Fisher Bro. [illegible], account L W Young; Tack Bro. 76, account O S Goldrich.

Total ... 1,257 bbls

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, September 20, 1870.

The Chicago *Republican* in alluding to this last flurry in the grain markets, says: "The causes of the high prices may be stated in a few words: First, Eastern and foreign markets are on the upgrade; stocks at the principal grain centers are not large for this season of the year; the quality of the grain for sale is *par excellence*; the prices ruling a few days ago, and before the present advancing tendency set in, were undoubtedly very low; and last, but not least, the European conflict is not yet at an end, and may not terminate for some time. Still, again, the effect of the war has not manifested itself in the breadstuffs markets, the belligerents on both sides using what stocks they had on hand at the outbreak of of the struggle. Since that time comparatively little grain has been shipped to France or Germany, but now buyers for the markets of both countries have put in an appearance at New York, and are taking cargoes every day, and there is a prospect that their purchases will gradually grow, as it is settled beyond a doubt that the yield of breadstuffs in both countries has been materially affected by the war, and it is now too late to begin fall planting there, consequently those countries will be dependent on foreign markets for their supplies for some time to come, and America will without doubt be called upon for a good proportion of the amount needed."

APPLES—The arrivals continue fair but with a steady demand prices are sustained, though unchanged at $3@3 per bbl. The high prices of other fruits tends to keep up the demand for apples.

ASHES—Common soda ash, 4; refined, 4½; Pearls, 9¼; Pots 7¼.

BEESWAX—Sales at 36 to 38 cents.

BUTTER—Prime butter is scarce and in demand with regular sales at 28@30, but the market is pretty well glutted with the common and inferior grades, and the demand for these grades is very light unless at very low figures.

BROOM CORN—Is coming in pretty freely and while it is still reported dull it is not quotably lower. We continue to quote at 6@7 cents.

CIDER—Sales prime sweet $7@8.

BEANS—Dull; $1.50@2 per bushel, the outside figure for choice navy.

CORN MEAL—Is dull and unchanged, 90@95 per bushel.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $3@3½, and Calcined Plaster at $4½ per bbl.

CHEESE—Quiet and unchanged. Western Reserve, 11 to 13c; Ohio Factory 13½@14c; Ohio Goshen 14@15c.

CRANBERRIES—Have just made their appearance, and as yet, the supply is meagre. We quote at $14@15 per bbl for prime cultivated.

CARBON OIL—The demand is only moderate and prices are unchanged, ranging from 22½@23 cents for standard brands in new barrels.

DRIED FRUITS—Demand very light and stock almost exhausted.

EGGS—Scarce and with an improved demand, the market is firmer with sales at 23@24 cents.

FRUITS—Peaches continue to sell readily at $3@4 per bushel, and Plums at $4.50@5.50. Grapes in better demand and higher, with sales at 6@8 cts per lb.

FLOUR—Is steady with a moderate local demand, though devoid of excitement and unchanged. We continue to quote western flours, in store, at $6@7 per bbl, for fair to choice brands. Rye flour $5.50@6.

GRAIN—There appeared to be less strength in the grain market to-day, which was owing to the reaction in Chicago, as prices are off considerably, and it looks as if the recent advance would be almost if not altogether lost. Wheat is not coming in very freely and there is rather more inquiry for it; we now quote at $1.20@1.25 for fair to choice red, and $1.30@1.35 for white. Oats steady with a demand about equal to the supply; we continue to quote at 44@45 buying, and 47@50, selling, sales on track at 47@48. Ear Corn is scarce, and in good consumptive demand, and we can report small sales at 90@93. Shelled Corn is quiet and unchanged, 85@88—about 80 in first hands. There is some little inquiry for Rye and the market is almost bare; 85 bid for spot and 90 for future delivery. Barley is very irregular, as there is a great difference in the quality, and sales of spring are being made at a range of 25@30 and 35 cts per bushel, from 80 cts up to $1.10 and $1.15; sale 2 cars No. 2 Chicago spring at $1 10.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade is improving, as country merchants are taking hold pretty freely and the prospects are favorable for a good fall trade. Sugars are moving pretty freely though unchanged. Crushed, 14½; A Coffee, 13¾; B, do. 13½; Extra C, 13¼. Syrups have commenced to move again and will doubtless continue active during the fall and winter. New Orleans Molasses scarce and firm at 85@90.

HAY—Is coming in pretty freely but as the demand seems to be improving, prices are fully sustained, $12@18, from country wagons.

HONEY—Sales at 25@30 cts.

HUSKS—Sales at 2½@3 cts.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.25 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

LARD OIL—No. 1 extra is quoted at $1.10@1.20, and No. 2 at 85@87.

MILLFEED—Is scarce and in good demand, though unchanged. Bran 90c@$1; seconds, $1.15@1.20, and middlings $1 75@2.00. Oil Meal $40@42 per ton.

ONIONS—In fair demand but unchanged; sales at $2.50@2.75 per bbl.

POTATOES—Regular sales of Sweets at $4 for Baltimores, and $4.50 for prime Jerseys.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork is lower, being quoted at $28. Lard also a shade lower, prime kettle rendered in tierces 16½; in kegs 18½; refined in buckets 19. Plain shoulders, 14½; short ribbed sides 17½; clear sides, 18¾@18½; canvassed sugar cured hams, 25; plain do. 24@24½; dried beef, 23½@24.

POULTRY—Spring chickens are higher with sales at 55@60 cents per pair by the coop.

RAGS—Quoted at 4@4½.

TALLOW—Rendered 8½@9.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60@1.65 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—Timothy seed is dull as the demand has fallen off very materially, and prices although unchanged are tending downward. We continue to quote at $5@5.50. Flaxseed is quoted at $2.15, and very little offering. Nothing doing in Clover seed.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York.

NEW YORK, September 20.—Cotton dull and declined irregular; sales of 645,250 bales middling upland at 18⅛@18¼c. Flour dull and a shade lower; sales of 10,050 bbls superfine at $4.90@5.15; extra $5.30@5.65; choice $5.65@5.95; white wheat $5.85@6.25; Ohio $5.40@6.25; St. Louis $5.40@8.00; and closing heavy and 10c lower. Corn meal quiet. Wheat dull and 1 to 2c lower; sales of 85,000 bush No. 2 spring at $1.12@1.17; the latter extreme for No. 1, spring old $1.20@1.25, new $1.29, Nos. 1 and 2 mixed $1.16¼; receipts, 28,000 bush. Rye dull and unchanged. Corn is in fair demand and advanced 1@2c; sales, 49,000 bush; mixed 90@91c, high mixed 92@93c, inferior 87c. Oats in fair demand; sales, 59,000; western 53@55c, Ohio 54@56c; receipts, 5,000 bush. Hay unchanged. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coffee is in fair demand and quiet. Sugar steady and in moderate demand; Cuba 9@10c, Porto Rico 10c. Molasses dull. Rice dull and unsettled. Petroleum quiet and unchanged at 13⅞@25¾c. Butter is steady and in moderate demand. Cheese dull and unchanged. Pork dull and nominal, with sales 1,100 bbls; large sales could not be made at quotations; mess active at at $25.50; prime $22.50@23.50. Beef quiet, steady and unchanged. Bulk Meats quiet and unchanged, with sales pickled hams at 19@20c and long clear middles at 16c. Lard steady: steam 15@16c; kettle 16@16½c; seller December at 14½c. Whiskey in fair demand at advanced rates, with sales 450 bbls at 88½@91c, closing at 91. Turpentine very weak at 38½c. *Freights* to Liverpool firm: flour 2s 3d.

Latest.—Flour dull and declined 5@10c. Wheat dull and 1@2c lower; No 2 spring $1.10@1.14, winter red and amber $1.32@1.34. Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn: demand fair and firm; mixed 90@92½c. Oats firm; Ohio 55@57c. Petroleum: demand good at full prices. Pork quiet and unchanged. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged; full prices asked, but no demand. Bacon unchanged and firm. Lard quiet and unchanged; prime steam 15½c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—Cotton—private advices more unfavorable than public ones. Flour—demand light and holders firm for extra spring; sales 400 bbls; superfine winter $4.10@4.25; extra $4.40@4.50; double extra $4.75@4.87½. Wheat quiet and unchanged for spring; No 2 95c; winter dull and buyers holding off; No 2 red winter $1.10@1.11; No 1 $1.15@1.16. Corn—demand light and holders firm at 70@73c for white. Oats is slightly better at 43@44c. Barley dull, but holders are unwilling to make concessions; 90c@$1.10 for prime to choice. Rye: demand light and holders firm; [illegible]. Tobacco steady and in moderate demand. Whiskey in fair demand and price advanced; [illegible]. Pork dull and drooping; [illegible] higher on orders. Bacon: only limited jobbing demand; shoulders 14c, clear rib 17c, clear 17½@18c. Hams: sugar cured 24c. Lard: limited jobbing demand; [illegible]. Cattle dull and drooping; [illegible] for inferior to prime, [illegible] for choice. Hogs steady and in moderate demand; [illegible].

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, September 20.—Flour active at an advance; family [illegible], extra [illegible]. Wheat opened firm, but closed firm; No 1 red winter [illegible], No 1 white Kentucky [illegible]. Corn active and advanced 2c; No 1 mixed [illegible], No 1 white [illegible]. Oats firm and in fair demand; [illegible]. Rye quiet and weak; [illegible]. Barley firm and in fair demand; No 1 fall [illegible]. Cotton dull; holders anxious to sell; middling 18c. Tobacco dull and nominal. Whiskey firm and in fair demand; wood [illegible], iron [illegible]. Pork dull and unchanged; [illegible]. Bulk meats dull and nominal; shoulders 12½c, sides 15½c. Bacon dull and unchanged; shoulders [illegible], sides [illegible], clear rib and clear 17½c. Lard in fair demand at lower rates; [illegible]. Butter active and advanced; [illegible]. Eggs [illegible]. Clover seed retailing at [illegible]. Coffee dull and lower; [illegible]. Sugar: demand light and holders firm. Oils unchanged.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 20.—Exchange unchanged. Flour quiet and weak. Wheat dull and has declined 1 to 1½c; sales at [illegible] for No. 2 spring. Corn active and [illegible] lower; sales at [illegible] for No. 2 mixed. Oats dull and has declined [illegible]; sales at [illegible] for No. 2. Rye dull and has declined 3c; sales at 71c for No. 2. Barley dull and has declined [illegible]; sales at [illegible] for No. 2. Highwines easier, opened at 87c, declined to [illegible] and closed at [illegible] for iron bound. Pork quiet and weak at [illegible] for mess, seller December. Receipts were [illegible] bbls flour, [illegible] bush wheat, [illegible] bush corn, [illegible] bush rye, 7,475 bush oats, [illegible] bush barley. Shipments: [illegible] bbls flour, 11,700 bush wheat, [illegible] bush corn, [illegible] bush rye, 2,500 bush oats, 645 bush barley. Freights dull. Cattle quiet at [illegible]. Hogs steady and the demand moderate at [illegible].

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, September 20.—Flour dull and drooping, with sales extra superfine spring at [illegible]; receipts [illegible] bbls; shipments [illegible]. Wheat quiet and weak, with No 1 at [illegible] and No 2 at [illegible]; receipts [illegible] bush; shipments [illegible]. Corn dull and drooping, with rejected at [illegible]. Rye dull and unchanged. Oats steady and in moderate demand. Barley firm and in fair demand.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, September 20.—Cotton nominal at [illegible]; receipts [illegible] bales; exports [illegible]. Flour dull at [illegible]. Oats unchanged. Bran active at 18c. Lard nominal. Pork nominal. Bacon: shoulders 14½c; sides [illegible].

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, September 20.—Flour steady and in moderate demand, with superfine winter at [illegible]. Wheat dull and a shade lower; No. 1 red winter $1.21; No. 2 $1.18. Corn—demand good at full prices: No. 1 white 76c. Oats steady at 45c. Petroleum: crude firmer at $4.40; refined steady with a moderate demand at 22½c buyer September.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 20.—Raw whisky active and firm at 29@30c. Cotton dull and drooping; middling 17½c. Flour in demand and firm; extra winter $5.25. Grain dull and unchanged. Pork in light demand and holders firm; mess $27. Bacon in light demand and holders firm at 14½@17@18c. Bulk meats in light demand, but holders firm at 13, 15½@16½c. Lard quiet and weak at 16c in tierces. Hams 24@25c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 20.—Flour dull, but unchanged. Wheat active and advanced; Ohio and Indiana red $1.38@1.42, amber $1.45. Rye: demand fair and advanced; 90c. Corn in fair demand; mixed 90@93c, yellow 94½@97c. Oats: demand fair and firm; 54@56c. Provisions dull. Crude petroleum feverish; 16¼c. Whiskey quiet; iron 88½@89c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Market active and an upward tendency still in the price of goods, which is a questionable policy. Lyman G brown canton flannels advanced from 14 to 20c; Pemberton Y bleached do from 19 to 20; Imperial X 4-4 bleached muslins from 11 to 11½c, and Continental D 4 inch brown firm at 15½@18c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, September 20. Flour dull but unchanged. Wheat dull and declined 7@8c; white Michigan $1.20, amber Michigan $1.16, No. 1 amber Illinois $1.38, No. 2 $1.28, No. 1 red Wabash $1.20, No. 2 $1.18. Corn dull and declined 2@3c; No. 1 white 72c, No. 2 70c, yellow 77c. Oats dull and declined 2c; No. 1 43c, No. 2 40c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 20.—Flour steady. Wheat firm. Corn scarce and firm; mixed 85@88c. Rye dull but unchanged at 60@75c. Mess pork quiet. Bacon—Sides 17½c; clear rib 25@25½c. Lard quiet at 16½c. Whiskey held at 92@93c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.—Cotton dull and a shade lower; middling 17½c; sales 800, receipts 675, stock 16,645 bales.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. September 20.—4 sks wool, Graff & F; 9 bales broom corn, H R McClelland; 24 bgs t seed, Bricker & Co; 10 bbls liquor, Adler, R & Co; 60 g hides, G N Hoffstott; 10 bbls liquor, J O'Connor; 7 pkgs crackers, J S Moore; 5 bbls alcohol, B L Fahnestock & Co; 14 do spirits, Hostetter & Smith; 2 do alcohol, R E Sellers & Co; 15 do liquor, S McCrickert & Co; 10 do gin, Littell & Mechling; 45 pkgs lard, J H Parker; 100 pails lard, Rees Owens; 25 cases do, E H Myers & Co; 1 car barley, Bruggerman & O'B; 100 bbls flour, owner; 50 bdls broom handles, James Conner; 89 bbls apples, 22 bxs cheese, W H Graff & Co; 4 pkgs leather, W Flaccus & Son; 5 sks t seed, 9 bbls apples, Houck, J & Co; 1 car barley, Pier, D & Co; 1 do do, J M Carson; 35 bbls apples, H Rea Jr; 10 bales moss, T B Young; 10 bbls oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 17 cases handles, Park & Dean; 5 pkgs lard, 50 bxs cheese, Voigt, M & Co; 10 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 7 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 100 do do, owner; 25 do do, Schomaker & Co; 50 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 50 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 38 do do, J B Canfield; 25 do do, H Riddle; 80 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 49 do do, Frazier, M & Co; 9 rolls leather, D Chesnut & Co; 50 sks rags, McElroy & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 9 do apples, Woodworth & D; 1 bbl tallow, Reed & Johnston; 18 do apples, Vangorder & S; 6 do do, Day & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, September 20.—16 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do. blooms, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 10 do. ore, Shoenberger, B & Co; 1 do. do. McKnight & Co; 1 do. do. Brown & Co; 1 do. lumber, John Heath; 2 do. do. Bunton & Miller, 1 do. do. R A Clark; 140 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 500 bxs soap, J H Lippincott; 200 boxes starch, Arbuckles & Co; 25 do. do. Rinehart & Co; 9 bbls apples, Kaler & Wood, 11 pkgs tobacco, Rankin; 25 do. do. Atwell & Lee; 14 do. do. Voight & M'Graw; 20 do. do. R F Weddle; 1 car millfeed, J & W Fairley; 38 bbls molasses, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 13 sks f seed, M B Suydam; 189 bgs oats, M'Henry & Hood; 21 bbls apples, 1 do. eggs, 2 bgs seed, Vanfosen & Co; 3 bbls apples, Day & Co; 11 do. John Herber; 12 do. apples, Houck, J & Co; 3 do. eggs, H Riddle; 9 bbls apples, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 25 bxs cheese, Watt, Lang & Co; 500 oil bbls, C A Wormcastle; 100 do. do. D B Moore, 50 bbls oil oil, Pennock & Beeson; 50 doz brooms, S P Shriver & Co; 20 do. Arbuckle & Co; 348 sks millfeed, Schnelbach & Co; 3 rolls leather, M Delange.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, September 20.—6 cars staves, W Hastings; 2 do wheat, J W Bomgarder; 39 bgs wheat, 30 do rye, 143 do barley, 73 do oats, 7 do corn, McHenry & Hood; 78 do oats, S B Floyd & Co; 55 do wheat, 30 do barley, Meanor & Harper; 33 do oats, F Schield; 11 do potatoes, J McVay; 15 bgs seed, Rose & Ewing; 2 bbls eggs, B L Cole; 16 bgs barley, S Hood; 1 car barley, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 54 bbls bone coal, Seward & Emerson.

ALLEGHENY STATION, September 20.—35 bxs starch, R & A Carson; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 304 bags millfeed, Houck, Jamison & Co; 1 car lumber, A C Taggart; 1 car shingles, C C Boyle & Co; 1 car cooperage, Ralyae & Robertson; 400 bags barley, J Rhodes & Co; 1 car metal, Lewis, Oliver & P; 2 do. do., Lindsey & M'Cutcheon; 5 sks feathers, Jos. Craig.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, September 20.—1 car lime, Henderson Bro; 52 sks wheat, Adams & Knox; 1 car railroad iron, B R & M RR Co; 113 bbls tar, L Oppenheimer; 1 car metal, W Smith; 1 do do, McKnight & Co; 2 do do, Brown & Co; 15 tubs butter, G A Boyce; 16 sks rags, McElroy & Co; 6 sks rags, Frazier, M & Co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, September 20.—20 bbls flour, J S Dilworth & Co; 146 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 4 cases grapes, W J Steel & Bro; 8 sks wheat, 23 do oats, Keil & Ritchart; 3 pkgs butter, 1 do eggs, Hammett & Smith; 155 bbls whisky, W J Meek; 1 pkg eggs, 1 do butter, M W Rankin & Bro; 5 bbls crackers, Kramer B & Co; 2 do do, J H M'Kinnell; 36 bgs corn, W D West & Bro; 6 pkgs butter, 2 bbls eggs, 5 coops chickens, M'Crackin, G & Co; 20 bbls flour, J I House & Co.

GENEVA PER BELLE September 20.—145 sks oats, Hitchcock, McC & Co; 120 do do, 8 do barley, 62 do oats, S Brown; 65 do oats, 9 do corn, S B Floyd & Co; 1 coop chickens, 1 bbl butter, Atwell & Lee; 50 o bbls, A Kirk; 7 bales hay, Wm. M'Elroy & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS. ap8

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DRIED PEACHES.—5 bbls for sale by J. B. CANFIELD

RIVER NEWS.

River falling slowly with about 17 inches in channel and of course, business at the main landing is entirely suspended. Weather clear and pleasant, and the prospects for rain and a rise, are about as remote as ever.

—The Georgia Steamboat Co., at Rome a few days ago, launched a steamer to navigate the Upper Coosa River. Her capacity is reported to be 750 tuns, and is intended, when completed, to draw only five inches water. This is the second boat this Company has built since the war. The first was the Etowah, built three years ago, which proved a success, and has been doing a fine business between Rome and Greensport, the head of the shoals on the Coosa.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: A meeting will be held at the Spencer House next Wednesday, to renew efforts looking toward making our city warf free and to arrange other matters of public interest, as former meetings failed to accomplish the object as completely as desired. It is expected that Hon. Job Stevenson, Hon. Benj. Eggleston and Hon. S. F. Cary will be present to address the meeting in favor of the project.

—Says the Cincinnati *Enquirer* of Monday: Southern freights are still offering plentifully, but owing to the difficulty of transporting them around the falls, are not taken as rapidly as they would be under more favorable circumstances. Very little relief can be expected for Cincinnati merchants till the opening of the Louisville Canal.

—The river at Memphis is rising slowly. The Arkansas is rising slowly with 4½ feet of water in the channel to Little Rock; over three feet above there. White River remains unchanged, and boats experience considerable difficulty in navigating above Duvall's Bluff.

—The Dover (Tenn.) *Record*, of Friday, says: The water in the Cumberland river is decreasing rapidly and growing beautifully less. The prospect for low water is promising, judging from the shoals above town, which are now high and dry.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Capt. Van Hook, of the Carrie V. Kountz, is at last settling down here permanently, having rented a house; and Mrs. Van Hook is now *en route* from Pittsburgh to join the Captain. They continue to come.

—Captain Marsh Clark will have command of the Ozark when she enters the Wheeling and Cincinnati trade in place of the R. R. Hudson, Jack Chambers will manage matters in the office.

—Steamboatmen on the Upper Missouri are anticipating a busy time this fall transporting Government supplies.

—The Granite State has taken the place of the Telegraph in the Cincinnati and Big Sandy trade.

—Charley Clarke, of the Louisville *Sun*, is reported to have fallen heir to one million dollars in Texas.

—The snag boat has finished removing snags from Marietta to the month of the Little Muskingum.

—The Argosy has gone into the Cincinnati and Gallopolis trade as a low water boat.

—The Kate Putnam and Lorena are both loading at Portland for New Orleans

—The Bon Accord, on her way up to St. Louis, broke a shaft below Chester.

—The Armada and Milbrey are doing a very light business on the lower Ohio.

—The Henry Ames is to be lengthened 40 feet at Memphis.

RIVER PACKETS.

NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS and NEW ORLEANS.—The staunch and fast steamer MESSENGER .... Capt. ——, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports direct, on first rise of water. For freight or passage apply on board or to GEO. H. CHRIEST & CO., se7 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS, numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,

143 SMITHFIELD STREET.

ASSESSMENTS.

OPENING OF JUSTIN STREET, PITTSBURGH. NOTICE.—The assessments made by the viewers on the opening of Justin Street are now in my hands for collection. Persons on whom assessments were made are required to pay the same within thirty days of this date, after which time the unpaid assessments will be filed as liens against the properties assessed, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Att'y.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 2, 1870. se3:c19

EDUCATIONAL.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. English and French, for young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 21. French is the language of the family and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAM DE HERNILLY, Principal.

je30:s17-TTHS

Duff's College

NO. 37 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

An Old and Reliable Institution!

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Used as a text-book.

PENMANSHIP.

Instruction and Lectures daily by Wm. H. DUFF.

BOOK-KEEPING DEPARTMENT.

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For Circulars, address

P. DUFF & SONS.

P. DUFF & SONS,

Commission Merchants,

au17:c9-aaF No. 196 SECOND AVENUE.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Sept. 1, 1870.

To Delinquent Tax-payers in the City of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who have not paid their taxes, rates, levies or assessments in said City of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the

1st Day of October Next,

And if the same is not paid on or before the first day of October next, then FIVE PER CENT. will be added thereto and made payable thereon, and if the same be not paid on or before the First day of November next, following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons commanding each of them to levy for said taxes with all costs and charges accrued thereon, of any goods and chattels of the delinquents wheresoever found and to make sale thereof after advertisement as in cases of distress for rent.

D. MACPHERSON, City Treasurer.

se1:c87

DOUBLE BARREL

SHOT GUNS!

The shooting season has just commenced, and I have a fine assortment of Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns, varying in price from $9 50 to $150 00, some of them very fine. Sportsmen will do well to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere at

JAMES BOWN'S,

se5 136 WOOD STREET.

AGENTS WANTED FOR BELDEN: THE WHITE CHIEF. Twelve years among the wild Indians of the Plains. The wild adventures and thrilling experience of GEORGE P. BELDEN, who, fired with a thirst for a knowledge of the red men, their *sports, traditions, wars, great buffalo hunts, &c.*, left a home of luxury, sought and joined the Indians, became a famous *warrior, hunter,* and finally *chief* of 100 lodges. This new book, replete with stirring recitals of real Indian life, *daring deeds, hairbreadth escapes, amusing scenes, &c.*, on tinted paper, 70 spirited engravings, one of author in hunter's dress, will be eagerly sought for and read with avidity. Be wide awake and send early for illustrated sample page, circular, terms and choice field.

A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher, 400 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

se13:d48-T

RAZORS, SCISSORS,

AND ALL KINDS OF CUTLERY.

Ground and Repaired in the best manner. Also, STAMPS, BRANDS and CANCELLING BRANDS made and repaired at

se5 JAMES BOWN'S, 136 Wood street.

APPLE PARERS.

LIGHTNING AND TURN TABLE

APPLE PARERS.

A full stock of either kind on hand, and will be sold at Manufacturer's prices by

se5 JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,

TIN ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing, Cornice work, Tin, Copper or Sheet Iron work. No. 28 Ohio St., Allegheny City, Pa. au25:c08

DRIED APPLES.—10 bbls extra nice, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

No. 80 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH

CASH CAPITAL $200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall,	John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon,	Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott	Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech,	Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd.	

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. te10:h43

Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND AVE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

Gold, Coupon Bonds and Stock

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

A. BRADLEY, President,
W. VANKIRK, Vice President,
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr, Cashier.

oc8:daT

Allegheny Savings Bank,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

ORGANIZED IN 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE. Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.

DIRECTORS:

James L. Graham,	John Benn,
A. Moore,	G. Wettach,
D. DeHaven,	Andrew Ackley,
	S. H. Geyer.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.

JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. ju16:a10

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,

Of Pittsburgh.

No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.

Capital Stock .... $500,000.

J. W. COOK, President,
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

je25:z8

THE DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK,

No. 6 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL $240,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE. Deposits in sums of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections, proceeds of which will be remitted promptly.

DIRECTORS:

James M. Cooper,	Abraham Garrison,
James E. J. Allison,	Andrew L. Robinson,
Wm. Hinds,	L. Widerheld,
Jos. Fleming,	N. P. Sawyer,
Wm. D. Cooper.	

President—N. P. SAWYER.
Cashier—JOHN S. SCULLY. te9:y22

CITY BANK,

112 FIFTH AVENUE.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL $100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE. INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

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Thomas Rourke,	Hugh Keating,
Patrick Kane,	Terence Campbell,
Chas. B. Barr,	James Phelan,
Chas. Magina	H. A. Freyvogle,
R. J. Grace,	Thomas Barnes.
N. Stupy.	

jel:k5 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

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FOR THE

Safe Keeping of Valuables,

Under guarantee, and the renting of Safes in its

Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,

No. 83 Fourth Ave.

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Vice President—HENRY FLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

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Henry Lloyd,	Jos. S. Morrison,
William Rea,	George Black,
William M. Lyon,	Curtis G. Hussey.
Jas. I. Bennett,	

Sec'y and Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.

Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY,

No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL $300,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

ALEXANDER BATES,	JOHN LINDSAY,
A. H. ENGLISH,	D. S. MACRUM,
W. H. EVERSON,	JOHN O. PHILLIPS,
W. O. HUGHART,	B. F. WILSON,
	JACOB KLEE.

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas. INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS. Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,

Pittsburgh. Pa.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

Government Bonds.

ALSO

Sight Draughts on London.

my1:s88

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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ja29:al

A CHOICE

AND

UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

7 Per Cent. Gold

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

Coupon or Registered

(AND FREE OF U. S. TAX,)

ISSUED BY THE

Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota R. R. Co.

We are still offering a limited quantity for sale at

90 and Accrued Interest.

Interest payable May and November.

J. EDGAR THOMPSON, CHARLES L. FROST, } Trustees.

The greater part of the road is already completed, and the earnings from the finished portion are already more than sufficient to pay operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work is progressing rapidly, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road. The established character of this line, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security.

These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at no distant day to command a market price considerably above par, besides paying about 9 per cent. currency, interest in the meanwhile. U. S. Five-twenties at present prices only return 5 per cent., and we regard the security equally safe.

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TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
BARKER, BROS. & CO., Philadelphia.
KURTZ & HOWARD, Philadelphia.
BOWEN & FOX, Philadelphia.
DeHAVEN & BRO., Philadelphia.

au15:a18

FINANCIAL.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 65 Fourth Avenue.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS, $2,598,371 60

Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of Six Per Cent. per year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

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Benj. F. Fahnestock,	John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley,	James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds,	Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Christian Yeager.

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Calvin Adams,	Peter A. Madeira,
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SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

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No. 35 Bank Block,

PITTSBURGH, PA

CAPITAL $100,000

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections made in all the principal Cities of the United States and Canadas.

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JAMES H. HOPKINS,	GEORGE BINGHAM,
JULIUS ADLER,	ABRAM HAYS,
JAMES BOWN,	PAUL H. HACKE,
J. H. WALTER,	JAMES LYONS.

THOS. FAWCETT, President.
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
M. HUNNINGS, Ass't. Cashier.

ap11:v70MWF

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JOHN McKIRDY .... A. TAYLOR.

Jno. McKirdy & Co.,

General Commission Merchants,

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Feed, &c.

No. 351 Liberty Street.

ju28:61 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.

W. M. GORMLY,

Wholesale Grocer,

271 LIBERTY STREET,

(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Meanor & Harper,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

No. 330 LIBERTY STREET.

Consignments solicited. se7

W. C. Armstrong,

(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,)

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ap18:x89 No. 23 MARKET STREET.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

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M. STEELE .... J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

And Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c., &c. No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, Allegheny City.

JOHN SHIPTON .... A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 8 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE....EDW. HOUSE....WM. M. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

OILS.

W. W. McClelland & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Lubricating, Lard, Linseed, Carbon,

AND

HEAD-LIGHT OILS.

OFFICE: ROOM 5, GAZETTE BUILDING, Pittsburgh, Pa.

All orders promptly filled, and Oils delivered free of charge in quantities to suit purchasers in the city. au13:b66

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Petroleum.

4 PERRY'S BUIDING,

Pittsburgh.

CHAS. C. BURKE.
JOSEPH P. WOOD.

CHARLES C. BURKE,

101 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

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Tack, Bro. & Co.,

PERRY BUILDING,

Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Crude & Refined Petroleum.

TACK BROS.,

Philadelphia.

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WARING & KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.

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ap12 100 WALNUT STREET.

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PETROLEUM REFINERY.

Herbert W. C. Tweddle,

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Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.

ECLIPSE RAILROAD AXLE OIL. Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

LOCOMOTIVE, ENGINE, MACHINE SHOP, Will cut away.

SAW MILL AND PLANING MILL OILS. Adapted for high speed.

SPINDLE OIL, WOOL OIL, TANNERS' STUFFING and FINISHING OIL, HARNESS OIL, HEAD-LIGHT OIL, BENZOLE, GASOLINE, PARAFFINE.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequaled, and are in constant use upon many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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PEARL STEAM FLOURING MILLS.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

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Manufacturers of the following celebrated brands of Flour:

3 Star Green Brand, an unequaled Pastry Flour.

3 Star Blue Brand, A No. 1 Extra Family Flour that gives entire satisfaction.

1 Star Red Brand, a good Family Flour, superior to any of the same grade in the market.

All brands warranted as represented.

April 26, 1870.

IRON AND STEEL.

CRESCENT

STEEL WORKS.

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Coleman, Rahm & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

Axels and Springs.

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, SHEET TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Refined Cast Steel

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,

Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. au16:nd1

PITTSBURGH

Novelty Works.

FOUNDED A. D. 1833.

MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,

Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works,

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

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Manufacturers of every description of

Cast and German Steel,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

STEEL.

OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

JOSEPH BECKHAUS,

1204 Frankford Avenue,

(Above Girard avenue.) PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Manufacturer of exclusively first-class

CARRIAGES,

NEWEST STYLES.

Clarences, Landaus, Landaulettes, Close Coaches, Shifting quarter Coaches, Coupes, Barouches, Phætons, Rockaways, etc. Suitable for private family, and public use. Also HEARSES of most modern styles and finish.

Designs and prices furnished when desired.

Workmanship and finish second to none in the country.

Fine and varied stock completed, on hand, and in the works. Orders receive prompt and personal attention.

All work warranted. se10:d38

JOHN Q. WORKMAN........H RICHARD DAVIS

WORKMAN & DAVIS,

Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in

Carriages, Buggies,

SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.

42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. Newest style of work constantly on hand. SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.

H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. M. GAZZAM..JOHN SHANNON..WM. H. LOWE.

Jos. M. Gazzam & Co.,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLERS AT LAW, Solicitors in Equity and Bankruptcy. OFFICE, No. 96 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. je23:y88

G. W. DeCAMP,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Has removed to No. 57 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh. Will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja28:z73

H. H. McCORMICK,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 88 GRANT STREET.

Prompt attention given to all kinds of legal business. ja3:d8

ARCHIBALD BLAKELY,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE.

pe:a89-7 Pittsburgh, Pa.

TAYLOR & FALLOWS,

SUCCESSORS TO PERCIVAL BECKETT, Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineers and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents. Office: No. 90 Federal street, Allegheny City; No. 73 Water street, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—Branch Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Evening Drawing Class for Mechanics on Wednesday. ju29

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Office, 112 Fifth avenue.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections, Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of NICHOL SOMMERVILLE, late of Allegheny City, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons owing the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all having claims against the said estate are requested to present them properly probated for payment.

JOHN S. NICHOL, Administrator, 37 Federal street, Allegheny City.

ALLEGHENY CITY, Aug. 22, 1870. au23:b36

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN T. PRESSLY, D.D., late of Allegheny city, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons owing the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all having claims against the said estate are requested to present them properly probated for payment.

Rev. JOSEPH H. PRESSLY, Administrator. se8:c73-F 36 Washington St., Allegheny city, Pa.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an application will be made at the next meeting of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the Incorporation of a Savings Bank, entitled the Sharpsburg and Etna Savings Bank, to be located in Sharpsburg, with a capital of $100,000, with the privilege of increasing the same to $500,000.

se8:c76 JUNE 27th, 1870.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of WM. A. JOHNSTON, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them, and those owing said estate pay the same, to

JOHN C. PARRY, Administrator, 194 Second Avenue.

au13:b69

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT

Boiler, Still and Tank

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS, STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES, PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

Cor. 2d, 3d, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh8:189

Riesick & Bro.,

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF

SAFES AND VAULTS.

NO DAMP. NO MOULD.

ENGINES AND MACHINERY,

BREWERY WORK, REPAIRING and PUTTING UP MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Corner 17th and PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. no3:q95

O'HARA BOILER WORKS,

F. REPHAN & CO.,

Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.

Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

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Samson Boiler Works,

BRENNEMAN & WARD.

Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS AND SHEET IRON WORK, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Particular attention paid to repairing. se15:d54

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NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND

Pipe Works.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Sreets,

(NINTH WARD.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,

FOR

GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

WEST POINT

FOUNDRY,

L. H. Smith & Co.,

Corner Duquesne Way and Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of the celebrated

ANCHOR SAD IRON,

which is PLANED, not GROUND, and, therefore superior in finish to any other.

Send for Price List. au10:b71

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office No. 13, corner First and Smithfield streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r63

ROLLS

THOS. CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works.

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

my16:q5

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,

And Manufacturer of

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.

Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex. Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CONNELLSVILLE COKE,

DEALERS IN

Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.

Orders respectfully solicited. ap28:v14

COAL! COAL!

YOUGHIOGHENY GAS COAL CO.

This Company are now prepared to furnish the best Coal of any size or quantity, AT FAIR RATES. Office and Yard adjoining the Connellsville Railroad Depot, foot of Try Street, Pittsburgh.

Orders addressed to either Mines, West Newton, Pa., or to Yard, will be promptly attended to.

M. P. O'HERN, Secretary.

ap12:v75

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 567 Liberty Street,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market prices.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

PAINTING, GRAINING, &c.

JOHN T. GRAY,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

GRAINER AND GLAZIER,

No. 54 NINTH STREET,

ja8:c67 (Late Hand street,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

CHEESE.—100 boxes prime Goshen, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After June 12th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex.	1:30 am	Mail Train	[illegible] am
Mail Train	[illegible] am	Fast Line	[illegible] am
Brinton Ac.	[illegible] am	Cincinnati Ex.	[illegible] am
Cincin'ti Ex.	[illegible] pm	Pittsb'gh Ex.	[illegible] pm
Phila. Express	[illegible] pm	Pacific Ex.	[illegible] pm
Fast Line	7:40 pm	Way Passn'y	[illegible] pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	[illegible] am	Wall's No. 1	[illegible] am
Wall's No. 2	[illegible] am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	[illegible] am
Wall's No. 3	[illegible] pm	Wall's No. 2	[illegible] am
Johnstown Ac.	[illegible] pm	Johnstown Ac.	[illegible] am
Wall's No. 5	[illegible] pm	Wall's No. 3	[illegible] pm
Wall's No. 4	[illegible] pm	Wall's No. 4	[illegible] pm
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	[illegible] pm	Wall's No. 5	[illegible] pm
Walls No. 6	11:30 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	[illegible] pm
		Wilkinsb'g Ac.	[illegible] pm

Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leave daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

The Church Trains leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 8:30 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.

For further information apply to W. H. STOREY, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,

je13 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From June 12, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	[illegible] a m	Fast Line	[illegible] a m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	[illegible] a m	Wheeling Ex.	[illegible] a m
Chicago Mail	7:03 a m	Pacific Ex.	[illegible] a m
Erie & Y'n Ex.	[illegible] a m	Chicago Mail	[illegible] p m
Chicago Ex.	[illegible] p m	Cleveland Ex.	[illegible] p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	[illegible] p m	Erie & Y'n Ex.	[illegible] p m
Pacific Ex.	[illegible] p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	[illegible] p m
W'ellsville Ex.	[illegible] p m	C. & St. L. Ex.	[illegible] p m
Erie Express	[illegible] p m	Erie Express	[illegible] p m
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	[illegible] a m	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible] a m
Leetsdale "	[illegible] a m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible] a m
"	[illegible] a m	Enon	[illegible] a m
New Castle "	[illegible] p m	New Castle "	[illegible] p m
Enon	[illegible] p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible] p m
Leetsdale "	[illegible] p m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible] p m
Bea'r Falls "	[illegible] p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible] p m
Leetsdale "	[illegible] p m		
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:12 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	[illegible] a m

Chicago Express leaves daily.
Pacific Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MYERS, Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. J. N. McCULLOUGH, Genl. Manager.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after MAY 30, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

(ALLEGHENY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	[illegible] a m
Freeport No. 1	[illegible] a m	Freeport No. 1	[illegible] a m
Express	10:20 a m	Claremont Ac.	[illegible] a m
Claremont Ac.	[illegible] p m	Express	[illegible] p m
Freeport No. 2	[illegible] p m	Springd'e No. 1	[illegible] p m
Mail	[illegible] p m	Freeport No. 2	[illegible] p m
Springd'e No. 2	[illegible] p m	Springd'e No. 2	[illegible] p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 8:00 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:30 P. M. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:00 P. M.

Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstown may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 2 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further particulars apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

ROBERT NEILSON, Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

my28

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, June 6th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE AT PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7:30 A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Night Express	[illegible] P. M.	7:30 A. M.
Way Passenger	[illegible] A. M.	
Mail Train		[illegible] P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Soda Works	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
1st Hulton	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] A. M.
2d Hulton	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
3d Hulton	11:00 P. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Parnassus	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Church	1:00 P. M.	[illegible]

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

Silver Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.

je13 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after WEDNESDAY, July 6, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	6:50 A.M.	1st McKeesport Ac.	[illegible] A.M.
Glenwood Ac	7:10 A.M.	Glenwood Ac	[illegible] A.M.
Way Passenger	9:05 A.M.	West Newton Ac.	[illegible] A.M.
1st McKeesport Ac.	11:00 A.M.	Express Tr'n	[illegible] A.M.
Expr's Train	3:15 P.M.	2d McKeesport Ac.	[illegible] P.M.
West Newton Ac.	4:20 P.M.	Way Passen'r	[illegible] P.M.
Braddock's Ac.	5:20 P.M.	Mail Train	[illegible] P.M.
2d McKeesport Ac.	6:20 P.M.	Braddocks Ac.	7:00 P.M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	10:40 P.M.	3d McKeesport Ac.	9:50 P.M.
West Newton Church Tr'n*	12:45 P.M.	West Newton Church Tr'n*	10:10 A.M.

*Sundays only. All other Trains daily except Sunday.

D. D. ANGELL,

je8 Master of Transportation.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, June 11, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

Pittsburgh Time.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Express	[illegible] a. m.	12:13 noon
Fast Line	[illegible] a. m.	7:[illegible] p. m.
Southern Express	[illegible] p. m.	[illegible]
Mixed Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
McDonald Accommod'n	[illegible]	[illegible]
Steubenville Accommod.	[illegible] p. m.	[illegible]
McDonald Accommod'n	[illegible] p. m.	[illegible]
Sunday Church Train	[illegible]	[illegible]

The 10:48 A. M. Fast Line will leave daily. The 12:13 noon Express arrives daily. All other trains run daily except Sunday.

W. L. O'BRIEN, General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.

W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison, Ohio. je13

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

Logan, Gregg & Co.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 52 Wood Street.

Meat Cutters and Stuffers,

HORSE SHOES AND NAILS,

Nail Rod,

BUILDING HARDWARE.

WHICH WE OFFER AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

Merchants are invited to examine our stock.

Orders by mail will have prompt attention.

BEAVER FALLS

CUTLERY CO.,

No. 70 Wood Street,

OFFER

Table Knives & Forks
Pocket Knives,
Butcher Knives,
Bread Knives,
Carving Knives,
Scissors,
Razors,
Putty Knives,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES OF CUTLERY AT

LOW PRICES.

Beaver Falls Cutlery Co.,

No. 70 WOOD STREET,

je1 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEAD, DRUGS, &c.

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

J. Schoonmaker & Son,

PROPRIETORS,

Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, BLUE LEAD, ZINCS, LITHARGE, PUTTY and all colors DRY AND IN OIL.

OFFICE AND FACTORY,

450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street,

ALLEGHENY.

We call attention to the guarantee pasted on our Strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a "pure carbonate of lead," we mean "chemically pure," that is free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior, both in color and covering property.

GUARANTEED to be a purer carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and will forfeit the value of the package if containing the least adulteration.

HENDERSON, J. & BROTHERS, 282 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. feb:28

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Mayor Callow was out of town yesterday.

Wm. Knabe & Co.'s first class pianos, only for sale at Blume's, 43 Fifth avenue.

For Sale.—A good paying route on a morning paper. Apply at Gazette Counting Room.

There will will be an opening of Fall Hats and Bonnets, at J. H. Warner's, 55 Fourth avenue, Thursday, Sept. 22d. 2

Snaky.—Yesterday a large copperhead snake was killed on the farm of Mr. Eichelnaub at Belvidere, near Sharpsburg.

Abel Smith, being able to beat Edward Rolph, did it yesterday. Alderman Eggers has been called in to adjust the case, and will do so as soon as he is able to secure Abel.

Alderman Bailie, of the First ward, Allegheny, yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of Josiah Bronson for keeping a ferocious dog, which bit the son of Mr. Charles Dooney.

Alderman Bolster yesterday was aroused from his slumberous inactivity to issue a warrant for the arrest of John Brian for acting disorderly—calling Eliza Ornad names inelegant.

A Fight.—Wm. Evans and Reddy Davis got into a fight and Evans was whipped. He made information before Justice Barker, charging Davis with assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

The husband of Sarah Evans, of Birmingham, having threatened to kill her the lady yesterday sought the protection of Alderman McMasters, who issued a warrant for William's arrest.

James Crawford, an irate Benedict, was arrested yesterday by Alderman Bowden and held for a hearing for threatening to perform an Indian war exercise upon his wife—knock her brains out.

Following after a man and beating him is against the law, as John Hill will in all probability learn, a warrant having been issued for his arrest by Alderman Bolster, upon complaint of Fred Weiss.

The family of T. B. Russe, having been annoyed by Maggie Flinn while she was in an unruly condition yesterday, called upon Alderman Mullen and had a warrant issued by the Magistrate for Maggie's arrest.

Crossuits.—Mary Roberts yesterday having charged Matt Gordon with fornication that individual returns the compliment with a charge against Mary of adultery. Alderman McMasters was the magistrate appealed to. He issued warrants.

A Fight in a saloon on Wood street, wherein H. C. Weaver and Wm. Carney were the participants, culminated in an information for assault and battery before Alderman McMasters yesterday, Weaver being prosecutor. A warrant was issued.

A Wife Beater.—Mrs. Meyer made information before Justice Salisbury, yesterday, charging her husband, Joseph Meyer, with assault and battery. She alleges that he struck and kicked her. Joseph was arrested and held to bail for his appearance at Court.

Good Building Lots at Auction.—Three very nice vacant lots on Fremont street, Allegheny, will be sold to-day at four o'clock. They are fifty yards north of Jackson street, on line of street railway. No reserved price.
A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

Drunk.—William Remmel indulged too freely in "condensed courage" yesterday and became fighting drunk. He was arrested and taken before Justice Salisbury, who allowed him to depart on payment of the officers costs, a fine having been first imposed but afterwards remitted.

Assault and Battery.—David Morgan made information before Justice Salisbury, yesterday, charging Andrew Hoffman with assault and battery. He alleges that the accused struck him on the head with a heavy piece of iron, inflicting a severe wound. Hoffman was arrested and held for a hearing.

Military.—Last evening an election for officers of the Friend Rifle Guards was held at their armory, corner Liberty and Sixth streets. Lieut. Col. McLanahan presided, and the following officers were chosen: Captain, Fred. E. Rainbow; First Lieutenant, John Campbell; Second Lieutenant, C. F. Franke; First Sergeant, A. Temmie.

A Bad Sign.—It's a bad sign of the honesty of a man when he steals a "sign"—a grocer's sign. This is the offence for which Deputy Mayor Nichols' police were looking for Wm. Reidle, who had been charged with the larceny by Wm. Clew. The accused, it is said, took the sign from a stable, where it had been temporarily stored.

Aquatic.—There is now a reasonable probability that the international contest between Renforth and Coulter will take place. By a telegram from New York it appears the articles of agreement have been signed, in which the day has been fixed for October 15, the race to come off at Pittsburgh. The course has not been stated, but it will likely be the Upper Monongahela.

A Republican Mass Meeting will be held to-morrow evening at the Allegheny Diamond—the first of the campaign. Hon. Ebenezer McJunkin, of Butler, candidate for Congress in the Twenty-third District, Hon. Thomas M. Marshall, Col. T. M. Bayne, Josiah Cohen, Esq., and other able and distinguished speakers will be present to address the meeting. Let there be a large attendance.

Obstructing the Street.—Mr. William McCreery, of Allegheny, yesterday made information for nuisance against Michael McCarroll, before Alderman Irwin. The prosecutor alleges McCarroll has built a stable which extends over his line out into the street, thereby obstructing the same. The street connects Pasture with Strawberry Lane, Second ward, Allegheny. Warrant issued.

Stock Sale.—The following stocks were sold last evening by A. McIlwaine, on second floor of his auction rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

Bank of Pittsburgh	$72 00
Exchange National Bank	71 00
M. and M. National Bank	70 25
" " "	70 50
Allegheny National Bank	64 25
Second National Bank	105 00

Domestic Happiness.—John McGunnell, residing in Lawrenceville, yesterday testified his love for the partner of his joys and sorrows—especially sorrows—by hitting her on the head with a lamp, she says, because she hadn't his dinner ready at the exact minute. Deputy Mayor Nichols received her information against him for aggravated assault and battery. He was arrested and held for a hearing.

Thirty Days.—Thomas O'Hagan, who asserts that his brother is High Lord Mayor of Dublin, was brought before His Honor, Mayor Brush, yesterday, on a charge of disorderly conduct. Thomas met a colored man on the wharf and in the way of amusement knocked him down. The Mayor imposed a fine of twenty dollars on Thomas, and in default of payment sent him to the work house for thirty days.

Meanness Exemplified.—About as mean an action as can be chronicled is cheating a landlady out of a boarding bill. This is the charge which was yesterday preferred against Peter Edwards by Mary Reynolds. She alleges he represented himself as in the employ of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company and having money due him, which proved not to be the case. The magistrate sent his constable for the accused.

An Elegant Display of fine queensware is now made at the warehouse of the Keystone Pottery, No. 223 Liberty street. Anticipating a great rush for these goods, Messrs. Kier & Co. with judicious foresight replenished their already full stock with a fresh supply from their works. We advise housekeepers to call immediately, look at the assortment and secure what they need to complete their table furnishment.

Visitors to the Fair should not leave for home without first securing a supply of tobacco and cigars for their use, from the establishment of Mr. John Megraw, No. 45 Ninth street. There is everything in this line, smoking and chewing tobacco, snuff, cigars, pipes, meerschaums, tobacco pouches, smoking caps, tobacco boxes, &c., at Megraw's. Purchasers, whether wholesale or retail, will find all they want in this trade at Megraw's, No. 45 Ninth street.

Financiering.—Carrie Jones was arrested on Monday night for disorderly conduct, and yesterday morning the Mayor imposed a fine of $5 on her. She did not have the money to liquidate the amount and was compelled to resort to strategy. She therefore made information charging Francis Gilmore with assault and battery, and then consented to withdraw the case if Francis would pay her fine and cost. Francis complied and the case was settled.

Educational.—The Committee on Teachers and Salaries of the Central Board of Education held a meeting yesterday, Mr. Nobbs in the chair. The petitions for additional teachers were considered, and the Committee authorized additional teachers, as follows: In the Howard, Liberty and Lincoln Districts an additional teacher each, of the primary grade. To the Highland District an additional teacher of the grammar grade. The other applications were laid over.

Reckless Driving—Boy Run Over.

Yesterday afternoon about two o'clock an accident occurred in Allegheny—the result of reckless driving. A little boy about three years old was crossing Ohio Street, near Sandusky, and had reached the middle of the street. Just then a butcher boy, driving his horse and wagon along at a slashing rate, made his appearance and before the little fellow could get out of the road, he was knocked down and run over. The driver never stopped, but went on as though nothing had happened. The boy was picked up and carried into a drug store near by, when it was discovered that his right leg had been broken above the knee, while he had sustained other severe injuries. He received medical attention and was then removed to the residence of his parents, corner of West and First street. The name of the reckless driver could not be ascertained, but the police are after him. If arrested he should be severely dealt with.

Monongahela Presbytery.

The Monongahela Presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church convened yesterday morning in Union Church, (Rev. Mr. Turner, pastor,) at 10 o'clock. Almost every church in the Presbytery was represented. Rev. Mr. Shaw was elected Moderator for the ensuing year. The day was spent in the earnest discussion of some very important matters, such as Papal Missions, Church Psalmody, Church Extension, Home Missions, Presbyterial Visitation, etc.

On motion of Rev. Thomas H. Hanna, Mr. William H. Knox, of Pittsburgh, a graduate of the Western University, was examined and taken under care of Presbytery as a first year student.

Previous to adjournment a vote of thanks was passed to the ladies of the Union Church for the sumptuous manner in which they entertained the members of Presbytery and their friends.

Presbytery adjourned at 4 o'clock P. M. to meet at Mansfield in December.

THE PAVEMENT CONTROVERSY.

The Miller Pavement—Where it is Used and how Valued.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

My attention has been called to an article in your last issue on the subject of "Wooden Pavements" over the signature of "Veritas," which, although "Veritas" is a new name for a paving company, seems to require some notice at my hands. It is true that the contract for paving the eastern end of Penn avenue, as well as the western end, with the Alexander Miller improved Wood Pavement, has been awarded to me at the sum of two dollars and sixty-five cents per square yard. I do not propose to discuss the relative merits of the various styles of wood pavement presented to the Commissioners for their consideration. That has already been done *ad nauseam*. Nor do I design to defend the action of the Commissioners—they are able to take care of themselves, but I desire simply to say that in common with many others, I came to this city in response to the advertisement of the Commissioners to bid, in good faith, for the work under their control, believing, as I still believe, that I had the best form of wood pavement as yet offered to the public. This belief was not merely a theoretical one, but was based upon a thorough knowledge of other pavements and an experience derived from having seen the Miller pavement subjected to the severest possible practical tests. It is true that not a yard of this pavement has been laid in New York city, but if this is an argument against it, it surely applies with equal force to the Wicoff and many other pavements, of which the same statement may be made. The only wood pavements thus far laid in New York, are the Nicolson, Magonigle, Stow, Stafford and Brown & Miller. Indeed, since the adoption of the new charter last winter, not one contract for wooden pavement in New York city has been given to any one. But within the last two years the Alexander Miller wood pavement has been laid on Hansom Place, Jorolamen and Cumberland streets, Brooklyn, and is about to be laid on Fort Green Place in the same city. Green street, Philadelphia, the main drive to Fairmount Park, has been paved with it by personal contracts with nearly five hundred property owners, the city paying for the intersections. Park avenue (late Diamond street), a grand boulevard opened to a width of seventy feet by special act of the Legislature, is now being laid with it in accordance with the petition of a majority of the property owners, the bills of some of whom will amount to from $20,000 to $30,000. Master street, in the same city, will also have it down this fall. During the time named, not to exceed two thousand yards of any other wood pavement have been contracted for or laid in Philadelphia, while the Miller contracts amount to some sixty thousand yards. In Albany, N. Y., after brisk competition, the contract for paving a portion of Green street, was awarded to the Miller pavement, and the work has been done this season. We have also laid our pavement in Boston, and are about to do so in Binghampton, N. Y.

Other and large contracts now pending in many other places might be referred to, but sufficient has been said to convince all but the "disconsolate mourners" that the Miller is not an unknown, nor is it an untried pavement. In fact the Commissioners elected by the people for that purpose, have examined our work in most of the places named and know of their own knowledge that the citizens on the line of our streets, and the public generally are more than satisfied with it, and that almost invariably where the Miller pavement has been subjected to the test of selection by property owners—whose interest it was to select the best as they were to pay for it—it has had the preference. Moreover the price at which the Penn avenue contracts were awarded to us is much lower than we have ever put down a yard of pavement at, heretofore. We have given the public the benefit of the lower prices of materials here to the fullest extent, and we take our pay for the most part in bonds. Various propositions were made for preserving the wood and the one adopted (beyond question, incomparably the best) is at a price far below any figures given for it before.

As to the public rumor, or rather insinuation, (for I have yet to learn that any such rumor is in circulation) that "agents of the Miller pavement offered a well-known and reliable citizen, who was formerly a member of the City Council, and who resides on the line of the avenue, the sum of $5,000 if he would secure to them the job on Penn avenue," I have to say that it is utterly false and entirely malicious. The sum of $5,000, or any other sum, was never offered to any person in this city—on the line of the avenue or off of it—by me or by any one connected with me, directly or indirectly, by implication or otherwise, to secure their aid in obtaining the contract. Nor has any promise of ultimate reward or emolument been held out to anyone in connection with this matter. If this is not true let the "well known and reliable citizen" speak out. On the contrary, not a citizen of Pittsburgh is interested directly or indirectly in the contract to the amount of one cent. The work, I believe, to have been awarded to me as offering the proposition in every respect most advantageous to the city, and in the same spirit of good faith with which I entered into competition for it. I propose to go on and perform it—giving ample guarantees therefor—in a manner which shall reflect credit upon the Commissioners and myself, and forever set at rest any question which competitors have raised as to the superiority of the Alexander Miller Improved Wood Pavement over all others.

W. B. Barton,
Monongahela House.

A SCENE.

A Habeas Corpus Case—A Family Separated—An Affecting Scene.

An unusual scene occurred in the Common Pleas Court Room yesterday, resulting from the decision of the Court in a *habeas corpus* case. Dr. Swift, a resident of Shelby county, Missouri, arrived in the city yesterday morning, and through his counsel, W. D. Moore, Esq., presented a petition to Judge Stowe, in Chambers, praying that a writ of *habeas corpus* might be issued, commanding his wife, Mrs. Swift, to appear before one of the judges of the county and produce the body of Lillie Swift, daughter of the parties, who it was alleged, she unlawfully detained. The writ was served by the Sheriff and at two o'clock the parties appeared before Judge Sterrett in the Court of Common Pleas for a hearing.

They were both strangers in the city and consequently there were no witnesses but the parties themselves, both of whom were sworn and examined.

Their statements as to the original causes of the difficulty were so conflicting as to render it difficult to arrive at the true cause, but as to the immediate cause both appeared to agree.

It appears that the parties were married in the State of Ohio over twenty-one years since, and five years ago moved to the State of Missouri. According to the statement of the wife the marriage was an unhappy one from the beginning. She alleges that she has been repeatedly abused by her husband, who was jealous of her, and that she bore with his insults and abuse as patiently as possible, until "forbearance ceased to be a virtue." Over a year ago she made application for a divorce, but at the solicitation of her husband and the intervention of friends the petition was withdrawn. She has lived with him until Thursday of last week, but for the past eighteen months she has not spoken to him. They have four children, two boys and two girls, the eldest girl being twenty-one years of age, and the youngest, also a girl, and the one she had brought with her, nine years old. Thursday night she left her home, taking with her Lillie, the youngest child, and came to Allegheny City to her cousin's, who had sent her sufficient money to pay her traveling expenses. She would have brought her little boy, who is twelve years old, with her also, but she had not sufficient money to defray his expenses.

The wife as well as the husband professes to be a practising physician, and says she can support herself and child. The husband owns property to value of over fifteen thousand dollars, according to the wife's statement, but she alleges that he is so penurious that he will not provide for his family as he should do. The husband alleges that he has a good home and that he has not only provided his family with the necessaries of life, but with many of the luxuries, and will continue to do so.

The Judge, after hearing the testimony of both parties, remarked that it was a difficult matter to arrive at the truth or tell which was in the wrong, but under the circumstances he thought the mother the proper person to have the custody of the child, as it was a girl, and ordered that the child be delivered into the custody of the mother, and that the writ be dismissed at the cost of the petitioner.

A HEART-RENDING SCENE.

When the decision of the court was awarded the father, who is a rough looking man, over forty-five years of age arose from his seat and approached his little daughter who was sitting at the back part of the bar and clasping her in his arms wept like a child. The scene was heart-rending in the extreme to see a father, such as he, with tears streaming down his furrowed cheeks and the child with natural love and affection clasping him around the neck and weeping as if its little heart would break, while the mother sat by unmoved.

The Court advised the parties to reconsider the step they had taken, and for the sake of their children, if not for their own, to change their manner toward each other. Strong men, who witnessed the scene, were moved to tears to thus see a family separated and a child torn from its father, perhaps forever, as the child was taken from the arms of the apparently heart-broken father and conducted out of the court room by the mother.

At the Wrong Hotel.

George Bence, an express man, while driving around the city yesterday took aboard an unusual quantity of "benzine," and became gloriously drunk. In attempting to drive down Franklin street he fell out of his wagon, and, as usual, there was one of those troublesome police officers about, who kindly cared for George by replacing him in his wagon and driving him to the "City Hotel," where George was provided with a room, six by ten feet, in which were two others, about as drunk as he was. When he was locked up he was entirely oblivious to passing events, and, when arousing from his stupor, was somewhat astonished at his situation. He asked where he was, and when informed that he was on the first floor of the "City Hotel," he said he thought there must be some mistake. He did not board at that house, and would not remain there unless they could provide him with a room to himself. Captain Orton informed him that the rooms were all full, and he would have to remain where he was. George, for the first time, began to realize where he was, and stretching himself on a soft plank in the floor of his cell, was soon lost in dreams of "downy pillows," etc.

Temperance Lecture.

According to previous announcement Hugh McGaw, Esq., State lecturer of the Independent Order of Good Templars, delivered a free lecture before the Young Men's Temperance Society in their beautiful Hall, Duquesne Way, last evening at 8 o'clock. When the hour had arrived the Hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, many of our prominent citizens with their wives and daughters being present. Also numerous delegates from the I. O. G. T., were in attendance. President of the Association, in absence of President Carr, occupied the chair. The meeting was opened by reading of Scriptures and prayer by Rev. Mr. Long. After reading of minutes and other preliminary business had been transacted the President introduced the lecturer in a neat and able speech.

The lecture throughout was an able and masterly effort, the audience being thrilled and held to the end in breathless silence. At the close a vote of thanks was unanimously passed to the eloquent lecturer. The meeting was dismissed with benediction by Rev Mr. Long, after which quite a large number came forward and signed the pledge.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

Tuesday, September 20.—In the case of Seitz, et ux., vs. Gallaher, reporter yesterday, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $155 47.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

62 House & Co. vs Foster & Co.
8 Bell & Weir vs City of Pittsburgh.
57 Montgomery vs Doty.
83 Johnson, et ux., vs Schaffer, et al.
96 Gangwer vs Lydick & Alexander.
98 Wedekind vs Borough of S. Pittsburgh.
100 Wilson vs Adams.
101 Robinson vs Best.
102 Riddell vs Poor.
104 Gibson vs Schield.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

Tuesday, September 20.—In the case of Bell & Wier vs. Connelly, reported yesterday, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $15.

The first case taken up was that of Eggert, Dills & Co., vs. Schmidt & Brusch, action on a book account. Verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $196.58.

Deeny et. ux. vs. Robinson, action for damages for false arrest. Defendant made information charging the plaintiff with keeping a disorderly house, and had them arrested, and this suit was brought to recover damages. The jury found for defendant.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

365 Bauer vs. Knoll.
370 Hutchinson vs. Hessin.
371 McNish & Butler vs. Georing.
372 Hamilton vs. Luding.
375 Hedges & Taylor vs. Hayworth.
377 Same vs. Koldalier.
378 Same vs. Schael.
379 Kilgollen vs. Huey.
380 Same vs. Same.
381 Shaffer et. al. us. Steel et al.
382 Moffitt's administrator vs. P. & C. Gas, Coal & Coke Company.
383 Czarnike vs. Fry.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

Tuesday, Sept. 20.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Lewis Andrews, indicted for rape, reported yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Bevin, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, Jacob Schneider, prosecutor. The defendant, it was alleged, struck Jacob Metz with a slung shot. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Emmitt Whitaker, John Sweeny and James Lemel, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, Thos. Brotdhead, prosecutor. Broadhead was acting in the capacity of ferryman at McKeesport and defendants wanted to cross the river and got into a difficulty, when, it is alleged, they beat and abused him. Jury out.

The next case was that of the Commonwealth vs. Thos. Deville, indicted for selling liquor on Sunday. The case was tried at last term and a verdict of guilty returned. A new trial was granted and the jury again found the defendant guilty. The Court sentenced the defendant to pay the costs of prosecution, a fine of $15 and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period of ten days.

Arthur Blume, a defaulting witness, was brought into Court on an attachment and was required to give bail in the sum of $200 for his appearance Wednesday morning, and to pay the costs of the writ.

Mrs. Gang, a defaulting witness, was also required to give bail and pay the costs of the writ.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

172 Com. vs. Wm. Bechtold.
107 " " John Roth.
" " Rosana Gerig.
146 " " George Hartman.
151 " " John Walsh.
144 " " Henry Heshhouser.
180 " " John Rollinger.
147 " " John Gallagher.
110 " " John G. Graft.
175 " " Charles Stein, two cases.
173 " " George Meister.
170 " " Richard Alker, et ux.
177 " " Addison Weill.
182 " " Nancy Albaugh.
183 " " Richard Leming.
193 " " Maria Jordon.
194 " " Catherine Jirak.
" " John Reichenbach.
285 " " Peter Barker.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

Com. vs. Mary Dougherty.
" " Wm. Douglass.
" " Charles Hendricks.
" " James Milligen, 2 cases.
" " David DeKean.
" " Margaret Butler.
153 " " Wm. Griffiths, et al.
" " N. W. Roebling, 3 cases.
216 " " Lula Johnston.
217 " " Frederick Becker.
218 " " Frank McManus.
214 " " Robert Graham.
215 " " Mark Collins.
213 " " Samuel Moore.
212 " " Bell Timmons, et al.

EDUCATIONAL.

Scott Township Teachers' Institute.

We are glad to give notice that this Association held its opening session on last Saturday, at School Room No. 6 (Johnson's school). The Institute convened at one o'clock P. M. After the transaction of miscellaneous business, including the adoption of a new constitution for the government of the Association, the following programme of performances was entered upon:

First in order was an essay, "Township Institutes," by Miss Lizzie D. Snodgrass. This lady did credit to herself and to the profession to which she belongs, by coming out boldly in defence of that organization, which if regularly and systematically supported, proves itself to be a powerful instrument in the advancement of popular education. The essay contained numerous and well authenticated reasons why they should be established in every township, 1st, by inspiring within the teacher renewed energy, for the work of the school-room; and, 2d, by bringing the teacher and patron in a closer bond of union, by which means the teacher obtains the respect and confidence of the parents, without which, no teacher, however skillful and efficient he may be, can hope to succeed.

Prof. W. G. Douglass then delivered a lecture on "The cultivation of the memory." Miss Neely then read an essay on "The various methods of teaching Grammar." Her lecture was short, but like well-bound bundles, contained numerous and interesting, as well as instructive ideas in the various methods of imparting instruction in this branch of Science. The audience was then entertained by Prof. D. M. M'Kee, who delivered a brief but interesting lecture on the subject of "History." Miss Ella C. Hawes then held the audience spell-bound for a short time. Captivated by those bewitching charms of voice which she displayed, the enraptured hearers gazed and listened with delight. Such wealth of variety, such melody of utterance and such sweetness of tone, are the rare attainments of mortals.

This exercise was followed by a lecture on the subject of Arithmetic by Professor Morris. The closing performance was an essay from the pen of Miss L. R. McMillin. The composition was good and did credit to the young lady's literary talents. Miscellaneous business being again resumed, Messrs. W. M. McCullough, A. C. Glenn and S. Wilkison were elected honorary members. The executive committee presented the following report:

Select reading, Miss Lizzie Snodgrass. Lecture, Prof. D. M. McKee. Essay, Miss Ella C. Hawes. Lecture on Mathematical Geography, Miss Neely. Essay, Miss Lizzie McMillen. Debate, Prof. Douglass and Prof. Morris. On motion the programme was adopted. The Association then adjourned to meet at school room No. 5, (Woodville,) Miss L. D. Snodgrass, teacher, on Saturday, Oct. 1st. The School House is situated on the line of the Chartiers Valley Railroad, one mile from the Central depot at Mansfield. Institutes held at this school have always proved a success, and we have no doubt but that the one in anticipation will amply repay any friend of education who may be present at the meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

Resolutions Passed by the Session of Sharpsburg Presbyterian Church upon the Occasion of the Death of Dr. Wm. D. Courtney.

In view of the death of Dr. W. D. Courtney, who has been a member of the Sharpsburg Presbyterian church for over twenty-six years, and a member of the session for twenty-four years, we, the session of said church, deem it our duty and pleasure to put upon record the following resolutions:

1st. The we are deeply sensible of our loss as a session. His knowledge of ecclesiastical law, especially of the polity of the Presbyterian church, was more than ordinary; his judgment was good; his heart ever sought the best interests of the church, and consequently his counsel was wise, cautious and charitable.

2d. That we recognize and commend to others his faithfulness as an officer, and his sincerity and consistency as a member of the church.

3d. That, while for these and other reasons we would love to have him still with us, we cannot but feel that our loss is his gain, and we pray for the spirit of the Master to enable us to say, in view of this affliction, "Thy will be done."

4th. That the family and bereaved friends of the deceased have our heartfelt sympathies, and we commend them to Him whose covenant mercies are full of tenderness.

5th. That we recognize in this affliction a painted message to the living, saying, "Be ye also ready," and we pray that God may bless the message to us and to all the members of the church, so as to increase our faith, zeal and charity.

6th. That these resolutions be placed upon the record of the session; a copy of them be placed in the hands of the widow, and that they be published in the *Presbyterian Banner* and in the Pittsburgh daily papers.

By order of Session,
W. C. Falconer, Moderator.

Amusements.

Opera House.—Rosedale was presented at the Opera House to a large and appreciative audience last evening, and we doubt if Mr. Barrett "or any other man" ever played it better. The several members of the stock company in the cast also played unusually well. The piece will be repeated again this evening.

Academy.—The "Field of the Cloth of Gold" was produced at the Academy of Music last evening to a large and fashionable audience, and those present not only expressed their appreciation of the manner in which it was presented, but were apparently delighted with the diversified entertainment which preceded it.

Varieties.—The Varieties Theatre is crowded every night, the chief attraction being the "Four Blondes." There are however other attractions, and the entertainments given are the best of the character ever witnessed in the city.

Lafayette Hall.—The crowds that are attracted to the St. Joseph's Fair are surprising. The contestants for the several prizes are very active and the voting for the magnificent gold watch is lively. Mr. Moseby is still ahead on the handsome silver set. Hopkins is ahead but the gallant Negley's friends are chasing him close, with fair prospects of carrying away the prize.

Prince & Co.'s world renowned organs and melodeons, wholesale and retail: 45,000 now in use. Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth avenue.

Wanted.—Five good canvassers for Allegheny county, for the "Photographic Family Record," a fine engraving 29x24 inches in size with ten oval spaces for photographs of parents and children, or near and dear friends. The best selling work ever published. Call on or address Amos Stevens, 119 Wood street.

To Rent.—Superior pianos, organs and melodions, at reduced rates. Blume's, 43 Fifth avenue.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Meeting at Temperanceville—The Reformers Deliver Themselves.

A political meeting was held at Temperanceville last evening, at which there were at least two hundred persons, and notwithstanding the fact that the assemblage convened at George B. Johnson's store, the regular Democratic headquarters for the borough, it was quiet and orderly. This may, however, be attributed to the fact that the audience was principally composed of regular Republicans, who are always orderly under such circumstances.

The meeting was organized by Mr. Thomas S. Hershoerger taking the chair, contrary to the wish of a large majority of the audience, as expressed by the vote.

Rev. S. Y. Kennedy was introduced and inflicted his speech, which is simply a "heterogenious mass of conglomerated ideas," without argument, upon the audience. He repeated the assertion that not one man on the Reform ticket had asked for or sought a nomination, which, if he does not know to be false, is false, and he should know it, as the man who tells that for truth which he does not know to be true, is morally as guilty as the man who swears falsely.

Joseph Walton was next called upon, and read his "piece," which had been prepared by one of his friends, very badly, however, as some of the words were hard to spell. The audience heard him through patiently, and at the conclusion a number of questions were propounded to him at his request, but, Walton like, he "dodged" every question asked.

Following are a few of the questions propounded and the answers so far as given:

Q. Did you not ask delegates in the regular Republican Legislative Convention to vote for you?

A. I might have done so.

Did you not vote and threaten others who did vote for the $9,500,000 steal? No answer.

Did you not vote to increase the Pasters and Folders and rob us of $15,000? No answer.

Did you not vote for everything that had money in it? No answer.

How much did you make off the Government during the war furnishing coal? No answer.

Didn't Gov. Geary request us to not vote for such men as you? No answer.

A Voice—You had better go home and settle with the Government and not talk reform when you must have been in every public steal in Harrisburg last winter.

How about the New Jersey Steamship swindle? Dodged.

While the questions were being propounded the "four-horn" band, by a signal from Rev. Kennedy, struck up and endeavored to play "Shoo Fly" as Mr. Walton retired from the stand.

A Mr. White, a regular Democrat, next took the stand and addressed the meeting.

Three cheers were proposed for the Reform ticket, to which at least half a dozen persons responded.

Three cheers for Gen. Negley and the Regular Republican ticket were then proposed and responded to by at least nine-tenths of the people present.

FIRES THIS MORNING.

Third Avenue Restaurant Partially Destroyed—Loss Small.

Shortly after one o'clock this morning a fire broke out at No. 126 Third avenue, in the Third Avenue Restaurant. The building is a two-story brick structure, and the flames were first observed bursting from the front window of the second story. The engines were called out and arriving promptly succeeded in preventing the spread of the fire, and extinguishing it before the building had been destroyed.

The house is owned by Mr. Logan and was occupied as a saloon and restaurant by August Marshall. Marshall had gone visiting to his friends in the rural districts yesterday morning, leaving the saloon in care of an old man. How the fire originated is a mystery. The greatest loss will be sustained by Mr. Logan, who however is insured. The roof of the house was almost destroyed and the interior pretty well used up by the fire and water. The stock of goods on hand by Marshall seems to have been light, very light, and his loss will be small. Altogether, $300 will probably repair the damage.

ANOTHER FIRE.

About half-past two o'clock another fire broke out at Wray's tobacco factory, No. 29 Smithfield street, near fifth avenue. A policeman but a few minutes before had passed the place, but observed no signs of fire. He had not walked two squares away before the flames were observed bursting from the lower story of the building. The firemen were on the spot in less than three minutes, and a section of hose was attached to the fire plug upon the opposite corner. By great exertions the men succeded in saving the show case,—the remainder being destroyed. The steamers were not in service. The fire was confined to the lower story, and was kept under control only through the most diligent exertions of the firemen. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, as the door in the rear of the shop, which had been locked the previous evening was found open. Communication was had with this door by means of a private alley, leading from Diamond alley. Mr. Wray was not insured. His loss will be about five hundred dollars.

The Mercantile Library.

Messrs. Editors: A communication under the above heading appeared in your paper of the 19th inst., complaining of the new system of locked cases, lately adopted in the Mercantile Library, which demands a reply.

It appears to the writer of this that "Subscriber" in his effort to make out a case against the locked system, assumes objections which have no real existence. The writer of that article, it seems, "half his time" has no idea what book he wants when he goes to the Library; can form no idea of the book by its title, and alleges that he cannot examine it because the cases are locked. Although, we admit, that no idea of the style of the writer can be formed by reading only the title of a book, the subject matter of almost every book is given in the title with sufficient clearness, and, even in the exceptional instances, the locking of the cases does not prevent any member from obtaining any book or books whenever he desires to do so. It is the duty of the Librarians—always cheerfully performed—to give out any book called for either for examination in the room, or taking home.

The whole grievance, then, complained of amounts to this: A member of the Library is compelled to ask for a book, and cannot help himself to one or more. That this is not as convenient to the reader, or to the librarian, as the former system in the Library, all must admit. But that all rules, in every department of business, are inconvenient, is equally true, and all laws requiring certain formalities are likewise. It is unfortunate that many careless persons, and a few unprincipled ones, make so many rules and laws of society necessary.

The system of locked cases has been in use in almost all other public libraries for years. They tried all systems and finally adopted this one, but not without opposition, as has already been developed here. It has been adopted by the Directors of our Library, not, as "Subscriber" alleges, mainly to save work and trouble to the librarians, but because under the former plan the losses by the association averaged nearly one hundred volumes a year by stealing.

Books have also been taken out of the room without being charged, circulated among persons not members and then slipped back in some corner of the Library. Books have also been despoiled of their plates, and even pages of printed matter, and then put back on the shelves. These facts have not heretofore been made public, but the officers have been cognizant of them, and Joseph Albree, Esq., the late President of the Association, in his annual report, urged the importance of devising some plan to correct the abuses and save the Association from these losses.

With this desire the present Board adopted the system of locked cases. It is an experiment in Pittsburgh, and if "Suberiber" or any member can devise a better plan, the officers will gladly avail themselves of it. The members, however, should remember that each one is a co-partner in the property of the Association and is directly interested in its legitimate use. Whatever rules it may be necessary to adopt for these ends, although they may be somewhat inconvenient in particular cases, should be acquisced in as promoting the greatest good to the greatest number.

The officers of the Library have lately had the books classified, arranged in cases and classes, and an ample supply of new catalogues prepared, and every facility afforded for the benefit of the members; and since it has been ascertained by other Associations that with locked cases the members get more books, and are better served than under any other place—then why not in Pittsburgh profit by their experience, or at least fairly try the experiment.

Bibliophile.

Obituary.

At a meeting of the Young Men's Jackson Association, held last evening, the following was adopted:

Resolved, That it is with feelings of the profoundest regret that the members of this Association have heard of the death of the Hon. John L. Dawson, of Fayette county, and that in his death the State and nation have lost a pure, noble and liberal minded statesman and the community an honest and upright citizen and a worthy member of society.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolution be spread upon the minutes of this Association, furnished to the press for publication, and a copy of the same duly authenticated, be transmitted to the family of the deceased.

Mr. Malcom Hay, in moving the adoption of the resolution, paid a feeling tribute to the worth of the departed statesman.

Remarks were also made by Vice President Fetterman and others.

A Secret.

Punctuality is one of the secrets of success in life. To be always "on time" should be a cardinal principle with every business man. To ensure this it is absolutely necessary that he have a time-keeper—one that is a time-keeper, not in name only, but in reality. To save all annoyance and perplexity upon this point then, the judicious business man should proceed at once to W. G. Dunseath's, Fifth avenue, near the Opera House, and secure one of those infallible watches manufactured by the United States Watch Company. These watches have been tried under every circumstance in which the efficiency of a time-keeper could be tested, and they have never been found wanting. Success is the test of merit. The United States watches have always been successful. Call and get one.

Who does not love delicious confectionery, such as that which is manufactured by J. G. Youngson, at his sumptuous establishment, corner of Smithfield street and Diamond alley? Those who have been deluded by inferior stuff, and disgusted thereat, should try Youngson's. If satisfaction is at all within reach, they can get it there. This is also the favorite ladies' and gents' dining saloon, where a rich repast may be obtained at any hour of the day. Call at Youngson's.

On Easy Terms.—For sale, pianos, organs and melodeons. Blume's, 43 Fifth avenue.

Notwithstanding the fact that Liebler was engaged at the Fair during the week his immense business at No. 104 Wood street, was not neglected and the patrons found attentive clerks, an enormous stock, and every attention at this great trunk warehouse. Liebler always manages his business on correct principles and has the very best goods in the market—hence his remarkable success.

One of the main causes of the defeat of the French was the fact that their commissary department was illy organized. Soldiers can't fight when they are famished for want of food; neither can any one fight the battle of life bravely and successfully when hunger attacks. Fortify yourself each day, then, by calling at the Continental, Fifth avenue, below the Postoffice.

CONNELLSVILLE.

Rambling Notes from Around Town—The Local Excitements and Things in General.

Connellsville, September 20, 1870.

Our rural quietude was disturbed Saturday night by considerable rowdyism. An unusual quantity of bad whiskey seemed to have been consumed, and the result was apparent. The revelers were out in strong force, and made night anything but melodious, with their whoopings and yellings, and occasional brawls. Our police authorities were not strong enough to stop the peace disturbers, and they fought "it out on that line" pretty much all night, although it is pleasant to record that none were injured save the rowdies. What they suffered, of course, they will keep to themselves. More stringent measures hereafter will be adopted, to prevent such carousals.

Considerable excitement was created during the evening by a sort of Dick Turpin attack made upon a prominent merchant of the town. Mr. Goldsmith, who does business on Main street, closed his store about half past ten o'clock and was standing outside a moment previous to starting home, when he was approached by a man who demanded his watch and purse. The demand was not complied with. A struggle ensued. Mr. Goldsmith conquered and received no bodily injury, although he has now one suit of clothing less than he had. His assailant succeeded in destroying the greater part of his would-be-victim,s raiment, but was only too glad to escape without securing anything. The Dick Turpin emulator is well known in the community and occupies a position of some influence. Heretofore he has had the respect of our citizens. He pleads intoxication as an excuse for his strange conduct. No action has as yet been taken, and the matter will, in all probability, be compromised.

A son of Mr. Wetteral while out gathering chestnuts Monday afternoon fell from a tree and had his leg broken. The little victim is ten years of age. Dr. Lindley attended him and he is getting along comfortably.

The Methodist Protestant congregation received their new pastor, Rev. W. W. Reeves, D.D., last Sabbath. The reverend gentleman preached an appropriate inaugural discourse, which evidenced that increasing years had not destroyed the energy and fire of youth. The Methodists are well pleased with the appointment.

The Good Templars hereabouts are arranging for a grand rally at Dawson's station, a few miles below Connellsville. The 23d has been set apart for the demonstration. It will be a combination pic-nic, and Convention. The Rev. J. D. Herr, H. D. McGaw, Esq., and other prominent temperance advocates are down on the programme for addresses. A pleasant pic-nic and a successful Convention are anticipated. More anon H.

GENERALITIES.

Troy makes mitraileuses.

Cameos are becoming very fashionable.

A self threading needle is a late invention.

Queen Emma of Honnolulu is to marry again.

Thre are nine hundred thousand nobles in Russia.

Mme. Marie Seebach has arrived in New York.

New Castle is a thriving village with forty-one taverns.

There are one hundred and seventy seven Freshmen at Yale.

We have the sad intelligence that Nilisen was frightfully Sea sick.

Green figs are plenty and cholera morbus on the increase in Memphis.

John Cooper was gored to death by a bull near Tipton, Iowa last week.

There are 8,925 Friends in Iowa, and they held their yearly meeting last week.

Queen Victoria disapproves of the franking system, and pays her own postage.

Gen. Robert E. Lee receives, as President of the Valley road, $5,500 a year salary.

An exchange thinks Paris may be considered out of the woods—having burned them all.

A bed of anthracite coal is said to have been discovered in Rockingham county, Virginia.

Next year will be the millenial anniversary of the ascension to the throne of Alfred the Great.

There is a talking machine on exhibition at London. When will woman's rights be respected.

Miss Laird, of Sardis, Miss., is one of the most recent recruits in the holy army of kerosene martyrs.

A Southern paper asks how women can usurp positions as postmasters without robbing the males?

The musicians of Wisconsin are to have a jubilee at Janesville during the first week of November.

Montgomery, Ala., former capital of the C. S. A., has 10,599 inhabitants, an increase of 3,750 since 1860.

The New York *World* says: The German tragic troupe have arrived with their sea legs on and their Seebach up.

Thomas G. Church who killed his wife at Decatur, Ill., last January, has been condemned to the State prison for life.

Turner, the man who killed Watson at East Burlington, Ill., has been condemned to spend fourteen years in the penitentiary.

Mr. John Parsons, of Ashtabula, O., American Consul to Santiago de Cuba, died on the 13th inst. of vomito. He was 28 years old.

Rice planters on the Savannah have floating threshers, which travel from plantation to plantatation, saving time and cost of transportation.

The New York *Sun* now dignifiedly speaks of the President of the United States and his home circle as "the imbecile family at Washington."

Family pride is a good thing for creditors it seems, for it was that which made the surviving relatives of the late Marquis of Hastings pay off all his debts.

Washington county, Iowa, having no jail has bought a couple of iron cages which can be kept in an ordinary room and are considered to be secure receptacles for criminals.

Gottschalck's three sisters are to appear in concert in New York, where they have just arrived from Europe. Two of them, Celestine and Clara, are pianists and Blanche is a songstress.

Sir Denis Le Marchant, who has been Clerk of the British House of Commons for twenty years, is about to retire, and will probably be succeeded by Sir Erskine May, the First Assistant Clerk.

A Wisconsin farmer wants to know what his class of people are coming to, when it takes ten bushels of wheat to buy a pair of boots. We should say it looks as though it was coming to the shoe shop.

Charles Dickens was the father of 1,425 literary characters, so it is no disgrace if somebody should happen to speak enthusiastically of one of his fictional personages with which you are not familiar.

Donn Piatt still writes tedious letters to the Cincinnati *Commercial* from the watering places, where he seems to be quite unable to associate with any but vulgar people whom he describes with relish.

A wealthy Boston gentleman has sent a quantity of money to General Spinner with instructions to place it on interest until the accumulated interest pays the national debt. The sum transmitted was ten cents.

Petersburg, Va., has had her first mixed jury of whites aud blacks. The Sheriff took care to have colored men upon the grand as well as well as the petit jury. The sight was novel, but they seemed to get along pretty well together.

An attempt was recently made to burn the new Episcopal Church of Somerville, Mass. Two barrels of shavings were placed in the vestry room for that purpose, but the scheme was discovered before serious harm could be done.

During a storm on Saturday night a skiff containing eight persons was capsized on the Delaware, at Philadelphia, and one young man named Henry Savage was drowned. He was only twenty-two years old and leaves a widow and one child.

The Boston *Post* says: Sweet Home, Texas, will live in history as the place where the two young Messrs. Kelly broke up a circus performance by shooting one of the showmen and being themselves killed while trying to escape. There is no place like home.

Four young ladies of Vallonia, Indiana, daughters of a Mr. Cross, made themselves famous last week by beating, in a most unmerciful manner, a young man who had carried his joke to the extent of inserting in their father's sale bill, that they too, would be sold by auction.

The greatest flight of wild pigeons that has been known in the memory of the oldest inhabitant in the vicinity is now occurring in New Hampshire. Forty-three flocks were counted passing over Portsmouth in one hour. One person in Elliott killed sixty at one shot, and several others have killed during one day from one hundred to two hundred dozen each.

A young man was meandering in Cincinnati the other night on the streets with a maiden whom he adored. They met the irate father of the lovely girl. She screamed and her lover fled with the aged P. at his heels. The chase was short, the affectionate youth was caught, severely caned, ignominiously kicked and severely left alone afterwards by the irate paretnal, who then walked his daughter off home.

Mr. Wm. Brewer, of Fairview, Christian county, Kentucky, has a small gun in the shape of a walking stick, which he has permitted his little son to handle as a plaything. Mr. B. had loaded the gun before leaving Monday morning, but had neglected to inform his wife about it. Soon after Mr. Brewer had left the house, Mrs. B. gave the stick to the little boy, but he refused to play with it as usual. Mrs. B., in order to amuse him, commenced snapping the piece, which went off, shooting her only child through the brain.

At Depere, Wisconsin, last week, Frank McShane was drowned in the lock. His body was taken to the cemetery and left till morning, before being interred, but the grave-digger reported that it was too light for a coffin containing a body. This led to the digging up of the coffin, when it was found that the body had been removed. This created considerable excitement, and officers were put on the search, who found the body in a cellar under a store, with the head, arms and legs cut off, these members all being stowed away in the same place

It would be impossible to enumerate all the varieties to be found at the store of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street. Suffice it to say that anything the ladies may need to complete their toilets, can be had there. Moorhead's is the great emporium for ladies dressing goods, and there is not an article known to the trade he has not. Ladies, call at Moorheads.

Haines Bros.' excellent pianos. Over 10,000 now in use. Blume's, 43 Fifth Avenue.

An exquisite selectien of fine lace goods at Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street. Trimmings in endless variety, ribbons, collars, cuffs, netts, jet jewelry, sashes, bows, ties, gloves, all kinds, and a host of novelties for the ladies, at Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street. Lady visitors to the Fair should improve this opportunity.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Ammunition and Gun material of all kind, at reduced prices, at J. H. Johnston's Great Western Gun Works, 179 Smithfield street. Repairing neatly done. Guns for hire. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or taken in exchange. Call and see or write for a Price List. MWF

Are you Unhappy—Doubtless a cause of the mental depression is the want of a nourishing, stimulating, inspiriting meal. Remove this cause at once by calling at the Continental, Fifth avenue, below the Postoffice. It can be accomplished in a few minutes.

Elegant evening and breakfast shawls at Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street. A fine fresh stock from the East, comprising all the latest styles and patterns. Ladies, call before the assortment has been picked over and the choice taken.

When tired and faint and hungry drop in at the Continental and refresh yourself with some of the delicious viands which Holtzheimer prepares. The Continental is on Fifth avenue, below the Postoffice, and is easily reached.

Wiley's Cheap Shoe House, No. 63 Fifth avenue. WST

Will T. Wiley's Boot, Shoe and Rubber Store, 63 Fifth avenue. WST

MARRIED:

ROSSTELLO—HELBLING—On Tuesday, September 13th, 1870, at St. Augustine, by the Rev. Father Kircher, Mr. JOHN ROSSTELLO and Miss KATE HELBLING, both of Pittsburgh.

DIED:

EARLE—In Philadelphia, September 19th, 1870, JOHN B. EARLE.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his cousin, C. T. Hughes, Esq., Butler street, Lawrenceville, at 4 o'clock A. M., TO-DAY. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WILLIAMS—On Tuesday morning, September 20th, 1870, JAMES WILLIAMS, in the 27th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his mother, on Kirkpatrick street, between Webster and Bedford avenues, THIS MORNING, 21st inst., at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BRERETON—On Sunday night, at Yonkers, N. Y., Capt. T. J. BRERETON, of this city.

The funeral will take place on THURSDAY, at Mt. Auburn, Boston.

PACE—On Monday afternoon, September 19th, LAURA OPHELIA, second daughter of John and Mary A. Pace, aged 6 years, 7 months and 23 days.

The funeral will take place WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, from the residence of the parents, No. 65 McCurdy street, Allegheny City. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to a t nd.

DAWSON—At Friendship Hill, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, on Sabbath evening, Sept. 18th, HON. JOHN LITTLETON DAWSON, in the 59th year of his age.

Funeral at Brownsville, on WEDNESDAY, 21st inst.

☞ WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., Undertakers, 118 Grant Street. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearse in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROSE'S

Mosquito Tapers.

These Tapers, in burning give off a very pleasant odor, that although perfectly harmless to the human family, is extremely repulsive to the Mosquito, so much so that they will leave any apartment that is pervaded by its fumes.

FOR SALE
BY ALL DRUGGISTS
AT
25 Cents Per Box.
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JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
Bell and Brass Founders,
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL
BRASSES
Made Promptly to Order.
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Made and Kept on Hand.
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STEAM PUMP.
Office—882 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS. Pittsburgh Pa.

ADVERTISEMENT—GREAT SPIRITUAL TRICK.—Prof. VAN DORAN, the great Spiritual Medium, will expose to the public one of the greatest tricks of the age, said to be performed only by departed spirits, namely: The art of untieing yourself after you have been securely bound with ropes, cords, or even waxed ends. Any person sending me $1.00 and three postage stamps will receive by return mail full instructions how to free yourself in 50 seconds from any rope, cord or waxed end, no matter how hard, or in what shape, you are tied you can surely get free and present whatever you are tied with the same as before. Any person can learn after an hour's practice with my instructions. This truly wonderful feat is now being performed throughout the country by the celebrated Davenport Brothers, and represented by them to be the work of departed spirits, but of this you can judge after getting my instructions. Secure this knowledge and you will have an unprecedented opportunity for making a fortune for yourself by instructing others. All will want the great secret. By sending $1.50 and four stamps I will send beside the above instructions how to light a lamp with a piece of ice, and also how to make any card jump out of the pack. Address,
PROF. VAN DORAN,
Oil City, Pa.
se17:d79

F. SELLERS & CO.,
CORNER PENN AND 10th STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Pork Packers,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Extra No. 1 and No. 2 Lard Oil,
HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE.
100 bbls Extra No. 1 and No. 2 Lard Oil.
75 tierces Best Brands Extra S. C Hams.
50 tierces Prime Leaf Lard.
100 tierces Prime Leaf Lard.
10,000 lbs Bright Bacon Sides. se10:a14

Livingston & Co.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT GREY IRON
CASTINGS.
Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 309. Pittsburgh, Pa.

500 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, the best in use, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.
jy18 141 First avenue.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ HAMPTON BATTERY.

There will be a meeting of the members of this Company favorable to reorganization, on THURSDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at No 8, Eighth street. se20:d87

Office Monongahela Bridge Co.,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 6, 1870.

☞ THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of this Company have declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS per share, payable at the Banking House of N. Holmes & Sons, forthwith.
se7-d&F JAMES H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

☞ ELECTION NOTICE.—The Stock-HOLDERS of the PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY are hereby notified that the Annual Election for THREE (3) TRUSTEES to serve for the ensuing three years will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, October 3d, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.
se17 W. H. McCLELLAND, Treasurer.

☞ NOTICE.—The Chairmen of the Sub-Vigilance Committees will report to the undersigned as soon as possible, naming the persons constituting the Committees in their respective districts, so that the lists can be printed with full instructions.
H. M. LONG,
Chairman Union Republican Vigilance Committee.
se20:d87

Monongahela Bridge,
Pittsburgh, September 2d, 1870.

☞ AT A REGULAR MEETING OF the Board of Managers, held this day, the following proceeding was had:

Whereas, The time is coming when a new Bridge will be required at this point, about four hundred and fifty (450) feet shorter and not less than fifteen (15) feet higher than the present one; therefore

Resolved, That a premium of five hundred ($500) dollars will be offered to the person who will furnish a plan for a new Bridge at this point that will be adopted by the Board of Managers, together with the specifications and probable cost of the same. By order of the Board.

R. MILLER, Jr.,
AARON FLOYD, } Committee.
ROBERT BEER,
M. FEDDER, Secretary. se5:c86

Office of
Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston R.R. Co.
No. 61 Fourth Avenue,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 15, 1870.

☞ IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RESOLUTION of the Board of Directors, passed this day, the books for subscription to the Capital Stock of this Company will be opened on

MONDAY, 19th inst.

Captain W. W. MARTIN, one of the Managers, or Mr. — JAQUES, Secretary, will be at the office of the Company each day, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions and giving such information as may be desired.

The Board confidently expect that the citizens of Pittsburgh and the owners of property along the line of road will subscribe for sufficient stock to insure its completion.

It is believed to be unnecessary to dwell upon the fact that this road is essential to the prosperity of Pittsburgh, or to do more than simply direct attention to the wonderful traffic it will command, to induce those interested in the property and business of Pittsburgh, or desiring a *safe and profitable investment* to subscribe for the stock.
se19:d74 B. F. JONES, President.

☞ PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

FIRST MORTGAGE
7 Per Cent. Bonds,
AT
NINETY PER CENT.,
AND
Accrued Interest.

These Bonds are secured by FIRST MORTGAGE upon Road, Equipment and present revenue.

The Road forms part of the shortest East and West through line from the Ohio River to tide-water.

It has already an enormously large local traffic, and promise of rapid and steady increase.

No Pittsburgh Line has command of Territory so rich in materials for profitable railway traffic.

It connects Pittsburgh and Baltimore—two of the most important Cities of the Union.

The road is now earning the interest.

It will be completed in January and ought to command the aid and influence of the citizens of Pittsburgh.

Bonds may be had at
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH
COMMERCIAL BANKING CO.,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, ALLEGHENY CITY.
S. McCLEAN & CO., PITTSBURGH.
ju21:a30-TTH48

☞ BOUNTY.

$100 Bounty Collected

For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 22d, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two years, and who have heretofore received no bounty.

The undersigned has removed his office to GAZETTE Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp.
B. F. BROWN.
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PUBLIC NOTICE.—Having been appointed GAS and GAS METER INSPECTOR for Allegheny county, notice is hereby given that until the necessary office and Mechanical Testing Machinery can be provided, I will be found at the OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS, Twenty-third street, near Penn, Pittsburgh.
R. H. SMITH.
fe23:n58 Gas and Gas Meter Inspector.

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NEW WALL PAPER.
FOR SPRING SALES,
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NEAR FIFTH AVE.

We now offer to the public a stock of PAPER HANGINGS unsurpassed in the West for variety and beauty of styles, embracing all the Novelties in FRESCO, MOSAIC, PERSIAN and GRECIAN DESIGNS in plain and bright colors, for Halls, Dining Rooms, &c. Also, WOOD and MARBLE DECORATIONS, TINTED and GILT PARLOR PAPERS, with an almost endless variety of CHEAP SATIN PAPERS, WHITE and BROWN BLANKS for Chambers, &c. All of which we propose to sell as low as the lowest in the market. Call and see, at

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mh12:v35

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Buy before they advance!
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GREAT BARGAINS IN
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MUST BE SOLD.
Ladies Underwear, Hats, Bonnets,
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Mrs. S. C. ROBB'S,
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au6:a64

CIDER.—25 bbls Old Cider, for sale by
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"EMPIRE"
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
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Office in the Keystone Bank,
293 LIBERTY STREET,
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CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.
FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO
OF PHILADELPHIA
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Assets on August 1st 1870, $3,009,888 24. Capital, $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus and Premiums, $2,609,888 24. Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.

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Has now in stock the very latest styles of
FALL GOODS,
Direct from the London market, comprising DIAGONALS, ENGLISH COATINGS, CHEVIOT SUITINGS and an endless variety of the choicest PANTALOON PATTERNS. Also, ENGLISH CORDUROY of all colors.
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Fashionable
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Keeps constantly on hand CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS; also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
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☞ Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. ap19

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
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Just received by HENRY MEYER,
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Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
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Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street
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WILL ON EVERY SATURDAY HOLD AN
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OF
Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,
And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.
JOHN H. STEWART,
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The most popular and successful Business College in the United States.
An Institution for the thorough, practical education of young and middle-aged men, with advantages possessed by no other school in the country.
Students can enter at any time. No class system. Each Student receives individual instruction.
For Circulars giving full particulars, call at the College, or address the Principals.
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P. S.—The School is always open to the inspection of visitors, who are cordially invited to call and examine our system of practical actual business training.
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NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
Another New Stock of
LADIES' FINE GOLD WATCHES
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Opera and Guard Chains,
Of the Latest Patterns. We have the cheapest lot of WATCHES ever offered for sale in this market.
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☞ OPERA HOUSE.

Lessees and Managers...HENDERSON & CANNING.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

The management take pleasure in announcing an engagement with the brilliant young American actor,

Mr. Laurence Barrett,

Being his first appearance in this city in four years.

THIS EVENING and EVERY EVENING until further notice will be presented Lester Wallack's beautiful play in five acts, entitled,

ROSEDALE; OR, THE RIFLE BALL.

Elliott Grey.......................Laurence Barrett.
Barrett Matinee on Saturday.

☞ ACADEMY OF MUSIC, LIBERTY STREET.

V. E. BEAMER.............Lessee and Manager.
T. B. PHILLIPS.............Stage Manager.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 21, 1870, the great historical, musical, terpsichorean and equestrian burlesque of the
FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD.
Introducing M. W. Fiske, Miss Marion Fiske and all the burlesque and olio artists. Family Matinee every Saturday at 2:30 P. M.

☞ TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE. FRED. AIMS.......Manager.

Last night of FOUR BLONDE CAN-CAN. Robert Percy on Balance Trapeze; Great Success of Miss Lizzie LaGrange, Champion Jig Artiste; Hank Mudge, M'lles Brunetti Oberti, Devere and Christie; Vivian in joyous characters; Kathleen O'Neill, new songs, Sands, Sally and Lester. Triple Clog; J. W. McAndrews in the "Virginia Cupids;" entire Great Triple Troupe to-night. Saturday afternoon at 2:30 Ladies' and Children's Matinee, at 25 cents.

☞ FROM THIS DAY, 21st of SEPTEMBER will be on FREE EXHIBITION, at T. J. GILLESPIE & CO'S. 86 Wood street, for a few days only,

Braun's Famous Autotypes of Paris,

representing all the Art Galleries of Europe, as never before exhibited, comprising the Louvre, Florence, Vienna, Milan, Venice, Rome, Sax-Weimar, Basel etc., all Michael Angelo's Frescoes in the Sixtine Chapel and Raphael's in the Vatican; all the antique Statuary of Rome and Florence, numbering over 7,000 diverse subjects.
se20:d84

☞ FAIR FOR
St. Josephs' Colored Church and School,
AT LAFAYETTE HALL,
se14 OPEN TO-NIGHT.

AUCTION SALES.

CHOICE WORKS OF ART.—Administrator's SALE of French, English and American pictures of surpassing merit and beauty. WEDNESDAY MORNING, September 21st, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at A. McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street (first floor) a large and magnificent collection of choice works of art, embracing masterly productions of foreign art, the most pleasing in subject and exquisitely finished, in line engraving, plain and colored. Also PRANG'S AMERICAN CHROMOS, and fine French and English water colored Prints, &c., the whole comprising every variety of size, up to the largest published, and elegantly framed, under glass in walnut, gilt and other styles of ornamental frames, suitable for the most tasteful decoration of Parlor, Library, &c. These pictures are all executed in the highest style of art, by the most celebrated publishers of Europe, from the great paintings of modern celebrities. No equal opportunity for indulging a true taste in the refinement of art has ever before been offered to the Pittsburgh public. This is a genuine private collection which has been selected with great care and taste by an Eastern gentleman of culture for his own gratification. Each picture is of special merit and value. The sale is positive. EVERY PICTURE MUST BE SOLD, by order of the Administrator. The pictures will be on view all day. Ladies and gentlemen are confidently invited to critically examine the collection.
se20 A. McILWAINE. Auctioneer.

UNCLAIMED FREIGHT SALE.—TUESDAY MORNING, October 11th, at 10 o'clock will be sold at McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, to pay freight and charges, if not previously redeemed, the following goods stored with S. B. FLOYD & CO., 350 Liberty street, by Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, Cleveland & Pittsburgh, Allegheny Valley, and Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroads: J. M. Vancamp, 1 bbl sundries and 1 trunk; John Scott, 1 box h h goods; G. W. Harper, 102 empty boxes; H. Sipes, 1 trunk; M. A. Shaw, 1 chest and 1 bag merchandise; Thomas Ewing, 1 air pump; Wm. Tight, 1 bbl oil; Hubley, Adams & Co., 1 box bolts; A. W. De Kraft, 1 bbl oil; Joseph Marshall, 1 cook stove; T. Hare & Bro., 1 bdl wagon bows; Sam'l Devol, 1 sack bags; J. Affelder, 1 bdl hops; J. Boreland, 1 fanning mill and 1 sieve; Henry Taylor, 1 valise; Mosely, Rahm & Co., 1 plow; Miss Atkinson, 1 bbl stove castings; J. Wilson, 1 cog wheel; J. W. Woodwell & Son, 1 pck sacking; Hugh Hannals, 2 bdls castings; Logan & Gregg, ½ doz shovels; McKee & Co., 2 cook stoves; Phillips & Clailey, 1 valve; J. W. Ewart, 1 pck stove castings; Mulier & Lindsay, 1 box glass; Rule & Co., 4 bdls iron; J. Wiser, 1 bale hops; W. Winner, 1 straw cutter; W. T. Modes, 4 casks bottles; W. Hedger, 1 old iron safe; J. T. F. Wright, 1 hay fork and fingers; J. F. Wright, 1 mower and 1 old plow; Falen W. & Co., 2 bales and pintons; G. H. Johnson & Co., 2 m g stoves and 1 par furnace; Jones & Nimick, M'f'g Co., 1 box hardware; J. C. McCormick, 2 boxes sundries; Edward Kramer & Co., 1 box hardware; Atlantic Glass Co., 2 boxes glass; Hurley & Johnston, 1 box hardware; Challinor & McCombs, 1 bbl sundries; W. Purchase, 1 bbl glassware; Hum & Cook, 2 bdls iron backs; Dr. Penson, 1 box; Duncan & Waughter, 1 box iron shoes; Lyon, Shorb & Co., 1 box fire extinguishers; James Quail, 1 bee hive; W. H. Scott, 1 large wheel and pinion attached; W. J. Morgan, 1 box bottles; Livingston & Co., 1 box hardware; J. W. Pease & Co., 1 bbl oil; Joseph Graff & Co., 7 boxes axes, 1 keg axes and 2 bdls shovels; "no marks," lot empty bbls, kegs and boxes.
se9:THT A. McILWAINE. Auctioneer.

POSITIVE SALE
OF
THREE FINE LOTS,
SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY.

On WEDNESDAY, September 21, at 4 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, without reserve, three of the finest vacant building lots in the city of Allegheny, each 20 by 120 feet to a 20 feet alley, situate on Fremont street, about 50 yards north of Jackson street, in Second ward. Fremont is a sixty feet paved street, and is going to be one of the nicest avenues in Allegheny. Notwithstanding the fact that these are about as good lots as can be bought in the city of Allegheny, they will be sold positively for whatever they will bring—are on a line with the street cars, in a good neighborhood, and handsomely improved. Owner having no use for them is the reason for selling. Terms—$200 down; one-third by May 1st; the balance in two yearly payments thereafter. Interest from date.
se16 A. LEGGATE. Auctioneer.

PROPOSALS.

Office of the
Controller of Allegheny County,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 19, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, 30th inst., for building a NEW WOODEN STRUCTURE at the bridge over Bull Creek, on the road leading from Tarentum to Millerstown, near Benjamin Coe's, in Fawn township.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT,
se26:d99-d&F Controller.

Office of the
Controller of Allegheny County, Pa.,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 17th, 1870.

PROPOSALS FOR TRANSCRIBING

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, 24th inst., for transcribing Judgment Docket No. 10, District Court, in accordance with fourth section of Act of Assembly, passed 27th day of March, A. D. 1837.

By direction of County Commissioners, under order of District Court Court.
HENRY LAMBERT,
se19:d81 Controller.

Office of City Controller,
Allegheny City, Pa. Sept. 15, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., WEDNESDAY, September 21st, 1870, for Grading and Paving the following Streets and Alleys:

HILL STREET, from Spring Garden Avenue to High street.

BUSH ALLEY, from Fulton street to Manhattan street.

Also, for the construction of a BOARD WALK on the south side of Perrysville Plank Road, from the head of Beaver street to the south side of Carroll street.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of Mr. Charles Davis, City Engineer.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
se16:d78 W. M. PORTER, City Controller.

Office of City Engineer and Surveyor,
Pittsburgh, Sept. 10th, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the City Engineer's office, until 3 o'clock P. M., WEDNESDAY, September 28th, 1870 for the Grading, Paving and Curbing MULBERRY ALLEY, from 16th street to Schwinehart's line. For Grading, Paving and Curbing MILLER STREET, from Centre avenue to Reed street. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Specifications can be seen and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be received unless made upon Blanks furnished by this office.
se10 J. MOORE, City Engineer.

City Engineer's Office,
Allegheny, August 22th, 1870.

NOTICE!!

Owners of Property in the 2d, 4th, 7th and 8th Wards

who have failed to comply with the Registry Law, are hereby notified that they will be required to return descriptions of their property for registry (to present deeds or title papers) to this office within the space of thirty days from the date of this advertisement; otherwise they will be held liable to the penalties set forth in the clause of act herewith appended.

EXTRACT FROM REGISTRY ACT.

State Laws, 1869, Page 614.

* * * Should the duty of registering property be neglected or omitted, or not be complied with as promptly as may be deemed necessary to insure the early completion of the plans, then after one month's notice, by public advertisement in the official papers of the city, to the owners of real estate in said city not registered, and a written or printed notice shall have been served on the owner or owners, or delivered on the property, should they fail to have such record made, then and in that case they shall be subject to a fine of FIVE DOLLARS for each month of such neglect, dating from the termination of said advertisement; and in case the same be neglected for the space of six months, a lien for the accumulated fines and costs shall be filed and collected as municipal claims are now or may be hereafter by law collected; the said fines to be paid into the City Treasury; the notice to parties failing to register property may be given so as to embrace the property or any particular ward or section, or any number of wards, or the city at large. * * *

CHARLES DAVIS,
au24 City Engineer.